The New-York Times.

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TELEGRAMS.

Debate in Parliament on Affairs in Ireland.

How the Rejection of the Alabama Treaty is Received.

Comments of the London Press on Mr. Sumner's Speech.

His Views Looked Upon as the Policy of the Administration.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Discussion in Parliament of Affairs in Ireland.

LONDON, Friday, April 30—Evening.

The speech of the Mayor of Cork at the recent banquet in that city was the subject of long debates in both Houses of Parliament this evening, the attention of members being called more especially to the Mayor's language respecting O'FARRELL, who attempted to assassinate Prince ALFRED in Sydney, N. S. W., as well as to his reference to the Prince himself.

The Tories upbraided the Government with being the indirect cause of the present state of Ireland.

In the House of Commons, Mr. BRIGHT thought the present condition of affairs in Ireland to be no case for panic, but urged that both parties should strive to remedy the land grievance question at this session of Parliament. For himself, he would not remain on the Treasury bench if he did not feel that he was honestly and energetically advocating measures which would effect great salutary changes in Ireland. The settlement of the Church question will not stay the present outrages in that portion of the United Kingdom, but it is the first example that any Parliament has ever given that it was willing to do justice to Ireland, and is an earnest of that intention.

Mr. GLADSTONE followed in support of Mr. BRIGHT. He had always found that Protestant ascendency, in the form of religious establishment, was the paramount cause of the mode in which the power of the landlords had been used, and by which the relations of the tenants are vitally affected. He thought that Lord STANLEY had anticipated too much in demanding a policy upon the land question. He feared that misapprehension would attach to any representation that might be given now, but it was necessary to avoid the appearance of having suggested measures from fear of panic or upon a momentary occasion. He concluded by saying that the Government was anxious to substitute for the present condition of the State, confidence in the country and loyalty to the Crown.

Mr. GATHORNE HARDY (Conservative) urged the immediate removal of the Mayor of Cork. He considered that the Government were bound to declare a policy on the land question, and thus dissipate the unreasonable expectations of Ireland.

The subject was then dropped.

The Alabama Claims—Comments of the London Press on Mr. Sumner's Speech—Anxiety Regarding Mr. Motley's Instructions.

LONDON, Friday, April 30.

The London journals this morning have editorials on Mr. SUMNER'S speech on the *Alabama* claims, but do not publish the text.

The *Star*, Mr. BRIGHT'S organ, says the claims made by Mr. SUMNER—so new, startling and vaguely enormous withal—were not to be expected. If they shadow forth the instructions given to Mr. MOTLEY, that gentleman comes in a different guise from the genial diner-out who is about to bid us adieu. It deplores the rejection of the early overtures for a settlement made by Mr. ADAMS. President GRANT is not the genial, whole-souled lover of peace that LINCOLN was. He had the intense determination of a Western man, without the natural genius which served LINCOLN in the place of reading and experience of the world. GRANT has the training of neither a lawyer nor a politician; while, at the same time, he is intensely American, the whole world knows the resoluteness of his character. After defending England from the charge of general sympathy for the Confederate cause, the *Star* confesses that the escape of the *Alabama* was deplorable and disgraceful, forming the worst precedent England could establish; but expresses amazement at the character of Mr. SUMNER'S demands. If Mr. MOTLEY'S instructions are similar in spirit, his mission will be fruitless. The extravagance of these propositions will strike everyone who knows how anxious the British people are to deal fairly and justly. If her concessions are merely used as stand-points for further unheard-of demands, England must carefully consider her position, lest she establish a worse precedent than the burning of ships at sea by admitting the discussion of demands which are utterly untenable and ought to be resisted.

The *Times* designates the estimate of damages made by Mr. SUMNER as portentous. It already reaches £422,000,000, and may in the future be made to embrace the possible earnings of all the soldiers withdrawn from productive labor during the war of the rebellion. The speech is worthy of Mr. SUMNER'S ability, and deserves impartial consideration. He wants something more than reparation; he wants contrition and public humiliation. Assuming that England has cruelly wronged America, no good object would be served by expressions of regret and penitence in a treaty. Treaties of peace dictated by conquerors at the head of armies are unincumbered with such expressions. To require an acknowledgment of moral liability beforehand would be to prejudge the controversy and stultify the proposed settlement. In the event of a decision by arbitration, declaring England not liable, would the apology be taken back? The view taken by Mr. SUMNER is feminine, unreasonable and unstatesmanlike. The *Times* argues that the belligerency of the Confederates was a simple fact, not dependant on the declaration of blockade. Had there been no blockade, the case would not have been altered in an appreciable degree. The prevailing tone of the speech is one of passionate remonstrance and menace. It betrays a one-sided partisanship lamentable in the representative of a great country. Mr. SUMNER makes no complaint of France, although the Emperor was desirous of recognizing the independence of the Confederacy. The *Times* argues that, although according to Mr. SUMNER, England was the only foreign Power in the world implacably hostile to America, it is not too much to say that at one moment the fate of the American Union depended on the voice of England, whose sword thrown into the scale would have decided the contest, and shows the unfairness, bordering on infatuation, which leaves this consideration out of account. It is the common practice of American journalists and politicians to villify England. The protective tariff system is strong in the United States only because it works injury to Great Britain. Let atonement be made for the insulting language of individuals, whether in England or America, by the retrospective verdict of public opinion and the cultivation of mutual respect in our private relations. Nations as such only deal with overt acts which are only possible subjects of pecuniary compensation.

The *Standard*, Tory organ, says the American Senate has done more than reject the treaty; it gives to the world its reasons in Mr. SUMNER'S speech, which has been indorsed by the body which is supreme in all questions of foreign diplomacy. We now know what Mr. MOTLEY will have to aim at. Efforts to arrange a treaty on the former basis will be wasted. In some respects good may ensue from the candor displayed by the Senate. Formerly there was danger that England might go further than regard for the national honor and dignity would allow. Now, when the demand has reached its present proportions, we feel that even the Bright Cabinet is safe from the chance of a disgraceful capitulation. The claims now put forth can hardly be described in serious language and not excite indignation. We might as well argue against a proposal that American troops hold the Tower of London as a material guarantee, or that the Prince of WALES proceed to Washington and surrender himself into the hands of the Federal authorities as a hostage for our good behavior. The future policy of England is no longer an open question. America has formally recorded her resolution that there shall be no settlement of the *Alabama* claims short of England's surrender at discretion to submit to any punishment the Senate in its supremacy over the world may choose to inflict. In other words she has decided that the *Alabama* question is not to be settled, whatever may ensue. The interval is long at the present day between national hatred and bombardment. It is useless to ignore and dangerous to forget that the feeling in America is one of intense and unmitigated hatred. War with England would be a national luxury, but expensive. England has admitted that such a war would be not only expensive but deplorable. Under the circumstances it is more than probable that the Americans will select and keep the *Alabama* quarrel in reserve, and await an opportunity for revenge more cheap than war. War, not an agreeable solution, though involving danger rather than dishonor, may better any settlement the present British Administration may have made, if the attitude of the American Senate had been less ridiculous. The speech creates intense feeling in political circles.

At a Cabinet meeting held yesterday the subject of the speech was informally discussed. Mr. BRIGHT declared that this embarrassment served England right, but he agreed that he would not consent to entertain the terms foreshadowed in Mr. SUMNER'S speech. Lord CLARENDON expressed his belief that the actual negotiations on the part of the American Government would be far less extreme in character than speeches of Senators and articles in the Press. He hoped to find Mr. MOTLEY as courteous as Mr. JOHNSON. The present Administration, he said, is as eager as the last for the continuance of friendly relations. Mr. GLADSTONE professed to have good assurances from reliable quarters that the rejection of the *Alabama* Convention was purely a political stroke. The present Administration will endeavor to settle the question on liberal and honorable terms.

The popular feeling here is Anti-American, and it has increased since the publication of parts of Mr. SUMNER'S argument.

SPAIN.

The Cortes Reject the Proposition to Declare the Catholic Religion the Religion of the Country.

MADRID, Friday, April 30.

In the Cortes yesterday Señor CUESTAS proposed an amendment to the new Constitution now under consideration, establishing the Catholic as the only religion of the country. After debate it was rejected.

GERMANY.

Care of Wounded Soldiers—Address of the International Conference.

BERLIN, Friday, April 30.

The International Conference to promote the care of the wounded in time of war, which has been in session in this city for several days, adopted an address to the people of the United States of America. In this document the members of the Conference expressed "regret that no representative from the United States has been present during the proceedings; but we are convinced that that great and noble nation, one of the foremost of the world, which rendered such great service in the work of humanity, sympathizes deeply with this movement." The address is signed by forty delegates, among them the Turkish Ambassador to Prussia.

The Conference has ordered copies of the report of its sittings to be sent to America with the address.

Judgment Against Whisky and Tobacco Manufacturers in Kentucky.

CINCINNATI, Friday, April 30.

In the United States Court at Covington to-day, Judge BALLARD on the Bench, a judgment was rendered against A. W. DARLING, of Carrolton, Ky., for $200,000, in favor of the United States. The suit was to recover tax on whisky shipped from Carrolton and consigned to HENRY GRATENKEMPER, Cincinnati. This whisky, instead of going as consigned, was taken to another house and sold as free whisky.

A local inspector last night took 150 barrels of benzine off the steamer *Louisville*, for New-Orleans. If the case is properly reported the benzine will be forfeited, and the boat will suffer pecuniary penalty.

In the United States Court at Covington, before Judge BALLARD, a judgment for $7,000 was rendered yesterday against JAMES GEDGE and his sureties, and in favor of the United States, for returning tobacco manufactured at a lower rate than the real value.

Opening of the Nova Scotia Legislature—Protest Against the Currency Scheme.

OTTAWA, Ontario, Friday, April 30.

The Nova Scotia Legislature was opened yesterday by Lieutenant DOYLE. The usual ceremonies took place.

Senator FESSENDEN, of Maine, is here, and was present in the House of Commons during a debate on reciprocity last night.

Another *attaché* of the British Embassy at Washington arrived to-day with dispatches.

A number of bankers are here to protest against the Government currency scheme.

CHATHAM, Canada, Friday, April 30.

The Great Western Railway freight-house at this station was totally destroyed by fire early this morning; also, six cars loaded with produce, together with a large quantity of freight stored in the warehouse and on the platform. The loss will probably be $100,000. The fire is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary.

Man Killed by a Railway Train Near Rochester—A Velocipede Feat.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Friday, April 30.

A man names CHARLES HAWKINS, aged 22 years, who arrived from England ten months ago, was run over by the cars at Churchville last night, and had both of his legs crushed so badly that he died in four or five hours afterward. He stated that he had a brother living at East Boston, Mass.

FRANK SWIFT, of skating celebrity, and JAMES BOYLE, rode on velocipedes from Syracuse to this city, a distance of ninety miles, in fifteen hours. They left Syracuse last evening and arrived here about 8 o'clock this evening, and exhibited at the rink. The time given is the riding time.

The National Sunday School Convention at Newark.

NEWARK, N. J., Saturday, April 30.

The National Sunday School Convention was occupied this morning in hearing the reports from its various sections. A resolution was adopted warmly indorsing the report of the New-York State Committee in favoring a training-school or college. A standing committee on the subject was appointed, (Rev. J. T. DURYEA, of Brooklyn, Chairman,) to develop the plan.

Indianapolis was agreed to as the place for a meeting of the Convention three years hence.

Rev. Dr. TYNG will address the Convention this afternoon.

The afternoon session met at 2 o'clock, GEORGE H. STUART, Esq., presiding. The subject announced for discussion was: "How shall we increase the spiritual and religious efficiency of our Sunday Schools?" Upon this theme Mr. GEO. McILVAINE, of Illinois; Rev. Mr. MEREDITH, of Newark; Mr. H. BYRON, of Wisconsin; Mr. HEATH, of Kansas, and others, spoke briefly. Rev. Dr. TYNG, of New-York, made a lengthy address upon the subject. The Committee on Resolutions reported favorably to the formation of normal schools and classes, encouraging the organization of State and county institutes, and denouncing intemperance. The resolutions were adopted by the unanimous vote of representatives from twenty-eight States.

At the Evening Session speeches were made by E. D. JONES, of St. Louis; Drs. POOR and TAYLOR, of Newark; Revs. J. H. VINCENT, RALPH WELLS, Mr. HARLING, of Canada; and other distinguished Sunday-School laborers.

The Enrollment Committee reported 545 delegates, representing twenty-nine States, Canada, England and South Africa.

Farewell speeches were made by Mayor PEDDIE and Rev. Dr. FISH, and responded to by GEORGE H. STUART.

Convention adjourned *sine die*.

THE PACIFIC COAST.

Another Body Recovered from the Comstock Mines—Speedy Trip Overland.

SAN FRANCISCO, Friday, April 30.

Work has been again commenced in the Kentuck and Yellow Jacket Mines. The bad air still prevents work from going on in the Crown Point Mine. Another body was recovered yesterday. Four more still remain undiscovered in the mines.

Passengers arrived at Sacramento to-day eight and half days from Washington.

The steamer *Montana* sailed for Panama to-day with $996,000 in treasure on board, of which $580,000 is for New-York, $326,000 for England, and $20,000 for Panama.

At a meeting of citizens last night a committee of two hundred was appointed to make arrangements for the Pacific Railroad celebration.

The Republican State Convention is called to meet at Sacramento on the 21st of July.

The United States steamer *Newbern* arrived to-day from New-York, *via* the South and Central American ports.

Companies A, E and G of the Twelfth United States Infantry, arrived at Sacramento yesterday from the East.

Cuban Sympathy in Philadelphia—Libel Suits Against Newspapers.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Friday, April 30.

An immense meeting was held at the Academy of Music to-night, to sympathize with the struggling Cubans. The enthusiasm was very great. THEODORE CUYLER, Esq., presided, with a long list of Vice-Presidents, representing both political parties. Speeches were made by Hon. WM. D. KELLEY, Colonel JOSHUA OWEN, Colonel A. K. McCLURE, and Captain McWILLIAMS, the latter representing the Fenians of this city, and said that the organization fully sympathize with the Cubans, and at a proper time would give them national aid in men, if not in money.

Resolutions were adopted, in effect declaring that Cuba, of right, should be free and independent; that as a people we will labor to encourage a generous sympathy for the noble patriots of that island in their struggle; that the successive triumphs of the patriots since October last give a strong assurance of the early and complete success of the revolution; and that this condition and prospect of affairs in the island, combined with the sympathy of the American people, and especially with the significant resolution of the House of Representatives, ought to impart fresh impulse to our sympathy; that there is reason to believe that the President of the United States has a warm sympathy for the patriot cause, and that he now has and will continue to have lively remembrance of the resolution of the House of Representatives; that should the continued success of the patriot army be such as would justify the President in recognizing the absolute independence of the new Republic at an early day, of which there are strong probabilities, and should he at such time have doubts and misgivings as to his Constitutional power so to act, we sincerely trust that he will call Congress together and urge them to authorize him to welcome Cuba into the family of nations; that for the purpose of giving practical effect to the foregoing resolutions, and in order to gather and disseminate correct information on Cuban matters, to assist refugees from Spanish tyranny, to correspond with legitimate representatives of the patriots, to consult with them and concert measures to promote their holy cause in every other honorable and legal way to aid them; that a Committee of thirteen be appointed by the Chairman of this meeting, who shall have these duties in charge, and who are hereby empowered and instructed to sit in permanence, or until the independence of Cuba is a positive fact.

Cuban flags were brought on the stage, and the Maennerchoir Society sang a national hymn, when the assemblage adjourned.

Proceedings were instituted to-day against the proprietors of several newspapers here, for alleged libel against a managing editor of the New-York *Tribune*, for the republication of an article recently published in the New-York *Sun*. The writs were made returnable on Monday next.

Fall of a Bridge at Syracuse—Three Men Injured.

SYRACUSE, Friday, April 30.

A section of the Salina-street bridge over the Erie Canal, in this city, fell about 9 o'clock this evening, as steamer No. 1, weighing four tons, was being drawn over it toward a fire. The engine is a complete wreck, and the valuable team of horses which drew it were instantly killed. There were but two persons on the machine at the time it fell. THOMAS ALBLER, the driver, was hurt on the left leg and arm, and it is feared is injured internally. EDWARD HUDSON, the engineer, succeeded in jumping off as the engine fell, and it is thought, is not seriously injured. GEO. HENDRICKS, a brakeman on the Central Railroad, was on the bridge at the time of the accident and fell the entire distance, breaking his left arm above the wrist. There is no water in the canal and the height of the fall was about twenty feet.

The Philadelphia Skating Rink Burned.

PHILADELPHIA, Friday, April 30.

The Race-street Skating Rink was entirely destroyed by fire last night. It occupied a lot of 180x309 feet, and was owned by a joint stock company. It costs $80,000. Over one thousand persons witnessed a velocipede race in the rink last evening, but fortunately they had dispersed before the fire broke out. It was the largest edifice of the kind in the country, and had room for 3,000 skaters. It was the scene of the late Odd Fellows' Ball. Many other entertainments were about to occur in the rink. The fire commenced in the kitchen under the gallery at the north end, and is supposed to have been accidental. Thirty-three velocipedes were destroyed.

Railroad Dividend Declared.

READING, Penn., Friday, April 30.

At a meeting of the stockholders of the East Pennsylvania Railroad in this city to-day, the directors were authorized to declare a stock dividend of 100 per cent. clear of all taxes, payable to stockholders on the 12th of May; and also to lease the road for 999 years to the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company.

At a subsequent meeting of the directors proper steps were taken to carry the action of the stockholders into effect.

The Reading Road will enter into possession of the East Pennsylvania Road to-morrow.

A Murderer Reprieved.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Friday, April 30.

The Sheriff received to-day from Governor STEVENSON a reprieval of thirty days granted in the case of the negro JNO. CONLEY, who was to have been hanged to-day. CONLEY will be executed at the expiration of the reprieval without further clemency. The interference of the United States Court in this case excites much surprise.

Governor STEVENSON granted a respite to JOHN CONLEY, the condemned negro, merely to allow him time to prepare for death.

The Steamer St. George Ashore.

PORTLAND, Me., Friday, April 30.

The steamship *St. George*, hence on the 28th for Glasgow, went ashore on Blonde Rock, Seal Island, off Nova Scotia, on the evening of the 29th. No further particulars have been received.

Tragedy in Ohio.

CINCINNATI, O., Friday, April 30.

In Montgomery, twelve miles from here, a fearful tragedy occurred yesterday. ALONZO C. MUELLER was at dinner with his family, when ABRAHAM CREST, a neighbor, entered with a double-barreled shot gun. A quarrel ensued in regard to family matters, when CREST fired at MUELLER, and the latter fell, shot through the chest. The wound is mortal. MUELLER married a sister of CREST. The latter pleads in extenuation of his crime that MUELLER seduced a married sister of CREST. His arrest is not reported.

A Malpractice Case in New-Hampshire.

CONCORD, N. H., Friday, April 30.

The evidence in the suit of R. M. ORDWAY *vs.* Dr. T. HAYNES, for malpractice, which has occupied the Supreme Court ten days, closed to-day. Hon. M. W. TAPPAN spoke four hours for the defence, and was followed by Colonel J. H. GEORGE for the plaintiff.

The steamer *Lady of the Lake* was launched from her Winter moorings to-day, at Lake Village, and will commence her regular trips on Monday next.

Condition of the Erie Canal at Buffalo.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Friday, April 30.

F. B. GALLAGHER, Canal Superintendent of this district, reports his division in as good a condition as the present system will permit. The repairs on Section 366 are a little backward, but the canal generally is ready for navigation at any moment.

Commercial Convention at Memphis.

MEMPHIS, Friday, April 30.

All the railroads here will pass delegates and invited guests to the Commercial Convention, May 18, free, and others at half fare. All the roads connecting with them will be asked to do likewise. Rooms are already being engaged at the various hotels by parties to the Convention.

Miscellaneous Telegrams.

WORCESTER, Mass., April 30.—A brakeman named GEORGE DUNHAM was killed by striking a bridge, near Framingham, on the Boston, Clinton and Fitchburg Railroad, Thursday night. He resided in West Boylston. Part of a human skeleton was exhumed in this city to-day by laborers who were digging a cellar. Foul play is suspected, but the body had probably been interred more than twenty years.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., April 30.—The chair factory of JOHN BUCHUR & Co. was destroyed by fire this morning. Loss $5,000; insurance, $2,400 ocal offices. A man named JAMES MILLER attempted suicide last night by taking laudanum, but he is recovering. A heavy hail storm in curred in Henderson County, Ky., yesterday. KELLER'S hardware store in this place was entered by burglars last night, and $2,200 worth of revolvers and fine cutlery stolen.

NEW-HAVEN, Conn., April 30.—The negro charged with committing an outrage upon a young girl near this city on Tuesday last was arrested at Madison to-day, and is now in jail here. He says his name is GEORGE HUDSON, and that he comes from Hartford.

HUDSON, N. Y., April 30.—The dry house attached to Messrs. PLATT & SMITH'S wadding mill, near Chatham Village, was destroyed by fire yesterday afternoon. The loss on the building and fixtures is about $3,000, on which there is an insurance for $2,000.

PRINCETON COLLEGE ALUMNI.

First Annual Dinner of the Resident Graduates of this City and Vicinity—Speeches of Hon. William C. Alexander, President McCosh, Rev. Dr. Hall, Rev. Dr. Cuyler and Others.

The first annual dinner of the New-York Alumni Association of Princeton College, composed of the graduates of the institution residing in this City and vicinity, was given last evening at Delmonico's, and was attended by a large assemblage of the sons of the ancient institution. Princeton College was founded in 1747, and her students have come from all parts of the country; of course a great many celebrated in every walk of life are numbered among her Alumni. Most of those who reside hereabouts were present last night. The feast was prepared in the best style of DELMONICO, (to say more would be entirely supererogatory,) and the guests who, to the number of 150, sat down at a little after 6 P. M., Rev. RAVAND K. RODGERS, D. D., of the class of 1815, saying grace, had fully dispatched it by a little before 9 o'clock.

Among the distinguished gentlemen present were President McCOSH, of Princeton College; Rev. THEODORE L. CUYLER, Colonel WILLIAM C. ALEXANDER, President of the Equitable Life Insurance Company, who presided, Dr. H. W. B. WOODHULL, Colonel CHAS. O. JOLINE, formerly on the staff of General DIX, Ex-Judge SLOSSON, WM. C. PRIME, Hon. A. O. ZABRISKIE, Chancellor of the State of New-Jersey, and Rev. JOHN HALL, D. D. At the close of the repast, thanks were returned by Rev. C. K. IMBRIE, D. D., and several ladies were admitted. Hon. WM. C. ALEXANDER, President of the Alumni Association of Nassau Hall, of the City of New-York, who occupied the chair on this occasion, then arose and delivered a brief address, in which he traced the progress of Princeton College during the first twenty years of its existence, detailing the labors of those who had laid broad and deep the foundations of an institution destined to become so eminent. He concluded amid prolonged applause. The first toast, "The President of the United States," was not responded to. The next, "Our Alma Mater," called forth President McCOSH, who said that while Princeton College was the *Alma Mater* of most of those present, she was his *Alma Conjux*. His friends when he left the old country had supposed he was going to a position of dignity and ease. Of the dignity he would not speak, for he had but entered on his duties, but he had certainly found no ease since he took the position. For this the trustees, faculty and active students, at whose head he could not keep unless he ran very fast, were to blame. By all of these it was determined that Princeton should be the first college in the land. He hoped the Alumni would all come to the next Commencement, and described what they could see there. First, the College observatory, costing $60,000, erected in memory of General HALSTEAD; then the gymnasium, for which $30,000 had been already paid, and which among the students called forth plaudits for ROBERT BONNER and H. MARQUAND, whenever it was mentioned; then, there was Dickinson Hall, the President's house, North College and the Campus yet to be formed. He complimented JOHN C. GREEN, whose munificent donations had been given for the building of Dickinson Hall. He dwelt upon the curriculum which the College was hereafter to give, explaining its advantages. He praised especially the elective system by which students were allowed to pursue particular and select branches at will. This was the only true way to make first-rate scholars. The students had resolved that no more scurrilous, anonymous publications should be made in college hereafter, and that the abusing of one class of students by another should no longer take place. The only thing wanting now was the endowment of a professorship of modern continental languages and of scholarships that should encourage study. Princeton College was an excellent place for the joining of North and South together. It had now seventy Southern and Border State students, and applications for admission from all parts of the Union. He enlarged upon the importance of making Princeton College first among the institutions in the land, and concluded amid great applause.

The next sentiment, "The American Whig and Cliosophic Societies," was responded to by Hon. JOHN SLOSSON, of the class of 1823, who spoke pleasantly of the animosities between the rival college societies, and going back to his college days, noted how few of his college mates were surviving, and told of the long journey in the ancient time from this City to the site of the college. He recalled some agreeable reminiscences of his college days, and concluded amid great applause.

The next toast, "Former Presidents," was responded to by ASHBEL GREEN, who said he knew not why he was called upon, unless it was because he was the son of one of the later Presidents. He recalled the names of the Presidents of the College from the earliest times, eulogizing many of them, and finally complimenting Dr. McCOSH, the present President. Of the remaining toasts, "The Trustees of the College," was responded to by Rev. JOHN HALL, D. D.; "The Faculty," by Rev. LYMAN H. ATWATER, D. D.; "The Clergy," by Rev. THEODORE L. CUYLER, D. D.; "The Press," by WM. C. PRIME; "The Bar," by Hon. A. O. ZABRISKIE, Chancellor of the State of New-Jersey; "The Medical Profession," by H. W. B. WOODHULL, M. D., and "Sister Colleges," by Rev. Dr. H. M. FIELD. Toasts to the ladies and to the Alumni of Princeton College and miscellaneous sentiments followed, and at a late hour the pleasant party broke up.

Personal.

Hon. FERNANDO WOOD and family leave for France to-day, in the *Pereire*, Mr. WOOD will remain abroad until the next meeting of Congress, spending the Summer in the extreme north of Europe.

There are two railroad questions to be decided by the Legislature of Connecticut at its coming session. One is the proposed consolidation of the New-Haven, Hartford and Springfield and the New-York and New-Haven Roads. This was defeated last year. Another is the "parallel road" from New-Haven to New-York, which has been defeated two years in succession.

EUROPEAN NEWS BY MAIL.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMSHIP SIBERIA.

The steamship *Siberia*, which left Liverpool April 17, and Queenstown April 18, reached this port yesterday, with one day's later news than was at hand by the *Germania*.

In the British House of Commons, April 15, Mr. H. B. SHERIDAN asked the Under-Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs if any and what steps have been taken by the Government of this country to reopen diplomatic relations with Mexico. Mr. OTWAY, who was nearly inaudible, did not know whether the honorable member for Dudley was aware of the circumstances under which the rupture of diplomatic relations with Mexico had occurred. In consequence of the interference of JUAREZ, Consul GLENNY had not been allowed to fulfill his consular duties in Mexico, and the Government of Lord DERBY intimated to the Chargé d'Affaires that he should withdraw from Mexico, taking with him every member and all the archives of the Legation. However desirous Her Majesty's Government might be to maintain amicable relations with all established Governments, it did not seem to them that the first step for reopening diplomatic relations with Mexico should be taken by this Government. Mr. H. B. SHERIDAN then gave notice that he would call attention to the present position of the English (bondholding) creditors of Mexico, and move "that it is expedient that steps be forthwith taken to inquire of the Mexican Government, either by special envoy, or through the medium of some friendly Power holding diplomatic relations with Mexico, what course it proposes pursuing with reference to the property of British subjects now forcibly and wrongfully withheld and detained by that country."

The bill brought in Parliament by Mr. GILPIN, Mr. HADFIELD, Mr. McLAREN and Sir JOHN GREY, for the abolition of capital punishment, had been issued. It simply repeals the existing statutes authorizing this punishment, substituting as the punishment for murder penal servitude for life; and for high treason, penal servitude for life or any term not less than seven years.

The manufacture of the French Atlantic Cable was rapidly approaching its completion. Up to April 14, the total length manufactured was 3,033 nautical miles—namely, 2,314 miles of the section intended to be laid between Brest and St. Pierre, and 716 miles of the section between St. Pierre and the United States. Only 474 miles of the former section and 57 of the latter remained to be completed. The whole length of the core for both sections had been finished at the Gutta Percha Works. The *Great Eastern* had taken on board 1,750 miles of the first section, and the steamer *Scanderia* 450 miles of the second section.

The sale of Mr. RUSKIN'S collection of pictures, drawings and sketches, chiefly by TURNER, had realized nearly £6,000. The "Slave Ship," the only finished picture of TURNER'S in the collection, was knocked down to Mr. VOKINS for £2,042. The sale of another collection, which took place immediately after the sale of Mr. RUSKIN'S pictures, produced nearly the same amount—£6,000. TURNER'S "Lake of Lucerne," painted for the late Mr. BICKNELL, and sold at the sale of his collection for 680 guineas, was bought by Lord DUDLEY for 980 guineas.

The Emperor NAPOLEON'S letter to M. ROUHER had been very coldly received by the independent Paris papers, all of which commented upon it. According to an estimate in the French papers, there are still 10,000 soldiers of the First Empire surviving to whom the proposed pension of 250 francs a year is to be allotted.

The following letter had been addressed to the Paris journals by the Duke DE PERSIGNY: Paris, April 13.—Permit me through your columns to contradict in the most formal manner certain reports, unceasingly renewed, concerning Ministerial combinations suggested by myself, and in which I am to take part. I will not inquire for what object or for whose advantage these rumors are fabricated, nor ask what hands, so skillful in intrigues, launch them periodically in the midst of the preoccupations of public opinion. I think I can disdain the manœuvres of which I am the object or the pretext at this moment. Accept, &c., PERSIGNY.

The *Gironde* states that Sister PATROCINIO lately passed through Bordeaux, on her way to Paris to rejoin the Ex-Queen ISABELLA. That journal further mentions that she was accompanied by two other nuns and an ecclesiastic.

A telegraphic dispatch from Nice, in the *Figaro*, announces a melancholy accident. A rich American lady, Mrs. HILL, well known in that place, was drowned while bathing in the sea. Notwithstanding very active researches, the body has not been found.

Queen ISABELLA, at the recent Paris races, was walking up and down in the crowd, accompanied by her family, when the Emperor, who had just arrived, on seeing the group, at once went down and accosted her Majesty, and, offering his arm, conducted her to the Imperial tribune, where Don FRANCIS D'ASSIZES, the Prince of the Asturias, and the Count and Countess DE GIRGENTI, were also provided with places.

The following is a correct list of the French Navy at the present time: 1. Iron-clad fleet—Ships of the line, 2; frigates, 19; corvettes, 9; cruisers, 7; floating batteries, 26—total, 63. 2. Screw steamers—Ships of the line, 15; frigates, 18; corvettes, 21; avisoes, 60; gunboats, 70; transports, 55; special ships, 2—total, 241. 3. Paddle-wheel steamers—Frigates, 9; corvettes, 7; avisoes, 35—total, 51. 4. Sailing ships—Ships of the line, 2; frigates, 10; corvettes, 6; brigs, 5; brigantines, 12; cutters, 19; lorchas, 7; peniches, 7; great boats, 7; transports, 25—total, 100. Recapitulation—Iron-clads, 63; screw steamers, 241; paddle-wheel steamers, 51; sailing vessels, 100. General total, 455.

A report had been circulated in Vienna that the Governments of France, Austria and Italy had resolved to recommend the Pope to establish a mixed garrison in Rome during the meetings of the Œcumenical Council. The Paris *Patrie* says, however, that the news is incorrect; that no negotiations on this subject were entered into between the three Powers; and that the rumor may be considered a mere invention. Another Paris paper, the *Public*, gives an equally emphatic contradiction to the report said to have been current lately, that the French Government had engaged to withdraw its troops from Rome after the French elections.

An arrangement was concluded at Berlin on April 1 in virtue of which the patterns and samples of commercial travelers are to be admitted duty free into Great Britain and the States of the Zollverein, subject only to such conditions as will insure their reëxportation after a lapse of time, which is not to exceed twelve months. The principal condition is that the duty to which the patterns or samples would be liable is to be deposited at the Custom-house at which they are imported, or security given for the amount. The text of the arrangement or declaration was issued yesterday as a Parliamentary paper.

In the sitting of the North German Parliament, April 16, a resolution was introduced by Herr TWESTEN and Count MUNSTER demanding the appointment of a responsible Federal Ministry. The resolution was strenuously opposed by Count BISMARCK, but was adopted by 111 votes against 100.

THE ALABAMA CLAIMS.

The Rejection of the Treaty—What England is Ready to Do.

From the London Daily News, April 17.

The *Alabama* Treaty, so laboriously negotiated by Lord STANLEY and Mr. REVERDY JOHNSON, may now be considered as done with. Its rejection by the Senate of the United States has been almost contemptuous, but we fear that the single Senator who voted in its favor is a type of all its friends in American society. The Americans who are for an immediate and friendly settlement with us are only to be counted by units; but we believe we may add that if those who are for blustering demands may be counted by tens, those who are for doing nothing at present may be counted by hundreds. It is more and more evident that to the bulk of the American people *this Alabama matter is no way a money claim; but is a grievance of sentiment*—the worst kind of grievance to bear, and the hardest to remove. Our cousins are offended, and a money settlement will not appease them. The very fuss we have made with their Minister has rather irritated than soothed them. We are glad to see that an able and philosophic journal says that the matter being one of sore feeling on the part of Americans, time only will heal it, but that time will heal it. Perhaps the better plan will be to give it time. We can only offer the material apology of paying for the injuries our recklessness in the *Alabama* case permitted Mr. LAIRD and Mr. SEMMES to inflict. *We are ready to do this now, we shall be equally ready to do it some time hence.* Time will make no difference on this side, and as it may make all the difference on the other side, we may well leave the question to its healing influence. Meanwhile our cousins may be assured that their rejection of the treaty will neither diminish our desire to act honorably by them, nor our readiness to treat on the bases of concessions already made when they shall be in the mood to negotiate a final settlement.

BRITISH PAUPERISM.

The Question of Emigration in Relation to its Present State—Parliamentary Discussion.

In the British House of Lords, April 17, Lord HOUGHTON called the attention of the House to the question of emigration in relation to the present state of pauperism. He referred to the admitted increase of pauperism, and to the means which emigration offered for its alleviation. The colonies would not perhaps receive pauper emigrants as gratefully as they would skilled laborers; but they appeared now disinclined to bear their share in the expense of the transport of labor, and must, therefore, be content with an inferior kind. Even an inferior kind would doubtless be welcome, since labor was as necessary now as formerly to the development both of Australia and of British North America. It was, besides, by no means certain that, under favorable conditions, pauper immigrants would continue in this lower grade. But the practical difficulty remained, how to provide means for conveying these paupers to those places where their labor would be remunerative. One way was to empower the Poor Law Guardians to raise the necessary resources by a Rate, with a Government guarantee, and he was of opinion that it would not be opposed to the true principles of the most economical of Governments in such a cause to supplement local out of the Imperial resources. In return for such aid conditions might be imposed on the Poor Law Guardians with respect to the individuals to be selected as emigrants, and on the colonies as to providing properly for their employment on arrival. The former body would, he anticipated, be the harder to deal with, and he acknowledged also that some stimulus might be necessary in order to induce those who were useless here, but might be very useful elsewhere, to accept the boon of emigration. If there remained any difficulty about the question, it might be removed by a Royal Commission; but he hoped that the issue of such a commission would not be accepted by the Government as a reason for not taking immediate steps.

Lord GRANVILLE quite agreed as to the urgency of the question. But he doubted the expediency of a Royal Commission, and he was particularly opposed to any Imperial addition being made to local resources. That Imperial aid was not indispensable was demonstrated by the enormous amount of Irish emigration which had been provided for by private means, and any such private efforts would be certainly put an end to by Imperial aid. The general question was, however, before the Government, and the President of the Poor Law Board had at present under his consideration measures, to which Lord GRANVILLE referred, for an improvement in the existing regulations for promoting emigration. But he warned the House against anticipating too great results from anything the Government could do in this direction. The class which it would be of the most benefit to this country to induce to emigrate either would not emigrate, or was not acceptable in the colonies.

Lord OVERSTONE thought the true remedy was in a wise administration of the Poor law. He denied that there existed any necessity for resorting to extraordinary measures with respect to what, if left alone, would find a natural remedy. The wealthiest country in the world, the capital in which had immensely increased during the last three years, must surely have resources for the employment of its able-bodied population.

Lord GREY concurred with Lord OVERSTONE in disputing altogether the assumed fact that England was laboring under over-population in the sense of there being more able-bodied men than there was capital to employ. Local congestion there might be, but labor was not redundant as a rule. He showed, on the contrary, that wages were rising and the demand for labor increasing. It was not now for the first time that artificial remedies for a supposed excess of population had been called for without necessity. But if it still remained to be proved that this country required emigration it was still more doubtful whether there were any room or wish in the Colonies for a forced immigration, particularly of the kind now proposed. Although assenting generally to the spirit of Lord GRANVILLE'S reply to Lord HOUGHTON, he regretted to hear that there was an intention on the part of the Government to empower the Central Board to use the funds at its command for emigration purposes.

Lord CARNARVON agreed with Lords GREY and GRANVILLE in deprecating the measures suggested by Lord HOUGHTON. He denied that there was any great demand for labor in the Australian Colonies. He showed by reference to Victoria that they were extremely sensitive to any surplus of labor; and he was especially sure that they would not be satisfied with inferior labor. He hoped the Government would not promote an artificial movement which they would find themselves totally unable to control.

After a few words from Lord REDESDALE as to the ill effects of Union Rates in increasing pauperism, Lord HOUGHTON replied. He expressed a doubt as to Lord OVERSTONE'S declaration as to the vast increase of capital during the past three years, and he reasserted, against Lord CARNARVON, the greatness of the demand for labor in Australia.

The subject then dropped.

WOMEN'S RIGHTS.

The Question Abroad—Parliamentary Discussion, in England, of the Married Women's Property Bill.

The British House of Commons, on April 14, devoted the greater part of its sitting to a rediscussion of the Married Women's Property bill, which was brought in last year by Mr. SHAW-LEFEVRE, and afterward referred to a select committee. The second reading was now moved by the Recorder, (Mr. RUSSELL GURNEY,) and he put it forward chiefly as a measure for the protection of the 800,000 wage-earning married women in the country, and of the considerable class with fortunes too small to justify application to a Court of Equity. The Recorder maintained that no other remedy but this would enable the wife to retain her own earnings, subject to the same liabilities as a husband. Of the extent and intensity of the evil he gave some distressing instances from his own judicial experience, and he showed that the bill was not only in accordance with the law of the principal nations of Europe, and of the United States, but it was an extension of our own everyday practice of settlements. He offered to refer the bill to a select committee if it were read a second time.

Mr. JESSEL supported the bill, arguing, in one of his antiquarian speeches, that our present law was the relic of a time when a wife was considered the slave of the husband. He advocated the change, because, among other things, it would raise the *status* of married women, and would thus ultimately benefit the husband.

The measure was also supported by Mr. SHAW-LEFEVRE, who referred at length to the example of the United States; by Mr. O. MORGAN, Sir F. GOLDSMID and the Solicitor-General, who declined to treat it simply as a poor man's question, but argued generally that the property of a wife, rich or poor, ought to be protected as much as a husband's.

The rejection of the bill, on the other hand, was again moved by Mr. LOPES, who professed his readiness to concur in a measure for the protection of the earnings of married women, but held that this bill went further than was necessary for that purpose. The advantages given to the husband by the present law were more than compensated by the liability of paying the wife's debts and maintaining her children. He dwelt on the license which the bill would give to married women with independent incomes, and as to settlements, they were intended not so much for the protection of the wife as of the children.

Mr. S. HILL, who seconded the amendment, suggested that an extension of the Divorce act would do all that was necessary.

Mr. BERESFORD HOPE sympathised with the grievance of the needy class which the bill sought to remedy, but objected to the wanton interference with the married relations of the easy class which it threatened. *The free trade in divorce prevailing in the United States vitiated any parallel with them*; and in what country, he asked, under this state of law were the marriage relations so pure as in England? The bill would revolutionize the whole system of credit, and he drew an amusing picture of which a married couple living under the new dispensation would resort to keep their creditors at arm's length—"the husband walking abroad in his wife's coat, and the wife in her husband's gown.

Mr. HENLEY also opposed the bill as going far beyond the grievance which he admitted. There was no mutuality in the arrangement, and if the bill passed, the wife's earnings must be liable for the husband's debts.

Mr. LOPES did not press his opposition to a division, and the bill having been read a second time, it was ordered to be referred to a Select Committee.

THE ECUMENICAL COUNCIL.

Sentiment in Regard to It—Its Assembling Problematical—Its Possible Results.

Rome (April 8) Correspondence of the London Times.

There is a very general feeling outside Rome that the famous Council summoned for the 8th of December will not assemble, or will break down. As to its assembling, unless the political phase of Europe is much changed, there can be no doubt; as to its breaking down, it is another question; but the opinion of those on whom I much rely is that delicate questions will not be brought too prominently forward; that they will be kept a little beneath the surface, taken for granted, and glided over. Some of the more exalted prelates of the Church in Rome have from the first considered the step both impolitic and dangerous. "Why, when affairs are going on so well, risk a discussion, the results of which it is so difficult to foretell?" But such remonstrances were of no effect, as the Pope had set his heart upon the Council, and the foreign Bishops especially are in favor of it; and one can easily understand why they should be, as for nearly 300 years the government of the Catholic or Universal Church has been the monopoly of the Italian clergy. It is not unlikely, therefore, that a struggle will be caused by foreign and French ambition, or by foreign interpretations of "universality." Many of the Italian journals have ventured wildly to publish a programme of the questions to be agitated in the coming Council, and have inserted, among others, the marriage of priests; but while this latter article must be utterly discarded from the dreams of journalists, no one, I believe, knows what is to be discussed. The only thing of which we can speak with any degree of probability is of the organization. The business of the Council will be prepared by five sections or congregations, some of which already exist, as that of the Propaganda, each being under the Presidency and control of a Cardinal. Every section will prepare its special class of subjects, which, having been discussed and approved, will undergo the same process before all the congregation in union. Afterward they will be laid before the Holy Father, who will finally approve or reject them. Cardinal REISACH will preside over the section which is to prepare the questions touching the relations of the Pontifical Governmegt with foreign States, and as all Sovereigns are excluded from the Council, the Pope, in determining the character of these relations, will act through his Cardinal or by his ultimate veto or approval, as King of Kings and Lord of Lords. So will it be with the other sections; and I am not surprised, therefore, on conversing with persons devoted to the Church, to find that the most sanguine expectations are entertained of the success of the Council. Each question will be sifted over and over again, and ultimately submitted to the approval or rejection of His Holiness. And as in the preparation, so will it be in the final decision. The Council will be PIUS IX., and PIUS IX. will be virtually declared infallible. That this will be, or is intended to be the spirit of the proceedings, we may infer from a perusal of the *Civilta Cattolica* of the 21st of November, 1868. The directors of this periodical were constituted into a "*congregazione*" some time since by a Papal brief of PIUS IX., with permission to publish forever whatever seemed to them to be right. The well-known organ of the Jesuits, it is no less so, therefore, of the Pope. In an article on the Ecumenical Council it insists that "the convocation of a Council can belong only to the Pontiff;" and after describing the moral power of one at whose invitation the most distinguished persons come from all quarters of the globe to do him homage, adds:

> "They recognize him as father, pastor, master, guide, in everything infallible, and to him they subject their intellect, their will, their words, their acts, even themselves. They protest (as was seen in a solemn act recently signed by 500 Bishops assembled in Rome) to believe what he believes, to feel what he feels, to speak as he speaks, to reject what he rejects, to not willingly deviate one iota from what he shall be pleased to prescribe," &c.

If such are the principles on which the Council is to be conducted, its decisions are already made, and the Bishops of the Roman Catholic Church might as well remain in their dioceses. Some highly-cultivated and well-informed friends of mine, good Roman Catholics, too, say:

> "The Pope has introduced during his Pontificate of twenty-three years many novelties in which he honestly believes and for the permanency of which he is anxious. Thus, he seeks for what some may call an act of indemnity, or what may be better styled a confirmation of the past. The word 'syllabus' will not be named. The temporal power will not be put too much in the foreground; it will not be attempted to erect the infallibility of the Pope into a dogma in as many words; but principles involving all these points will be laid down and sanctioned. The Bishops of the Church, under the influence of the *genius loci*, will do as Rome desires, glide smoothly over all difficulties, and things will remain exactly as they were before."

I give you this as the impression of well-informed, far-seeing Roman Catholics, and it appears to me to be justified by the quotations I have given above. Should it, however, happen, contrary to all expectation, that any invincible opposition should arise, it will be easy, without dissolving, to adjourn the meeting of the Council *sine die*. The site on which it is to be held is on the right of the dome of St. Peter's—an ample and a noble space. With regard to other preparations, His Holiness has nominated a *congregazione* of five Prelates, whose sole duty it will be to receive and lodge the Bishops; and to them he has caused it to be written that they will be entertained free of all personal expense during their sojourn in Rome. All, however, have replied, as I am informed, except the French and Italian Bishops, that they will provide for themselves; but their answers in the same sense may be forthcoming. Already learned doctors of the Church are arriving to study the questions which may be submitted to the Council, and among them is Rev. Mr. (or Dr.) CORCORAN, of Canada. Among other reasons which thoughtful men in Rome assign for believing that the objects aimed at in calling the Council are those stated above is the fact that the Church is not divided by any great or new schism, and that the greatest indifference generally exists as to its interests. For what, therefore, are the Bishops called together but to sanction the past and virtually to create an authority hitherto not universally acknowledged? At present, however, all are occupied with the spectacles which are to be exhibited on Saturday, Sunday and Monday. Most or many of the Easter visitors have remained to see them, and as it was during the Holy Week so it is now,—there is scarcely accommodation for a mouse.

FRANCE.

Interesting Forged Will Case—Trial and Conviction of the Criminals.

From the Paris (April 14) Correspondence of the London Times.

An extraordinary case relating to a forged will has just been tried before the Court of Assizes of the Seine. The accused were a woman named IMBERT, aged 40, FILLIAS, a notary's clerk, and two house painters, named PIERROT and LEFEBVRE; a third is also implicated in the affair, but has not been arrested. The facts of the case were these: M. DE MONTAL, a gentleman possessing considerable property, occupied a small apartment on the fifth floor of the house No. 6 in the Rue d'Alger. He seems to have been of a miserly disposition, and rarely received any visits, except from the Abbé AYROLLES, chaplain at La Charité Hospital. While on a visit to the later in May last year, he was taken suddenly so ill as not to be able to go home, remained in his friend's apartment, and died there on the 3d of July. The following day the Abbé had seals put on the property of the deceased, the key remaining in the hands of the chaplain; but a month later, when an inventory of the property was about to be taken, it would no longer turn in the lock, which had been tampered with. No attention was, however, paid to that circumstance at the time, and among the papers a will was found leaving all the property, amounting to more than 300,000 francs, to Mmme. IMBERT, a woman with whom M. DE MONTAL had formerly been acquainted, and whom he had recently seen occasionally since she had come to reside in the same neighborhood. The relatives of the deceased, who reside in the South of France, were not aware of his death until they received, at the end of the month of August, a letter from a man named DELSOL, a painter, which informed them that they had been despoiled of their inheritance by a forgery; they at once placed themselves in communication with him, and a declaration having been made to the Police, an investigation was opened, and the whole fraud was brought to light. Mme. IMBERT, it appears, having learnt of M. DE MONTAL'S death on the 4th of July, had determined, in concert with PIERROT, who occasionally borrowed small sums of money from the deceased, to fabricate a will making her his universal legatee. LEFEBVRE was employed to draw up the deed, and an apartment being at that moment to let on the same floor of the house in the Rue d'Alger, PIERROT hired it in order to obtain an opportunity of placing the false documents among M. DE MONTAL'S papers. The will prepared by LEFEBVRE not being satisfactory, the assistance of FILLIAS, as a notary's clerk, was obtained, and as PIERROT did not wish to be seen in the house, another confederate had to be employed; this was GIONELLI, who, under the pretence of decorating the apartment in the Rue d'Alger, obtained admission to M. DE MONTAL'S rooms by picking the lock of the door, and having detached one of the seals from that gentleman's secretary, with a painter's knife, he placed the forged will among other papers, and then with a little glue restored things to their former state so carefully that no traces of the criminal act were subsequently observed. The secret of this forgery was, however, possessed by too many persons to be well kept, and DELSOL, who was in the employment of LEFEBVRE, having overheard conversations between his master and PIERROT, was taken into their confidence, and finally betrayed the whole plot to the relatives as above stated. The parties implicated were all arrested with the exception of GIONELLI, who escaped into Italy. Mme. IMBERT persisted in denying all knowledge of the forgery, but the others confessed, and drafts for 100,000f. each given by her to LEFEBVRE and PIERROT, and found in their possession, were a sufficient proof of her culpability. The woman was now condemned to five years' imprisonment; PIERROT LEFEBVRE and FILLIAS to four years of the same punishment, and each of the accused to 100f. fine.

THE IDEAS OF THE DAY.

Spring and Society—Sprague and Ruin—Wise and Providence—Protestantism and Success—Republican Demagogues—Grant and Cuba—Are Rebels to be Cultivated?

THE BEECHES, Saturday, April 24, 1869.

As I look out of my window the eye rests on the soft and tender and beautiful of nature. The grass is of the deepest green, the woods are leafing out, all the sweet flowers of Spring are coming forth to greet me with the smiles of love and the tokens of hope! ADDISON somewhere speaks of the "soft verdure of the soul." Perhaps no expression is more true. If it were not that the soul still retains something of its verdure, what would we be? It is to scenes like this that I turn for comfort when I hear my country denounced as corrupt, my religion as a failure, and my views of society as obsolete. I should be inconsolable if God did not assure me by the constant tokens of His presence that He rules over all things. Even PAINE, infidel as he was, closes his essay on the Rights of Man with the figure that, as the grass springs up, and verdure returns, so will society be refreshed and restored.

I want to make a note (it will be only a note) on some of the ideas recently put forth, as they appear to me, who see them from the loop-holes of retreat. First, I was utterly astounded by hearing from Senator SPRAGUE that the country was going to ruin, and from the NEW-YORK TIMES, and various newspaper correspondents in various papers, that most of the State Legislatures were corrupt; that Senators in Congress were corruptly bargaining to great railroad subsidies, and that, in fine, there is a dreadful state of society! I confess that things don't look so to me. I have the advantage of my sceptical friends in one thing. I believe that man is a depraved animal from the beginning, and therefore don't expect him to be perfect. But I don't think he has gone back a particle. On the contrary, I think there are onward movements toward a better and an improved society. Here are some particulars which may properly lead you to the same view. Let us begin with the general tone of society. Sixty years ago you had in New-York, JAY, HAMILTON and BURR, and in the time of JEFFERSON party politics ran very high. Now, I affirm that society was no better in New-York then than it is now, and politics no purer. I leave the proposition till it is challenged, that, from that time till 1860, slavery continually advanced, till it corrupted the whole politics of the country, and the Church also. It was like the vermin of Egypt. It crept up on your tables and your beds. It was like one of the judgments pronounced on Pharaoh. But as God brought the children of Israel, so he brought us through, with an outstretched arm. Slavery was swept away in the Red Sea of destruction. In the TIMES last week you had a remarkable letter from Governor WISE, in which he declared that slavery was destroyed by the hand of God, and nothing else could have destroyed it. And, mark! he deems it a national good, to prevent the evil to come. This is the view to which all the enlightened minds of the South will come, and it will be but a little while before the waters will close peacefully and calmly over the great gulf in which slavery went down. One, and the greatest source of public corruption has been destroyed. Are all the petty evils of the day to be compared with this grand and lasting good?

Next we have the cry of "dull trade" and "heavy burdens" of taxes, &c. Now, there is no fact more palpable than that this country is at the height of commercial prosperity, and its wealth rapidly increasing. The average imports are greater than ever, if that is any test of prosperity. The incomes returned this year are greater than they were before; and that is a pretty good test. The harvests of last year were good; and from the signs at present, the harvests this year will be enormous. In fine, the wealth of the country is rapidly increasing, and the cry of commercial dullness is a mere sham. There is in all commercial money values a shrinkage. And can it be otherwise? When gold falls, public credit advances, and you approach specie payments. If you think specie payments is a thing to be desired, then you must not complain of the shrinkage which is the inevitable attendant of that event.

So much for the lamentation over the ruin of the times. I confess to have trembled when I heard the Senator from Rhode Island, and especially when he was in such "earnest." But I am consoled again when I reflect that the country still has SPRAGUE and GEORGE FRANCIS TRAIN and WENDELL PHILLIPS, and the ladies of the *Revolution*, and particularly correspondents of newspapers. The country may still have hope, when it has so much of genius, of statesmanship, and of literature.

Again, I was alike astonished and frightened when some Roman Catholic priest and his aid-de-camp—some owl-like ritualist—declared that "Protestantism is a failure." It seemed very odd to me when I reflected that Italy was just throwing off the dominion of the Pope; Austria throwing away all the chains of Roman slavery, which for ages had bound her to both moral and political despotism; and Spain awaking from the slumber almost of death to the life of liberty; when, in fine, Protestantism had given freedom to a world,—it seemed very odd that some cowled owl should stand on the top of St. Patrick or St. Albans, and proclaim that the great life-giving principle of the modern world had fainted and failed in its glorious career of victory! But I was consoled again when I reflected that the same class of gentlemen had been saying the same thing for three hundred years, and as the world has not gone back in that time, I concluded it wouldn't. Then, I heard again the clarion voice of Dr. TYNG stating the truth in terms that can be understood, and treating gentlemen of the dark ages as they deserve. So I took heart again, and concluded that Protestantism would live out the present generation.

Another of the ideas of the day is to make a movement in the Republican Party for free trade, (or they will probably call it a revenue tariff,) in order, as they say, to force new ideas and living issues! The *Volksblatt* of Cincinnati announces this movement, and it is one very suitable to the infidel branch of the Germans. Mr. HENRY WARD BEECHER's performance was one branch of it; but I hope he will not be judged *à sociis*. Another movement of the same sort is or will be made in Boston; and several leading Republican papers have the same idea. I think I can tell you both the philosophy and the result of this in a very few words. The philosophy is, that the mission of the Republican Party (or Anti-Slavery Party) was accomplished in the destruction of Slavery, and will be wholly finished with reconstruction. Hence its more active and ambitious leaders are looking round for some ideas which will be available in the future. But what is to be the effect of it? The inevitable result is to divide the Republican Party, and render its future success impossible. It is turning the Republican Party from great principles to the narrow channels of mere administration. I have sustained the Republican Party with as much earnestness as any one, and I have seen the success of its great measures with unmixed joy. But I certainly shall not go for every ism in the world to which demagogues may attach the word "free." There is a very large body of solid, thinking men in the Republican Party who cannot be turned about by any amount of vapid eloquence, or any strength of party discipline. When the attempt is made to put the Republican Party on free trade, or adopt the isms of German infidels and British radicals, you will find it has come to its end. And now for the future. GRANT has passed the point of greatest danger to his Administration; but not wholly without loss. His appointments are in the main good; but it is not to be disguised that some of them are very bad. A few of the bad ones we have been saved from by the Senate. It is a pity they had not docked more. But the coming difficulty is the foreign policy of the Administration. It will not do (unless we have changed the very nature of our Government) to depart from the original and time-honored principle of non-interference with other countries. What is the insurrection in Cuba but a mere bare-faced, unreasoning rebellion? With what face can we complain of the conduct of England toward us if we aid and sympathize with these Cuban rebels? Yet, with these facts right before us and the great principle of our Government against it, BANKS got a resolution through Congress sympathizing with the Cuban rebels. Of course we sympathize with all the rebels in the world, except our own! But there are times when it is not decent to say so, and this is one of the times. BANKS! poor BANKS! Let him remember Red River. Such as he should be silent.

Let General GRANT return to the original principles of the American Republic, conduct his Administration with simplicity and honesty, and interfere not the least with any Government or any rebels upon earth, and he may make his civil glory equal to that of any military fame whatever. A VETERAN OBSERVER.

Mr. Vallandigham's Explanation of His Action in the New-York Convention.

From the Dayton (Ohio) Ledger, April 27.

A MISTAKE CORRECTED.—A mistake in judgment by Mr. VALLANDIGHAM caused the defeat of CHASE. There was one hour in which, if VALLANDIGHAM had not done anything, CHASE would have been nominated. SEYMOUR's declination, after he had been nominated by MCCOOK, was made in good faith, and would have been received as final if he had not been overpowered by VALLANDIGHAM's furious declaration that the public safety demanded the nomination of HORATIO SEYMOUR. If SEYMOUR had not been nominated just then, the nomination of CHASE would have taken place within an hour.—*Cincinnati Commercial.*

According to our information the facts are exactly the reverse of all this. Within much less than that "one hour" had "VALLANDIGHAM not done anything," another man than CHASE would have been nominated. There may have been—no doubt was—an unfortunate error of necessity; but there was no "mistake in judgment." Certainly SEYMOUR declined the nomination in good faith; he was sincerely for CHASE, and had he possessed the presence of mind and boldness to have anticipated "VALLANDIGHAM's furious declaration," so-called, (of which he had just had previous notice,) by concluding his speech with the suggesting of CHASE, VALLANDIGHAM would have been silent; a similar scene would have followed, CHASE have been nominated, and President to-day, and the Democratic Party, with its bold, brave men at the front, in power. After the multiplied treacheries and stupidities of the Democratic managers from October, 1867, to July, 1868, there was but one thing which could and would have commanded success—the nomination of SALMON P. CHASE, who, unlike ANDREW JOHNSON, had brains enough to comprehend that if he was to overpower the strong-minded, strong-willed audacity of the Republican leaders, it was alone by antagonizing to it the strong-minded, strong-willed audacity of the "Copperheads" of the Democratic Party. He was not nominated; wherefore and by reason of the premises, GRANT and his relatives now hold place, if not power; while SEYMOUR crops his hay, milks his cows, and churns his butter near "pent-up Utica;" BLAIR, in silent retirement, no longer even a railroad director, chews the cud of sweet and bitter fancies over GRANT's profoundly hidden capacity to develop himself into an American Cæsar, cleaving to the White House till carried thence a corpse; PENDLETON, from the heights of "Bowler Place," calmly surveys, with musing eye, the greenbacked slopes and pastures of the valleys of Mill Creek and the Licking; MCLEAN creates pleasant parks along the Roman-nosed declivities of Deer Creek; while VALLANDIGHAM, no longer concerned about that "great hereafter" whose slow-paced movements he has delivered over to history, contentedly hurls his "furious declarations" at courts and juries in the vicinage of BURNSIDE's raid, vindicating the rights and redressing the wrongs of those venerable gentlemen of ancient family and renown, John Doe and Richard Roe—the aforesaid SEYMOUR, BLAIR, PENDLETON, MCLEAN and VALLANDIGHAM, with divers others "to the grand jurors unknown," being all sweetly oblivious to the fact that a New-York Convention was ever assembled; and each consoling himself with the heavenly reflection that

> "When wicked men bear away,
> The post of honor is a private station."

This consolatory reflection is as essential as it is gratifying; for no party that has the audacity to elect CARL SCHURZ to the Senate can ever be beaten by a party which stones its prophets and rejects its martyrs.

Early and his Soldiers.

The Lynchburg (Va.) *News* says: "Not the least among the many gratifying incidents connected with General EARLY's visit to Lexington, were the meetings between him and his old veterans, officers, privates and all. To see 'the boys,' as he calls them, some of them gray-haired, crowding up to his hand and have a word or so over the battles gone; to hear the hearty greetings, and the honest 'God bless you,' was enough to make 'a man forget his woes' and believe there was 'life in the old land yet.' And, adds our correspondent, 'there is if we stand by our principles like EARLY, and old Virginia never tires.'"

A Richmond paper says a difficulty occurred in Lynchburg Monday between EARLY and Mr. R. H. GLASS, a Lynchburg editor. The latter gentleman approached the General, who was sitting in the hotel reading a newspaper, giving him the usual morning salutation, which the General refused to return. Harsh words ensued, and a fight was the result, in which Mr. GLASS, it is said, came off second best.

DEMOCRATIC DELAWARE.—Great opposition to the new Tax bill exists among the manufacturers. Some of them feel inclined to disregard its requirements, and make no return of the amount of their sales. It is certainly very onerous, and its passage was an unwise act. If it does not drive manufacturers from our State, it will prevent others from locating therein. The tax imposed on the business, it is said, will be fully equal to the rent paid for the use of the mill property. The injustice of such exaction is apparent to every one, and it is to be hoped that the people will wake up to their interest in the matter.—*Wilmington (Del.) Republican, April 29.*

THE JAY COOKE FORGERIES.

Final Examination in the Case—The Prisoner Smith Held for Trial.

An examination was held yesterday at the Tombs, before Justice DOWLING, in the case of JAMES SMITH, who is accused of being implicated in the forgery of several checks on the Bank of the State of New-York, when the signature of JAY COOKE & Co. was used in a felonious manner to defraud the bank out of $27,000. The complaint against SMITH accuses him of having fraudulently uttered and presented at the bank, on the 12th ult., a check purporting to have been signed by JAY COOKE & Co. for the sum of $9,587, and receiving the money therefor, knowing the check to be a fraudulent issue.

The following additional evidence was elicited yesterday:

Henry L. Grant, Paying Teller of the Bank of the State of New-York, being cross-examined for the defence, testified: The check was presented to me April 12, at about half-past two o'clock; I expected that check was drawn by Jay Cooke & Co. when I paid it; James Smith, now present, presented me the check; I first saw him on this occasion at my desk offering the check for payment; I have seen him four times since; I have not to my knowledge seen him in the bank since; I say decidedly, no; I should think there were five or six outside the counter at the time; I was very busy; there were several hundred persons there during the day; I take particular notice generally of the person who presents a check to me; in this case I took particular notice; I can remember the form of countenance of persons better than I can anything else, who present checks to me for payment, I should say nearly all; Smith was dressed in a dark colored coat, rather larger than a frock coat; I took very particular notice of the man, for I was a very long while in paying the check; I took off the check from the file once, went back to the book-keeper, compared the check with those I had previously paid and found it was the next number; I noticed his collar more than I did his necktie; I noticed his style more than I did his dress; I took particular notice of his face and peculiar toss of the head; I called my assistant to look at him; his hair appeared to be more bushy at the time than it is now; I thought he might have had a wig on; he had no beard, and his moustaches had not grown as much as they now are; the moustache was just coming out; I looked at him several times, the second time very particularly; I did not notice any particular mark on his face other than that I have described; it is not the fact that many men with faces as hard as the prisoner's have presented checks for an amount as large as this; if there had been any decided mark or scar on the face of Smith, I would have seen it; I next saw Smith at the Police Headquarters in Mulberry-street; nobody told me that the prisoner was my man; I was told that a man was arrested, and was told to go to headquarters and see if I could identify him; I did do so immediately; I said he was very like the man; he had no hat on; his hair was plastered down behind his ears; he was talking and smiling in Superintendent Kennedy's room; he did not appear to be as old a man as the one who presented me the check; he was in my presence about a minute; I saw him again the same afternoon; this was about a week after I saw him at the bank; my doubts continued, as to his identity, until the afternoon.

By the Court—It is not customary for me to pay large checks to strangers without being identified; in this case the details of identification were fully carried out on the check; after he went out of the room, at the headquarters, I desired to see him with his hat on; that afternoon he was brought up again; the Superintendent ordered him to put on his hat in my presence; after he put it on the Superintendent said, "That will do;" then Smith gave that peculiar toss of the head that I had noticed at the Bank, and then I became satisfied he was the man.

Re-cross-examination: About six hours elapsed from the time I first saw him until the second time; to the best of my knowledge and belief, I would not have been in doubt if he had not given that peculiar toss of the head; I never saw any one toss his head in that manner; it appeared to me exactly as though he was putting on a little airs.

Alexander B. Hill, on cross-examination, testified: Only the firm are allowed to sign checks for Jay Cooke & Co.; there are five members of that firm, I think; there are three in New-York, and they are the only persons allowed to sign checks in the New-York office; they are Pitt Cooke, H. C. Fahnstock and Edward Dodge; I don't know that I can mention the names of the balance of the firm absent from New-York; Jay Cooke and Henry D. Cooke are the only ones I am positive of; no one in our office is authorized to sign checks for the firm of Jay Cooke & Co. in New-York but the three members of the firm; I am familiar with their signatures; I have examined the signatures and indorsements on the check shown me. I swear that the signature "Jay Cooke & Co." is not in the handwriting of either Mr. Pitt Cooke, Mr. Fahnstock, or Mr. Dodge; the indorsement "Alex. B. Hill" is not in my handwriting; I am the person in whose favor the check is drawn; I saw this check the first time at three o'clock on the day it is dated; Mr. Grant, the teller of the bank, first showed it to me; it is not possible that any other of the members of the firm out of the City could have signed that check; I am not familiar with all the others' signatures; I have signatures similar to the one on the check, very nearly like it; I have known money to be paid on checks signed by Pitt Cooke; this signature is almost an exact imitation of his; I will swear that this is not Mr. Pitt Cooke's signature; I don't know that Pitt Cooke has any private mark; the handwriting of the other members of the firm do not resemble Pitt Cooke's; the color of the ink is different; all of Pitt Cooke's signatures are slightly different from each other; they are not exactly alike, but the signatures on these forged checks are precisely alike, particularly the "J;" I don't know that I can state the difference by comparing them together; when Pitt Cooke signs checks at his desk he always uses the same kind of ink, dark red; the ink of the signature on the check is not the same.

By the Court—I am positive that the indorsement on the back of the check is not mine; it is a good imitation.

James Irving, of the Detective Police, testified: From information received, I arrested James Smith, here present, on suspicion of passing one of the checks; I brought him to the Police Headquarters; he said he did not present the check I accused him of, but that he did present the check for the sum of $8,579 25; he told me that all he had received as his share was $1,800; the checks alluded to in this conversation were those purporting to have been drawn by Jay Cooke & Co. on the Bank of the State of New-York.

Cross-examined—This conversation occurred after Smith's arrest; Officer Coyle and myself were the only persons present at the time; I don't know that he had been frequently spoken to about these forged checks; I did not have the checks in my possession at the time; none were presented to him by any one else in my presence; the name of Jay Cooke & Co. was mentioned by me to him; I am not certain what words I used; I said "Which check did you lay down, or present"—I don't know which term I used; I said, "Was it the $9,000 check?" he said no, he believed it was the $8,000 one; I had a paper in my hand which contained the numbers of the checks; he pointed out the $8,000 one; I did not have the check mentioned in this complaint so I did not show it to him; I did not offer him any inducement to make this statement; he did not seem to be very much excited or annoyed.

This closed the case, when the Magistrate announced that he would hold the prisoner for trial. SMITH is 24 years of age, a native of New-York, lives at No. 220 West Thirty-seventh-street, and is a barkeeper by occupation. He denied the charge. Counsel for the defence desired the amount of bail to be fixed, when Justice DOWLING said he could not accept less than $10,000 bail in view of the numerous forgeries recently committed. As the prisoner could not furnish so large an amount, he was sent back to his cell.

Murder at Hunter's Point.

Upon the afternoon of Saturday Mr. THOMAS MCCLOSKEY, of Hunter's Point, L. I., went to Williamsburg to draw $2,000 from his bank fund to liquidate a debt due upon some property he had but recently purchased. When he arrived at the bank he found it closed, and being unable to obtain admission, he visited some friends and spent the early part of the evening with them. About 9 o'clock he started for his residence at the Point. When he arrived at the bridge between Greenport and Hunter's Point, he was seized by two men, who demanded his money; but refusing to comply, a struggle ensued, during which MCCLOSKEY's head and body were badly bruised. His pockets were rifled of about $15, all the money he possessed, and he was then thrown into the creek on the east side of the bridge. The shrieks and moans of the unfortunate man were overheard by some persons who were approaching the bridge, and they discovered MCCLOSKEY in the water beneath them, clinging to a piece of heavy timber. He was becoming gradually exhausted, and his cries for assistance soon sank into a low moan. Securing a boat they rowed to the sufferer's assistance. He was taken into it, and brought to the shore in an unconscious state, and thence conveyed to his residence, where restoratives were applied and every effort made to restore him to consciousness, but all proved unavailing, and he died on Monday evening.

Coroner SEIBS held an inquest upon the body, but no testimony tending to implicate any one in the crime was elicited. The jury found "that the deceased came to his death at the hands of some person or persons to them unknown," and recommended that the Coroner take immediate steps to discover the perpetrator of the deed.

MCCLOSKEY was about twenty-five years of age, and had been married but a week.

National Union League.

The Executive Committee of the Union League of America met at the St. Nicholas Hotel yesterday, and transacted such routine business as was necessary for furthering the objects of the organization. The Committee consists of one member from the League in each State. The following are the officers of the League, all of whom were present: Governor JOHN W. GEARY, of Pennsylvania, President of the Union League of America, and *ex-officio* Chairman of the Executive Committee; Charles W. Goddard, of Brooklyn, N. Y., First Vice-President; H. M. Turner, of Georgia, Second Vice-President; Thomas G. Baker, Recording Secretary; S. F. Gwinne, of Pennsylvania, Corresponding Secretary; James G. McQuaid, Treasurer; J. W. Simms, of Georgia, Herald; E. B. Conover, of New-York, Sentinel; Rev. James Underds, of Pennsylvania, Chaplain. The session was mostly occupied in transacting the financial business of the League. Mr. BAKER, the Secretary, submitted reports from the branches of the Association in various States, which showed that they are in a flourishing condition. Upon taking the chair, Governor GEARY made an address depicting the necessity for more thorough organizations of the "Union League" forces throughout the country, and suggesting plans for making them more efficient. The Committee then proceeded to the consideration of the condition of the Union League in each State; and, after appointing various sub-committees, adjourned to meet at the same place on May 26.

Proposed Changes of Thoroughfares at the Upper End of the Island.

The Central Park Commissioners have meditated for some time, and have finally decided upon making certain alterations in the present map of streets and avenues to be laid out at the north end of the City. It is proposed to terminate the regular series of cross streets at One Hundred and Fifty-fifth-street, and beyond that to cut them through at intervals of four blocks, with names instead of numbers. This will not interfere with other streets, such as One Hundred and Fifty-eighth, which have been already graded and built upon.

Two new avenues, also, are proposed, one to run between Tenth and Eleventh avenues, and the other between Eleventh-avenue and Kingsbridge road. They are to be eighty feet wide, making the distance between the centres of all the avenues from 390 to 440 feet. The new streets will extend no further across the island than from Tenth-avenue to Kingsbridge road, and will also be eighty feet wide. One Hundred and Eighty-fifth-street and one or two others may be cut through on the east side as far as the Boulevard. In the course of time, when the growth of the City demands it, bridges will be built across the Harlem River to Westchester County, above High Bridge.

This new plan is better than the old one, it is claimed, as the island is long and narrow at the upper end, and the lines of travel parallel with the length should be more frequent than the cross streets.

These proposed changes, however, will not be carried out for some time, probably.

The Break in the Croton Main.

A very serious damage has been sustained by many poor persons in the neighborhood of Fourth-avenue and Fifty-ninth-street, owing to the bursting of the main water-pipe at the intersection of those thoroughfares, on Monday night, as reported in the TIMES. On each side of Fifty-ninth-street twenty shanties were flooded to the depth of twenty-five feet, and the lives of the inmates were greatly endangered. JERRY CURTIN, a blind man, who has lived for many years on the corner nearest the breach, has lost everything he possessed, and is now penniless and destitute, with a family depending upon him for support. His shanty is completely destroyed. He states that he went to bed about 11 o'clock. A few minutes after his wife got up to secure the door. Immediately upon getting out of bed she cried out that she was drowning. JERRY jumped up and found his shanty flooded with water. Before he could get out the water was up to his chin, and it was with the greatest difficulty that he rescued his family. Contributions from the benevolent public are earnestly requested for the unfortunate sufferers. Mr. BENJAMIN, No. 48 West Thirty-seventh-street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues, will gladly receive any funds donated.

The Case of George B. Davis.

The history of GEO. B. DAVIS, who, it will be remembered, made some grave but unfounded charges against Collector BAILEY, is a very peculiar one. It commences with his narrowly escaping conviction for felony at the "Old Bailey," in England. His friends, to get rid of him, supplied him with money to come to this country. Last year he achieved distinction in New-York by making charges against Collector BAILEY, on which charges Mr. BAILEY was acquitted by Commissioner OSBORNE, and a warrant was issued for the arrest of DAVIS as a perjurer, which DAVIS evaded by going to Canada. He became deputy fire marshal in a Canadian city, and was so zealous to serve the public that he went beyond his prescribed duties and set fire to several houses; at least, he was accused of doing so in a Canadian paper. Through this accusation the United States officials were informed of his whereabouts, and were taking steps for his arrest, when he offered to return and make important revelations concerning revenue officers if a safe conduct were guaranteed him. He did return, and was soon after arrested on the charge of perjury, and held also under a civil suit instituted by Collector BAILEY. All this happened last Fall. In March Mr. EVARTS looked into the case, and ordered DAVIS' release on condition that he should leave the country in fifteen days. The release was given to DAVIS' counsel, Mr. HENRY LAPAUGH, who did not, however, make use of it, because his client was held by the civil suit, in which the Attorney-General had no authority. On Wednesday Judge PIERREPONT's attention was called to the case; he immediately ordered DAVIS' release, and the form was gone through with, though DAVIS is still held in the other suit. The question has arisen whether DAVIS shall be prosecuted for perjury if he is in New-York at the expiration of fifteen days, it being of course impossible for him to comply with Mr. EVARTS' conditions and leave the country. Judge PIERREPONT says that the prosecution will go on if DAVIS is here. There can be no doubt that if prosecuting or not prosecuting is at the discretion of the Attorney-General, he may impose what conditions he pleases, and interpret them as he thinks best. But if DAVIS had a right to be released by reason of promises made to induce him to come to New-York, it might be questioned whether it would be fair to continue the suit for perjury when he is detained here by circumstances beyond his control.

The Widening of Church-street.

The demolition of buildings for the continuation of Church-street, from Fulton-street to the Battery, has been energetically commenced, and will soon be completed. The following are the buildings undergoing demolition: Nos. 186 and 188 Fulton-street, and parts of 184 and 190. Nos. 26, 28, 30, 27 and 29, and parts of 24, 32, 25, 31 and 33 Dey-street. Nos. 22, 24, 26, 23, 25, 27, and parts of 20, 28, 21 and 29 Cortlandt-street. Nos. 101, 103, 105, 100, 102, and part of 99 Liberty-street, 105, 107, 104, 106, and part of 109 Cedar-street. Beside these, the entire south side of Trinity-place, comprising many valuable public stores, will soon be destroyed, together with part of No. 12 Thames-street, 41, 43, 45, 47, and the rear parts of 49, 51, 43, 55, 57 and 59 Greenwich-street, and 8 and part of 6 Morris-street.

A short time ago the material of the stores in Fulton and Dey streets, that were to be taken down, were sold at auction. The highest price brought for any single store was only $1,225. The expense of demolition and removal was at the cost of the purchaser.

Women's Prison Association.

This Association was organized in 1845 for the improvement of the condition of prisoners, whether detained on trial or finally convicted, or as witnesses, and for the support and encouragement of reformed convicts after their discharge, by affording them an opportunity of obtaining an honest livelihood, and sustaining them in their efforts to reform. Mrs. T. C. DOREMUS is the First Directress, and Mrs. JAMES M. HALSTEAD, Treasurer.

From the twenty-fourth annual report of the Association it appears that there were remaining at the Home, January 1, 42; received during the year, 420; total, 462. Sent to service, 255; sent to hospital, 15; sent to alms-house, 7; left to provide for themselves, 30; left without permission, 25; sent to day's labor and did not return, 38; discharged, 45; remaining December 31, 47; total, 462.

The receipts during the year amounted to $6,953 34, and the expenditures to $6,865 90, leaving the small balance of $87 44 in the Treasury. Of the mortgage on the building $2,000 have been paid off.

The Home is located at No. 191 Tenth-avenue. Donations may sent there or to the Treasurer, Mrs. HALSTEAD, at No. 18 West Seventeenth-street.

Pigeon Shooting—Match for $1,000.

Yesterday the match for $1,000, between JAMES WARD, of Toronto, the champion pigeon-shot of Canada, and IRA PAYNE, of this City, came off on the Seacaucus Race-course, New-Jersey. The match was at one hundred birds each, fifty from a ground-trap, and the balance from a spring or plunge trap. The attendance was not so large as on the previous day, when TINKER and TAYLOR shot their match, there not being so much interest attached to it. PAYNE won very cleverly, shooting in splendid style, and killing thirty-nine birds in succession from the spring-trap, missing the fortieth, and killing the remaining ten, although the match was won on the ninety-second bird. Of the fifty from the ground-trap, which were shot at first, he killed forty-four; WARD killing thirty-eight out of the same number, and thirty-five out of forty from the spring-trap, when be resigned the contest, finding it impossible to win.

EDWARD TINKER, who shot the match with Mr. TAYLOR for the championship, is ready to stake $100 against $1,000 that he can kill fifty birds in succession from a spring-trap; to find and to trap his own birds; twenty-one yards' rise and eighty yards' boundary.

The Cuban Patriotic Fair.

The Cuban Fair at Apollo Hall, for the benefit of the sick and wounded insurgents, has proved quite a success since it opened on Tuesday. Over $2,000 have been thus far received. The donations to the enterprise have been to the extent of $30,000, among which was a set of jewelry by a Cuban family valued at $15,000. Many other costly jewels have been donated by patriotic ladies. Several excellent paintings by Cuban artists are also for sale, and the prices of all articles on the tables are moderate. Mr. DU CHAILLU, the explorer in Africa, has loaned the Fair the head of a gorilla, with the skin upon it, in a dried state. It is on exhibition by a young Cuban beauty at 10 cents. The skull is a decided favorite, and grins perpetual satisfaction. Mr. DU CHAILLU himself was a feature of the Fair yesterday, and scattered money commensurately with his great lecturing successes.

New Masonic Lodge Rooms.

Within a few days a new suite of Masonic lodge rooms will be dedicated in this City, which have been pronounced by competent judges to be unsurpassed in every respect. The main room is situated on the upper floor of the new building at the southwest corner of the Bowery and Bleecker-street, and adjacent thereto are six large ante-rooms, consisting of the upper floors of the two adjoining buildings in Bleecker-street. The main room measures in area 36x43 feet, and has the most complete means of ventilation. The furniture is of black walnut, elegantly finished, and all the appointments of the room are of the richest order. The building is owned by Mr. ROBERT IRWIN, and is surmounted by a cupola, in which a clock is to be placed, which will be illuminated at night for public convenience. Among the lodges which have engaged the new rooms are Keystone, Ionic, Neptune, Mariners, Humboldt and others.

The Howard Mission.

The statement in the public Press that Mr. W. H. SUTTON, of Jersey City, had been appointed Superintendent of the Howard Mission and Home for Little Wanderers, in place of Mr. VAN METER, resigned, is incorrect. Mr. SUTTON is in charge of the Sunday School of the Mission, but the Superintendent's office is still vacant. The position was recently tendered to Rev. E. D. MURPHY, pastor of the New-York Port Society Mariners' Church, (corner Madison and Catharine streets,) who was urged to accept, upon very liberal terms, but as the church manifested the utmost reluctance to part with its popular pastor, he declined the call. In yielding to the wishes of his congregation, Mr. MURPHY made considerable sacrifice of personal interests, while he disappointed the hopes of many who have the welfare of the Mission at heart.

Interest on City Stocks.

Comptroller CONNOLLY will to-day pay the interest on the bonds and stocks of the City and county, through City Chamberlain SWEENEY, in the new County Court-house. The stocks and bonds are as follows:

	Principal.	Interest.
City	$33,353,680 80	$578,668 14
County	15,888,311 50	494,206 48
Totals	$49,241,992 30	$1,072,874 62

The Commissioners of the Sinking Fund at the present time hold of the above amount of stocks the following:

	Principal.	Interest.
City	$11,903,112 30	$217,516 44
County	3,206,300 00	97,676 73
Totals	$15,229,412 30	$315,193 17

LAW REPORTS.

UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT.

THE INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS—UNIFORMITY OF TAXATION—RETURNS IN COIN—THE TAX ON BUSINESS—IT IS NOT A DIRECT TAX, BUT A DUTY OR EXCISE—DIRECT TAXES CONSIDERED AND DEFINED.

The Pacific Insurance Company vs. *Frank Soule, Collector of Internal Revenue.*—On a certificate of division from the Circuit Court of California, Mr. Justice SWAYNE delivered the opinion of the Court: The plaintiff brought an action to recover back certain taxes upon its business and income, which it had paid to the defendant upon compulsion and under protest. The defendant demurred to the plaintiff's complaint. Upon the argument of the demurrer, the opinions of the Judges of the Circuit Court were opposed upon seven questions, which are set forth in the record. According to the view which we take of the case, it will be sufficient to answer two of them. They cover the entire grounds of the controversy between the parties, and their determination will be conclusive. They are the first and the sixth. The first is: Whether that portion of the ninth section of the act of Congress approved July 13, 1866, entitled "An Act to reduce internal taxation, and to amend an act entitled 'An Act to provide internal revenue to support the Government, to pay interest on the public debt and for other purposes,'" approved June 30, 1864, and acts amendatory thereof, which provides as follows, to wit: "That it shall be the duty of all persons required to make returns or lists of income, and articles or objects charged with an internal tax, to declare in such returns or lists whether the several rates and amounts therein contained are stated according to their values in legal-tender currency, or according to their values in coined money; and in case of neglect or refusal so to declare, to the satisfaction of the Assistant Assessor receiving such returns or lists, such Assistant Assessor is hereby required to make returns or lists for such persons neglecting or refusing, as in cases of persons neglecting or refusing to make the returns or lists required by the acts aforesaid, and to assess the duty thereon, and to add thereto the amount of penalties imposed by law in cases of such neglect or refusal. And whenever the rates and amounts contained in the returns or lists as aforesaid shall be stated in coined money, it shall be the duty of each Assessor receiving the same to reduce such rates and amounts to their equivalent in legal-tender currency, according to the value of such coined money in said currency, for the time covered by said returns. And the lists required by law to be furnished to Collectors by Assessors shall in all cases contain the several amounts of taxes or duties assessed, estimated or valued in legal-tender currency only—is to be construed as merely providing a rule as to the currency in which accounts, returns and lists are to be stated, with a view to uniformity in keeping the accounts of internal revenue, or whether it is to be construed as denying to a person who has received in coined money, incomes or other moneys subject to tax or duty, the right to return the amount thereof in the currency in which it was actually received, and to pay the tax or duty thereon in legal-tender currency, and be construed to require that the difference between coined money and legal-tender currency shall be added to his return when made in coined money, and that he shall pay the tax or duty upon the amount thus increased." We think there can be no doubt as to the proper solution of this question. A brief analysis of the provisions of the statute which bear upon the subject will be sufficient to maintain the conclusion at which we have arrived:

1. The person making the return is required to declare whether the amounts set forth in it are stated according to their value in legal-tender currency or in coined money.

2. If he fail to do so he is subjected to a penalty, and the Assessor is required to make the returns for him.

3. The list, with all the amounts therein stated, according to their values in legal-tender currency, is to be placed by the Assessor in the hands of the collector.

4. The Assessor is charged with the aggregate amount and credited with his collections and otherwise, as is provided by the statute.

5. The taxes are made a lien, and, in default of payment, property is to be seized and sold by the Collector. Both personal and real estate are liable. Full directions are given for the conduct of the proceedings.

The meaning of the statute, examined by its own light, is so clear that argument or illustration is unnecessary. It was the object of Congress to provide a uniform basis of taxation, in order to secure uniformity in the burdens imposed. "Equality is equity." According to the theory of the plaintiff, it had a right to have the assessment made upon the amounts received in coin, and to pay in currency, while others, whose receipts were in currency, were to be taxed upon that basis, and to pay in the same medium as the plaintiff. Such a result would be subversive of the plainest principles of reason and justice. It cannot be supposed that such was the intention of those who framed the law. Certainly nothing in its language would warrant the construction contended for. Where the power of taxation exercised by Congress is warranted by the Constitution as to mode and subject, it is, necessarily, unlimited in its nature. Congress may prescribe the basis, fix the rates, and require payment as it may deem proper. Within the limits of the Constitution it is supreme in its action. No power of supervision or control is lodged in either of the other departments of the Government. To this question it must be answered that the statute did deny to the plaintiff the right to have the assessment made otherwise than as it was made by the Assessor, and that it required the plaintiff to pay the amount of the taxes set forth in the list delivered by the Assessor to the Collector, and which was paid by the plaintiff under protest, as appears by the record.

The sixth question is, "Whether the taxes paid by the plaintiff, and sought to be recovered back in this action, are not direct taxes, within the meaning of the Constitution of the United States?"

In considering this subject it is proper to advert to the several provisions of the Constitution relating to taxation by Congress. "Representatives shall be apportioned among the several States which shall be included in this Union according to their respective numbers." (Art. 1, Sec. 2.) "Congress shall have power to lay and collect taxes, duties, imports and excises; to pay debts and provide for the common defence and welfare of the United States." (Art. 1, Sec. 8.) "No capitation or other direct tax shall be laid unless in proportion of the census of enumeration hereinbefore directed to be taken." "No tax or duty shall be laid on articles exported from any State." (Art. 1, Sec. 9.) These clauses contain the entire grant of the taxing power by the organic law, with the limitations which that instrument imposes. The National Government, though supreme within its own sphere, is one of limited jurisdiction and specific functions. It has no faculties but such as the Constitution has given it, either expressly or incidentally, by necessary intendment. Whenever any act done under its authority is challenged, the proper sanction must be found in its charter, or the act is *ultra vires* and void. This test must be applied in the examination of the question before us. If the tax to which it refers is a "direct tax," it is clear that it has not been laid in conformity to the requirements of the Constitution. It is, therefore, necessary to ascertain to which of the categories named in the eighth section of the first article it belongs. What are direct taxes was elaborately argued and considered by this Court in Hylton *vs.* The United States, (3 Doll., 321,) decided in the year 1796. One of the members of the Court, Mr. Justice Wilson, had been a distinguished member of the Convention which framed the Constitution. It was unanimously held by the four Justices who heard the argument, that a tax upon carriages, kept by the owner for his own use, was not a direct tax. Mr. Justice Chase said: "I am inclined to think, but of this I do not give a judicial opinion, that the direct taxes contemplated by the Constitution are only two, to-wit: a capitation or poll-tax simply, without regard to property, profession, or any other circumstance, and a tax on land." Patterson, Justice, followed in the same line of remark. He said: "I never entertained a doubt that the principal, I will not say the only object the framers of the Constitution contemplated, as failing within the rule of apportionment, was a capitation tax and a tax on land." Again he said: "The Constitution declares that a capitation tax is a direct tax; and both in theory and practice, a tax on land is deemed to be a direct tax. In this way the terms 'direct taxes' and 'capitation and other direct tax' are satisfied." The views expressed in this case are adopted by Chancellor Kent and Justice Story in their examination of the subject, (1 Kent's Com., 267; Story on the Constitution, 670; see, also, Rowle on the Constitution, 8; *The Federalist*, No. 34, and And. Tuck, Black, IV., App. 294.) Duties are defined by Tomlin to be things due and recoverable by law. The term in its widest signification is hardly less comprehensive than "taxes." It is applied in its most restricted meaning to customs; and in that sense is nearly the synonym of "imposts," (Tomlin's Law Die, "Duty;" 1 Story's Constitution, sec. 952; Hylton vs. U. S., 3 Doll., 171.) Impost is a duty on imported goods and merchandise. In a larger sense, it is any tax or imposition, (Story's Constu., Obr., sec. 474.) Cowell says it is distinguished from custom "because custom is rather the profit which the prince makes on goods shipped out." Mr. Madison considered the terms "duties" and "imposts" in these clauses as synonymous, (Cowell's Intr. "Impost," 1 Story, Constu., 669—note.) Judge Tucker thought "they were probably intended to comprehend every species of tax or contribution not included under the ordinary terms "taxes and excises." Excise is defined to be an inland imposition, sometimes upon the consumption of the commodity, and sometimes upon the retail sale, sometimes upon the manufacturer and sometimes upon the vender, (Bateman's Excise Law, 96; 1 Story's Constu., 953; 1 Black. Com., 318; 1 Tuck. Black., App., 341.) The taxing power is given in the most comprehensive terms. The only limitations imposed are that direct taxes, including the capitation tax, shall be apportioned; that duties, excises and imposts shall be uniform, and that no duties shall be imposed upon articles exported from any State. With these exceptions, the exercise of the power is in all respects unfettered. If a tax upon carriages, kept for his own use by the owner, is not a direct tax, we can see no ground upon which a tax upon the business of an insurance company can be held to belong to that class of revenue charges. It has been held that Congress may require direct taxes to be laid and collected in the Territories as well as in the States. (Louborough *vs.* Blake, 5 Wheat., 317.) The consequences which would follow the apportionment of the tax in question among the States and Territories of the Union in the manner prescribed by the Constitution, must not be overlooked. They are very obvious. Where such corporations are numerous and rich, it might be light; where none exist it could not be collected; where they are few and poor, it would fall upon them with such weight as to involve annihilation. It cannot be supposed that the framers of the Constitution intended that any tax should be apportioned, the collection of which on that principle would be attended with such results. The consequences are fatal to the proposition. To the question under consideration it must be answered that the tax to which it relates is not a direct tax, but a duty or excise; that it was obligatory on the plaintiff to pay it. The other questions certified up are deemed to be sufficiently answered by the answers given to the first and sixth questions.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—SOUTHERN DISTRICT.

APPOINTMENT OF A UNITED STATES COMMISSIONER.

Mr. John A. Shields, who has been for several years an assistant in the office of the Clerk of this Court, has been appointed by the Court a Commissioner of the United States and Examiner in Chancery.

COMMON PLEAS—SPECIAL TERM—APRIL 30.

Before Judge Daly.

A BRIEF PARTNERSHIP.

Charles W. Spicer vs. *Isaac Harescsup.*—Plaintiff and defendant engaged as partners in the manufacture of paper bags. Six weeks only had elapsed when defendant sent notice to plaintiff that the association was not profitable to him, (defendant,) and from that date plaintiff might consider it at an end.

Plaintiff objected to this, and made application to the Court for a receiver. The amount of property in question being only about $3,000, the Court thought there would not be enough to pay the expenses of a receivership, and directed that the defendant give a satisfactory bond to account for such portion of the property as might be determined to belong to the plaintiff.

H. F. Averill for motion; H. Dailey, Jr., opposing.

CONTEMPT OF COURT.

Edward F. Hogan vs. *John O'Gorman.*—An application was made to punish the defendant for contempt, in not submitting decorously to a supplemental examination.

It appeared by the affidavit in favor of the motion that the defendant was being examined with reasonable satisfaction, when his attorney appeared and stated that he was not in a condition to submit to an examination, whereupon the defendant suddenly grew very violent and intractable, and the examination was necessarily abandoned. The referee intimated in his report that O'Gorman was either drunk or insane. In explanation of his conduct defendant swore that the occurrence took place on Easter Monday, that the day previous he had celebrated in the manner to which he had been accustomed, and that the influence of that celebration caused all the trouble. The Court adjourned the motion, with directions that the defendant present himself on the day of adjournment for examination.

W. H. Rooney for motion; Justice Palmer for defendant.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS.

Before Judge Bedford.

Nothing was done at this Court yesterday; it merely met and then was adjourned for the term.

UNITED STATES COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE.

Before Commissioner Osborn.

The Sherlock case was on again yesterday. Sherlock & Co. are charged with doing business as wholesale liquor dealers without a license, at a vinegar factory in Twenty-fifth-street. Messrs. Tremaine and Tyler, counsels for the defendant, produced a witness named McKay, who testified that there were two concerns under the name of Sherlock & Co., composed of the same men, but doing business separately; one in Twenty-fifth-street, as vinegar manufacturers, the other in Pearl-street, as merchandise brokers. The bills, orders, &c., referring to liquors, which were produced by the prosecution as evidence of dealings in liquor, were thus explained as connected with the commission business in Pearl-street.

The case was then adjourned.

DECISIONS.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM—APRIL 30.

By Judge Sutherland.

Wm. Fielder et al. *vs.* The Mayor of New-York, &c.; Matthew Wilk *vs.* The Same, and Abner L. Ely *vs.* The Same; judgment for defendants on demurrer.

Hiram Cranston *vs.* James M. Plumb et al.; judgment for plaintiff, with leave to defendants to answer in twenty days on payment of costs of demurrer.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—APRIL 30.

By Judge Cardozo.

In the matter of the application of R. D. Wood to sequester property of the New-York Building Block Company; order granted and receiver appointed.

In the matter of the application of the Third Congregational Unitarian Church of New-York; order granted to sell, &c.

Lorillard, &c., *vs.* Lorillard; memoranda for counsel.

Smith *vs.* Board; case of amendments settled.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM—APRIL 30.

By Judge Monell.

John Lunt, Receiver, &c., *vs.* W. D. Robinson; motion granted.

Henry Bowers *vs.* Anthony Arnoux et al.; motion granted.

Home Insurance Company *vs.* George T. Alvord et al.; motion granted.

Benjamin Hayne *vs.* Owen O'Connor; motion granted.

Augusta Shea *vs.* Terence Flynn; motion granted.

Helen L. Weeks *vs.* Jacob Weeks; report of referee confirmed, and judgment of divorce granted.

Banuk de Beer et al. *vs.* Daniel T. Young et al.; motion granted.

Bernard McElroy *vs.* Cornelius Killeen; motion granted and cause referred.

Mary Ann Martin *vs.* Charles D. Sweeny; motion granted.

Louis Walschinski *vs.* Peter E. Fitzpatrick: motion dismissing complaint against Fitzpatrick granted.

By Judge McCunn.

Eliza C. Schenck et al *vs.* John J. Morris; case settled and filed. I see no reason why my reasoning as set forth by defendant's amendments should not be allowed.

COMMON PLEAS—SPECIAL TERM—APRIL 30.

By Judge Barrett.

Jardine *vs.* Dunbar; the return must be amended or the Justice must state specifically that the testimony set forth in the moving affidavits was not given.

POLICE COURTS.

The Tombs—Dowling, Justice.

BURGLARY.

George Dupont, a laborer, aged 33 and a native of France, was arraigned yesterday on a charge of having feloniously entered the building No. 27 Lispenard-street, through the basement, and stealing therefrom $10 worth of lead pipe, the property of John P. Moore, of No. 110 Madison-street. As the prisoner had been found in possession of the stolen property, he was fully committed.

Essex Market—Shandley, Justice.

BURGLARY.

Edward Ferris Eastwood was brought before this Court by Officer Tynam, of the Seventeenth Precinct, on a charge of having broken into the basement of the house No. 220 East Eleventh-street. At 3 o'clock yesterday morning, the officer saw the prisoner and another man sitting on the steps of said premises, and afterward discovered that the house had been broken into. He arrested Eastwood, who is held to answer in default of $2,000 bail. The accomplice escaped.

ARSON.

Wm. Gordon was arrested yesterday by Officer Cairns, of the Seventh Precinct, on the complaint of Patrick Parker, for having maliciously attempted to set fire to the house in which they both live, No. 16 Hamilton-street. The accused commenced by breaking the dishes, and wound up by throwing kerosene oil into the stove, and putting the bed-clothes in it as well. Of course they burned, causing such a smoke as to alarm the people in the house. By them the flames were extinguished, and Gordon was arrested. He now awaits examination.

Jefferson Market—Dodge, Justice.

BURGLARY.

Andrew Haines, of West Twenty-seventh-street, was arraigned before Justice DODGE to answer the charge of having feloniously entered the premises of Jeremiah Drew, No. 318 West Twentieth-street, on the night of the 24th of April, and having taken therefrom a trunk and clothing valued at $62. Mr. Drew was absent from home on that evening until 10 o'clock P. M., and deposes that the door was locked by him on his departure from the house some three hours before—on his return it was open, and the lock broken off and his property gone. He made inquiries in the neighborhood, and was informed by Catharine Flessicher and Carl W. Pau that they had seen prisoner standing on deponent's front stoop that evening. He also learned from a car driver on the Seventh-avenue Railroad that a man, answering the description given of Haines, with a trunk, rode from Thirty-ninth to Twenty-seventh-street. Mr. Drew had Andrew arrested by Officer Reilly, of the Twentieth Precinct, and he is now held for examination.

BUSINESS AND PLEASURE COMBINED.

Barbara Eigner, a single woman, residing at No. 207 West Twenty-ninth-street, appeared before this Court yesterday morning, and stated that William Wolf, a German, aged 30 years, and living in Chrystie-street, invited her to go with him to the Central Park on Sunday, the 25th. She did, and had in the pocket of her dress at the same time $69 75. Being fatigued by walking, Herr Wolf escorted the fair Barbara to a shady seat, where he declared his love for her and implored her to be his. While pressing his suit, he managed to insert his fingers into her pocket and abstracted therefrom this money. Miss Eigner, on discovering her loss and suspecting William to be the thief, had him arrested by Officer Butcher, of the Sixteenth Precinct. And he is now committed to answer without bail.

Yorkville—Connolly, Justice.

STEALING JEWELRY.

A colored man, a native of Virginia, named James Thompson, was brought before Justice CONNOLLY yesterday afternoon, charged with stealing $275 worth of jewelry from Mrs. Esther Marks, of One Hundred and Ninth-street, between First and Second avenues. Mrs. Marks testified that the prisoner entered her dwelling in a secret manner, and without the knowledge of any one in the house; and that going to her room, he secured the jewelry, and secreted the same. He was arrested in the act of leaving the premises by Officer Murphy, of the Twenty-third Precinct, who, by threats, compelled Thompson to disclose where he had hidden the articles. Thompson was committed for examination in default of bail.

POLICE TRIALS.

Before Commissioner Manierre.

Twenty-one patrolmen were tried yesterday for violation of the rules of the Department.

ALLEGED INHUMAN TREATMENT OF A PRISONER.

Patrolman John Hennessy, of the Forty-third (Brooklyn) Precinct, was charged with having used severe and unnecessary violence toward a prisoner named James Haggerty, while conveying him to the Station-house, about 7 o'clock on the evening of the 12th of April. It will be remembered that the verdict at the Coroner's inquest charged that Haggerty's death was occasioned "through violence received upon the head at the hands of Dennis M. Egan and John Hennessy." The testimony before the Commissioner was voluminous.

Henry Thomas, residing at No. 262 Degraw-street, testified that when he saw Haggerty in the officer's custody, he appeared to be unable to stand, and was sinking down; the officer threw him on the sidewalk, saying, with an oath, "Go, then;" then the officer drew his club and struck him on the soles of his boots.

Wm. G. Hawkins, residing at No. 410 Union-street, testified to seeing the officer give Haggerty a shove, when the latter fell on his side and rolled over on his face; as Hennessy gave the shove he exclaimed, "Lie there;" witness volunteered to assist the officer, but the proffer was declined.

Wm. Gilbert, residing at No. 281 Union-street: First saw Haggerty lying in the street near the railroad track; an unsuccessful attempt had been made to put him on the car; the conductor, it was stated, refused to receive him; the officer got him on the sidewalk, when he leaned back against an empty beer barrel; Hennessy then struck him three times on the head with his club; witness was not over five feet away, and nothing intervened between him and the officer; at the first blow, which was not given with much force, Hennessy remarked, "I guess that will wake him up;" witness thought Haggerty had hold of the officer's belt, or some part of his body, when he first sat down by the barrel.

John W. Graden, Jr., residing at No. 291 Union-street, called for the defence, testified that the prisoner had hold of the officer's belt and would not let go, and the latter tapped him three times on the knuckles; Mr. Gilbert was on one side of the officer and witness the other; if the officer had struck Haggerty on the head witness would have seen it; witness accompanied the officer and prisoner to the Station-house; did not hear the profane language the other witness had stated was used; the prisoner fell twice going to the Station-house; another officer assisted Hennessy when within about 200 feet of the Station-house; the whole distance traversed was about five and a half blocks; thought the officer treated the prisoner kindly.

James A. Sackett, residing at No. 37 Douglass-street, testified to seeing the parties while on the way to the Station-house; the prisoner fell several times from exhaustion; supposed him to be very much intoxicated; saw no violence used; witness described the proceedings at the Station-house when the prisoner was laid upon the floor and searched; at that time noticed a scratch on the prisoner's forehead and that his knuckles were bleeding; regarded Hennessy's conduct as humane, although he acted as though he was a little out of patience and fatigued; he was covered with perspiration.

Miss Minnie Gardener, residing at No. 301 Union-street, testified to seeing the officer pick up Haggerty and take him upon the sidewalk; saw the officer strike him upon the feet; was sure he did not strike him on the head; witness was on the opposite side of the street at the time.

Miss Mary Gardener, sister of last witness, testified to seeing the prisoner struck on the knuckles.

John Ridley, residing at No. 37 Atlantic-street, testified that on the afternoon in question he was in the saloon, corner of Union and Smith streets; between three and four o'clock Haggerty came there, and offered to fight any man in the back room for $1,000; finally Mr. Egan took him out of the side door; witness went out and found Haggerty prostrate, with his head on the threshold of the door; took him in the hallway and a slight wound was found on the back of the head, which was washed; he was placed in a chair, but got up, staggered forward and bumped his eye against the window sill, which made a bruise; witness subsequently tried to assist him on the cars, but he became unmanageable and was left in the street; saw the officer when he took charge of his prisoner, and when he was on the sidewalk near the barrels; did not see the officer raise his club at all; saw no blow struck; did not think any could have been struck without his seeing it.

James E. Slater, residing at No. 121 Hoyt-street, one of the proprietors of the saloon, testified to seeing the transaction; saw only one blow struck, and that was upon the prisoner's knuckles.

Henry West, colored, testified that he was white-washing in the basement under the saloon; he heard a noise and rushed up and saw some one had shoved Haggerty out; his head lay toward the street; he had fallen on the back of his head; he groaned very hard; three persons dragged him in and set him up against the side of the hall, his chin dropping on his chest; must have staid in the hallway as much as half an hour; he was bleeding very bad, the blood running down from the back of his head down his neck.

Thomas F. Mullins testified to seeing the officer strike Haggerty on the knuckles or wrist—was not certain which; stood right by the officer; saw him strike but once; when the officer raised his club, witness said, "Hennessy, don't club him."

Samuel Reamer, residing at No. 286 Union-street, testified that while on the way to the Station-house, between Degraw and Douglass-street, the prisoner fell, when Hennessey struck him on the sole of his boot and said: "Get up; you can walk as well as I can; if you don't get up I will let you stay till the snow and rain is all over you; if you don't get up the boys will throw snow all over you;" Mr. Haggerty appeared to make no resistance.

This case was then adjourned for one week.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—April 30, 1869.

$5,000	U. S. 6s, '81, C.	118¼	$1,000	M. & St. P. 1st.	91½
10,000	U.S. 5-20 R., '64,	118⅜	2,000	Tol. P. & W. 1st East. Div.	97
10,000	U. S. 5-20 C., '64c	117⅞	1,000	Chi. & Alt. 1st M	101½
5,000	U. S. 5-20 C., '65.	119⅜	2,000	Chi. & N. W. S. F. Bds 2dc.	87
5,000	U. S. 5-20 C., '67, c.	116⅝	20	Ocean Bank	103½
50,000	do. c	116¾	100	Continental Bank	101
60,000	do. b3	116¾	13	Cent. Nat. Bank.	110½
60,000	do	116¾	1,000	West. U. Tel.	43⅛
2,000	U.S. 5-20 C., '68,	116⅝	200	do. 2d c.	43⅜
2,000	U. S. 5s, 10-40 R.	107½	20	P. M. St. Co.	93¾
47,000	U. S. 5s, 10-40, C	108¼	10	do. bet call	94⅜
60,000	U. S. 6s Cur.	106⅜	9	Del. & Hud. Can.	130
5,000	Tenn. St. 6s. n.	68¼	100	Boston W. P.	16
67,000	do.	68	110	Adams Express.	62
20,000	Va. St. 6s, x c.	58¾	200	Wells-Far. Ex.	36
5,000	do. 2d call	68	50	do.	36¼
20,000	do.	59	50	A. M. U. Ex.	41⅝
1,000	Va. St. 6s, new.	62½	300	N. Y. Cen. R.	175¼
20,000	do.	63	30	do.	175
15,000	Ga. St. 7s.	96	200	Hudson R.	156
2,000	N. C. S. 6s.	61½	50	Harlem	148
10,000	N. C. S. 6s, New.	54¾	200	do.	150
20,000	do.	55	800	Reading	97½
17,000	Mo. St. 6s.	88¼	100	Mich. Southern.	103¼
5,000	La. 8s, L. Bds.	89½	200	do.	103⅜
5,000	La. 6s, Lev. Bs.	73	100	Clev. & P. R. b10.	93
5,000	Brook. 6s, W. L.	95⅜	300	Chi. & N. W.	87⅜
1,000	Erie 2d M., '79.	94	600	do.	87½
1,000	Erie 4th M.	80	800	do.	87⅝
6,500	N. Y. Cen. 6s, '83	92	600	Lake Shore.	102⅛
2,000	Mich. S. 2d M.	94½	20	C. C. Cin. & I. R.	67
1,000	C. & N. W. Con. Con'ble Bds.	98	5	do.	68
6,000	do.	97¾	200	M. & St. P. Pf.	86⅝
1,000	Del. L. & W. 1st	93½	600	do.	86¾
5,000	Tol. & W. con. conv. bds.	83¼	200	do. b30	87
20,000	do.	83	100	do.	86⅝
1,000	Mor. & Es. 1st.	99¾	20	Del., L. & W.	116
6,000	Mor. & Es. 2d M.	92	100	do.	115½
4,000	C. & T. S. F. Bs.	99	100	Tol., W. & W. Pf.	79
20,000	C., C. & Ind. Cen. 1st M.	86½	30	N. J. Cen.	111½
15,000	do.	86⅜	600	Chic. & Alt.	161½
10,000	do.	86¼	100	Ohio & Miss.	33¾
10,000	Col. C. & Ind. C. 2d M.	81	100	Chi. & Alt. Pf.	161½
5,000	N.J. Cen. n. bds	98	20	H. & St. Jo. R.	115
			5	do.	116
			100	H. & St. J. R. Pf.	113
			300	Col. C. & I. C. R.	49
			63	Dub. & S. C. b call	116

SECOND BOARD—12½ P. M.

$1,500	U. S. 5-20, R. '62.	113⅛	$14,000	U. S. 5-20 C., '65, new.	116⅛
20,000	do.	113¼	5,000	U. S. 5-20 C., '67. c.	116⅝
43,500	U. S. 5-20 C., '62.	121⅞	720,000	do.	116½
2,000	do.	121⅝	15,000	U. S. 5-20 C., '68.	116½
15,000	U. S. 5-20 C. '64.	117⅞	50,000	U.S. 6s Cur. s3	106¼
9,500	do.	117⅝	2,000	U.S. 5s, 10-40 C.	108
1,000	U. S. 5-20 C., '65	119⅛	5,000	do.	108⅛
6,000	do. b3	119¼			

SECOND BOARD—2¼ P. M.

$10,000	Tenn. St. 6s, xc	69	69	Del. & H. C.	130
5,000	Tenn. 6s, new.	67¾	100	West. U. Tel.	43⅛
1,000	N. Car. St. 6s, New.	55	100	Quick. Min. Co.	21
10,000	La. 8s, Lev. B.	90	100	Mariposa Pf. b10	43⅝
5,000	N. Y. Cen. 6's 83	92¼	200	Wells-Fargo.	36
500	do.	92	200	Amer. M. U. Ex.	41⅞
1,000	do.	92½	100	Adams Ex. b. c.	62
5,000	Mar. T. 10s, Ctfs	70	34	Mich. Central.	128
5	Bank of the Commonwealth.	114	100	Chic. & N. W.	87
3,000	Col. C. & I. C. 1st	86¼	100	Mil. & St. P. s30	78¼
10,000	do.	86	100	do.	79
2,000	Chi. & N. W. Conv't Bds.	97¾	100	do. s30	78⅛
			100	do. b30	79
			100	Col. C. & I. C.	48⅞
			100	do.	48¼

OPEN BOARD—10 A. M.

10	Merch. Un. Ex.	15½	300	Mil. & St. P. Pf.	86¾
100	Wells-Fargo Ex.	35¾	100	Fort Wayne.	140¼
100	do.	36	100	do.	140
100	Quicksilver.	21	200	Ohio & Miss.	33⅝
100	Mariposa Pf.	42¾	200	do.	33¾
200	Pacific Mail.	94	100	do. b30	33⅞
100	do.	93⅞	100	do. b10	33¾
100	Adams Ex.	62	1200	Mich. S. & N. I.	103¼
200	West U. T. b10	42⅝	1100	do.	103⅜
1,100	N. Y. Cent'l.	175½	300	do. c	103¼
1,800	do.	175⅝	200	do. b10	103⅜
400	do. b5	175¾	200	do. s5	103¼
800	do.	175¾	300	do. c	103⅛
800	do. b3	175⅝	300	do. b3	103¼
500	do. c	175½	400	Clev. & Pitts.	93¼
400	do.	175⅜	400	Lake Shore.	102⅝
200	Chic. & Alton.	161	600	Chi., R. I. & P.	139⅛
800	Hudson.	156	200	do.	139⅛
200	do.	155¾	300	do.	139
100	do.	155⅞	400	do.	138¾
200	Harlem.	148¾	200	do.	138⅞
300	do.	149	1100	Chic. & N. W.	87⅜
200	do.	148¾	300	do. b10	87½
800	Reading.	97	200	do. c	87⅜
2200	do.	97⅛	200	do. b5	87⅜
400	do. c	97	1500	do.	87¼
300	Mil. & S. P.	78	400	Chi. & N. W. Pf.	99½
100	do. b10	78	800	do. s3	99
200	do.	77⅞			

OPEN BOARD—1 P. M.

100	Adams Express.	62¼	100	Chi. & Alt.	162
100	Wells-Fargo.	35¾	200	do.	161½
100	U. S. Ex.	63	800	Mil. & St. P. Pf.	87¼
200	Quicksilver.	21	200	do. b5	87⅜
500	Mariposa Pf.	43½	300	do.	87⅜
200	do.	43⅝	100	do. b10	87½
200	Pacific Mail.	93⅝	300	do.	87½
100	do. c	93⅝	500	do.	87¾
200	West. U. T.	43½	300	do.	87⅞
200	N. Y. Cen.	177⅝	200	do. c	87¾
1200	do.	177¼	200	do. s10	87⅝
200	do. b5	177⅞	200	do. b5	87¾
1100	do.	177⅞	100	Fort Wayne.	140⅜
300	do. c	177¾	200	C. C. & Ind. C.	48¾
300	do. b10	178	200	do.	49
400	do. c	177⅞	100	do.	48⅞
1100	do.	178	500	Ohio & Miss. b10	33⅞
300	Hudson R. R.	157½	400	do. b30	34
15	do.	156½	800	do. s3	33¾
800	Reading.	96¾	600	M. So. & N. I.	103⅛
200	do. b5	96⅞	500	do.	103⅝
200	do. c	96¾	300	do. c	103½
500	do. b3	96⅞	400	Clev. & Pitts.	93¼
200	Harlem.	151½	200	do. c	93¼
200	do.	151¾	500	do. s60	92⅛
100	Alt. & T. H. Pf.	69	400	do. b10	93⅜
100	T., W. & W.	73¾	400	do.	93⅜
100	do. c	73⅛	200	Lake Shore R.	103¼
200	do. b3	73⅝	300	Chic., R. I. & P.	138⅛
100	do. b10	73⅝	600	do.	138½
200	Mil. & St. P.	78¼	100	do. b10	138⅛
100	do.	78⅞	200	do. c	138⅜
400	do.	79	200	Chi. & N. W.	87⅜
500	do.	79½	100	do.	87½
300	do.	79¼	400	do. c	87½
100	do. s10	79⅛	600	do.	87¼
100	do. c	79¼	400	Chi. & N. W. Pf.	99
100	do.	79⅜			

OPEN BOARD—3½ P. M.

$10,000	N. C. 6s, New.	55¼	200	Mil. & St. P.	78¼
10,000	Tenn. 6s, new.	67⅛	500	do.	78
100	Adams Ex.	62	200	Fort Wayne.	140¼
100	Pacific Mail.	93⅜	100	Col. C. & In. Cen.	48⅝
100	West. U. Tel.	43¼	300	Ohio & Miss.	33½
100	Mariposa Pref.	43⅜	200	do.	33⅜
100	N. Y. Cen.	177	200	Mich. So. & N. I.	103⅜
100	do. b15	176⅞	200	do.	103¼
200	do.	176⅞	100	do. b10	103⅜
100	Hud. R.	157¼	100	do. b5	103⅜
100	T., W. & W.	73¼	100	Clev. & P.	93
100	do.	73½	800	Lake Shore.	102¾
300	Reading.	96⅝	300	C., R. I. & P.	137⅛
800	do.	96⅝	500	Chic. & N. W.	86⅞
500	do.	96⅝	200	do. b3	86⅞
400	do. b10	96⅝	600	do.	86¾
1600	do. s3	96⅞	200	do. b3	86⅞
1200	do. b3	96⅝	300	Chic. & N. W. Pf.	98½
200	Mil. & St. P. Pf.	87½			

NEW NATIONAL BOARD—NOON.

100	Mariposa.	18¼	400	Reading. b3	97⅛
200	do.	18½	1000	do.	97
200	Wells-Fargo Ex.	35⅝	200	do. b3	97
300	Mer. Union Ex.	15¼	100	do.	97⅛
100	A. M. U. Ex. Co.	41	100	Mich. So. R. b30	103⅜
200	Quick. Min. Co.	20⅞	200	do.	103¼
100	West. U. T. c	43⅜	200	Erie.	30¾
500	do.	43⅜	100	do. b3	30⅜
100	do.	43⅝	400	do.	30⅝
200	Chi. & N. W.	87⅛	200	do.	30⅜
			100	Erie Pf. s3	53

FRIDAY, April 30—P. M.

The sales of Gold to-day were at an advance of ⅛@¼ ₱ cent. on the best rates of yesterday. The Gold for Cash delivery was not scarce, nor did the operators on the *Bull* side attempt to make it scarce; but the rising tendency in the Foreign Exchanges, which may soon cause a resumption of the export demand for Gold Coin, gave decided support to the movement, in the face of the certainty that a very large sum will come out of the Treasury for May Interest to-morrow and on Monday. The sales in the Gold Room reached 134½ ₱ cent. The raets of Exchange, 60 days London, were 109⅝@109¾, and Sight 109¾@109⅞. The market at the close of the day was rather less firm in appearance than on Thursday, though most of the leading drawers are looking for higher terms a little later in the season. Money is in good request today from the Brokers at 7 ₱ cent. ₱ annum, subject to call. In Merchant Paper there is an improved confidence and lower rates of discount, short dates of prime names being taken at 7@8 ₱ cent. ₱ annum.

At the Stock Exchange there was a large business done in the Public Funds of the United States, opening at the extreme advance of yesterday on the 5-20s of 1867 and 1865, July and January Interest, and on the other 5-20s and 10-40s, but followed by considerable realizations through the day; the final effect being to establish a reaction of ¼@⅜ ₱ cent. on 1867s, and ⅛@¼ ₱ cent. on other descriptions as compared with closing figures of last night. The Southern State Bonds were generally steady in demand at Thursday's prices, with an exceptional advance in price of ⅛@¼ ₱ cent. on the new North Carolinas, and a decline of ⅛@¼ ₱ cent. on the new Tennessees. The Railways were active and excited on the Vanderbilt New-York Stocks, the extreme figures paid being 178 for Central, 158½ for Hudson, and 151 for Harlem. The Western Stocks advanced on Michigan Southern and Lake Shore, and the feeling on the other lines was firm in the forenoon, but somewhat weaker at the close of the day.

After the late Boards broke up, the following quotations were made as compared with Thursday night:

	Thursday.	Friday.
United States 10-40s	108½	108⅛
United States 5-20s of 1862	121⅞	121⅝
United States 5-20s of 1867	116⅞	116⅜
American Gold Coin	134¼	134⅛
Bills on London, 60 days	109½	109⅝

New Bonds of Tennessee	68½	67⅞
Virginia Bonds, old	58¾	58¾
Missouri Bonds	88¾	88¾
North Carolina Bonds, new	54½	55
New-York Central	174⅞	177⅝
Reading Railway	96⅞	96⅝
Chicago and Rock Island	138½	137⅞
Northwest Common	87	87
Northwest Preferred	98⅞	98⅝
Michigan Southern	102⅝	103¾
Pittsburg and Fort Wayne	140	140¼
Cleveland and Pittsburg	92⅞	93½
Pacific Mail Company	93⅝	93½
St. Paul Preferred	86⅝	87¼
St. Paul Common	77¾	78⅝
Toledo and Wabash	74	73¾
Ohio and Mississippi	33½	33½
Mariposa Preferred	42¼	43⅝
Lake Shore	102¼	103
Hudson River	155¾	157¼
Louisiana Levee 6s	72⅝	72⅝

The following bids were made for the various Public Funds of the United States at the close of business:

6 ₱ cent. reg., 1881	118⅜
6 ₱ cent. coup., 1881	118¾
5-20 reg., 1862	113¾
5-20 coup., 1862	121¾
5-20 reg., 1864	113⅛
5-20 coup., 1864	117⅝
5-20 reg., 1865	113⅛
5-20 coup., 1865	119⅛
5-20 reg., '65, n. is	116⅛
5-20 coup., '65 n. i	116⅜
5-20 reg., 1867	116⅛
5-20 coup., 1867	116⅜
5-20 coup., 1868	116⅛
5 ₱ cent. reg., 1871	125⅛
10-40 reg	107⅜
10-40 coup	108⅛
6s Currency	106⅛

And the following for the State Bonds:

Ill. 6 ₱ c. c. '79, aft '70	100½
Ill. 6 ₱ c. coupons, '77	100½
Ill. 6 ₱ c. coupons, '79	100½
Ill. War Loan	100½
Indiana 5 ₱ c	97½
Michigan 6 ₱ ct., '73	100
Michigan 6 ₱ ct., '78	98
Tenn. 6s, ex cou	69½
Tenn. 6s, new bds	67½
Virginia 6s, ex cou	58½
Georgia 6s	82
Georgia 7s, new bds	95½
North Car. 6s, n. bds	54½
Missouri 6s	88½
Mo., H. & St. Jo. Is	89
Louisiana 6s	74½
Louisiana6s, levee bds	72½
Louisiana8s, levee bds	89½
California 7s	125½
Connecticut 6s	100
Rhode Island 6s	99½
Alabama 8s	102½
N. Y. Reg. B'ty Loan	110
N.Y. Coupon B. Loan	110
N. Y. 7 ₱ c. Canal, '70	100
N.Y. 6 ₱ c. Canal, '72	101½
N. Y. 6 ₱ c. Canal, '73	101½
N. Y. 6 ₱ c. Canal, '74	101½
N. Y. 6 ₱ c. Canal, '75	101½
N. Y. 6 ₱ c. Canal, '77	101½
N. Y. 6 ₱ c. Canal, '78	102
N. Y. 5 ₱ c. Canal, '71	100
N. Y. 5 ₱ c. Canal, '74	100
N. Y. 5 ₱ c. Canal, '75	100
N.Y. 5 ₱ c. Canal, '76	97

And the following for the City Bank Stocks:

New-York	130
Manhattan	140
Mechanics'	133
America	148
National	110½
Merchants' Ex	116
Seventh Ward	110
State of New-York	112
Commerce	126½
Ocean	105
American Exchange	110
Chatham	150
Bank of the Republic	117½
Hanover	113
Corn Exchange	130
Continental	101
Commonwealth	114
Imp. and Traders'	132
Manuf's and Merch's	100
Central National	110½
First National	215
Fourth National	104
Ninth National	112½
Oriental	150

And the following for the Railway Mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 6s, 1883	92
N. Y. Cen. 6s, 1887	92
N. Y. Cen. 6s, R. Est'e	88½
N. Y. C. 6s, Subscr'n	88½
Erie 1st M. ext	100
Erie 7's 2d ind 1879	93½
Erie 7s, 4th ind., 1880	80
H. R.7s,1st M.-1869-70	100½
H. R.7s, 2d M. S. F.'85	103½
Harlem 1st M	103
Mich. S. 7 ₱ c. 2d M	93½
M.S. & N.I.S. f'd 7 p.c	99½
Ill. Cen. 7 ₱ c., 1870	120
Alton & T. H. 1st M	92½
Alton & T. H. 2d M. pf	83
Chi. & N. W. S. Fund	96
Chi. & N. W. Int. bds	92
Chi. & N. W. 1st M	92
Con. 7 ₱ cent. con	98
Del., L. & W., 1st M	93½
Tol. & W. 1st M. ext	91½
Tol. & W. Equip. bds	78
Tol., W. & W. c.c.S'k.F	83
Gt. West'n 1st M. '68	101
Gt. West'n 2d M., '93	80
Ill. & S. Iowa 1st M	97
Ill. & So. Iowa 2d M	96
Chi. & R. I. 1st M	99
Chi. R. I. & P	95
Morris & Essex 2d M	92
Cleve. & Tol. S. Fund	99
N. J. Cen. 1st M	100
New-Jersey Cen. 2d M	100
P. Ft. W. & C. 1st M	102
P. Ft. W. & C. 2d M	96½
Cleve. & P. 3d M	91
Chi. & Alton S. F	99
Chi. & Alton 1st M	101
Chi. & Alton inc	90
At. & Gt. W. 2d M	90
Ohio & Miss. Con	85
Dub. & Sioux C. 1st M	90
Peninsula R. R. bds	85
Mil. & St. P. 1st 7 3-10	92½
Mil. & St. Paul 1st M	91
Mil. & St. Paul 2d M	82
Mil.&St.P.I.& M. d	87
N. Y. and N. Haven 6s	93
Col. Chi. & Ind. 1st M	86½
Col., Chi. & Ind. 2d M	80½
Am. D'k & Imp'mt bds	95
Tol. Peoria & W., W. D	83½
Cleve. P. & Ash. n. b	90

The day's business at the office of the United States Assistant Treasurer was as follows: Total receipts, $3,300,441; total payments, $2,433,713; balance, $83,754,775. The receipts include for Customs, $373,000; for Gold Notes, $47,000.

The following is the April business at the office of the Assistant Treasurer of the United States at New-York:

By balance		$87,695,447 41
Receipts during the month:		
On account of customs	$10,936,268 20	
On account of gold notes	1,625,580 00	
On account of internal revenue	2,325,573 17	
On account of 3 ₱ cent. certificates	680,000 00	
On account of Post Office Department	1,324,991 06	
On account of transfers	3,191,400 56	
On account of patent fees	4,379 85	
On account of miscellaneous	4,825,746 44	
On account of disbursing accounts	7,803,833 78	
On account of Assay Office	53,374 44—	32,771,147 50
Total		$120,466,594 91
Payments:		
Treasury drafts	$23,121,439 42	
Post Office drafts	885,868 53	
Disbursing accounts	7,922,781 22	
Assay Office	126,270 41	
In coin	4,655,459 84—	36,711,819 42
Balance		$83,754,775 49
Balance to credit Treasurer United States	$75,188,610 34	
Balance to credit disbursing accounts	6,967,602 76	
Balance to credit Assay Office	1,598,562 39—	$83,754,775 49
Receipts for customs in the month of April, 1869		$10,936,268 20
Receipts for customs in the month of April, 1868		10,249,419 16
Increase for April, 1869		$686,849 04

Statement of business at the United States Assay Office, at New-York, for the month ending April 30, 1869:

Deposits of gold:		
Foreign coins	$28,000 00	
Foreign bullion	76,000 00	
United States bullion	586,000 00—	$690,000 00
Deposits of silver, including purchases:		
Foreign coins	6,000 00	
Foreign bullion	11,000 00	
U. S. bullion, (contained in gold,)	9,000 00	
U. S. bullion, (Colorado,)	8,000 00	
U. S. bullion, (Lake Superior,)	1,000 00	
U. S. bullion, (Nevada,)	7,000 00—	42,000 00
Total deposits, payable in bars		597,000 00
Total deposits, payable in coins		135,000 00
Grand total		$732,000 00
Gold bars stamped		$766,417 27
Transmitted to U. S. Mint, Philadelphia, for coinage		$382,509 64

Among the first of May changes in Wall-street, we notice that Mr. D. P. **Morgan** retires from business in favor of his brothers-in-law, **Cornelius, Jr.**, and **Birney Fellowes**, under the style of **Fellowes & Co.**, No. 29 William-street. Messrs. **Edward A. Duer** and **James G. King Duer** are now members of the old banking firm of Messrs. **James G. King & Sons.** The new partners are of the third generation comprising the firm, being the grandsons, on the mother's side, of the deceased Hon. **James Gore King**, the head of the firm. Mr. **William Alexander Smith**, an old member of the New-York Stock Exchange, late of H. Meigs, Jr., & **Smith**, has formed a partnership with Mr. **William T. Meredith**, also a member of the Board, under the style of **William Alexander Smith & Co.**, for the transaction of a general Banking and Brokerage business, at No. 40 Wall-street.

The following gentlemen have been elected Officers of the Open Board of Brokers for the ensuing year: President, R. W. **Martin, Jr.**; First Vice-President, **George Henriques**; Second Vice-President, **James Mitchell**; Treasurer, A. V. B. **Van Dyck**; Secretary, **John Benjamin**; Assistant Secretary, E. F. **Goodwin**; Roll Keeper, W. B. **Bishop**.

The May coupon on the Bonds of the Memphis and Little Rock Railroad Company will be paid by their Agent, Mr. G. E. **Taintor**, No. 25 Broad-street.

The week's imports of foreign dry goods have been to the specie value of $1,870,467; amount marketed, $1,926,919.

Internal Revenue Decision.

Treasury Department,
Office of Internal Revenue,
Washington, April 24, 1869.

Sir: I have received your letter of the 22d inst., inquiring whether, under the act of April 10, 1869, a person who has paid a special tax as a wholesale liquor dealer, can sell spirits in packages of less than five gallons without paying a special tax as a retail dealer in liquors.

You are informed that he cannot. To enable a person to sell spirits, wines and malt liquors at wholesale and retail, he will be required to pay a special tax, both as a wholesale and retail dealer in liquors. Very respectfully,

J. W. DOUGLASS, Deputy Commissioner.

John G. Treadwell, Esq., Assessor Fourteenth District, Albany, N. Y.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

☞ SAFES TO LET BY THE NATIONAL PARK BANK IN A BURGLAR AND FIRE-PROOF VAULT.—For the safe-keeping and protection from fire and burglars of Securities of all kinds, including Stocks, Bonds, Mortgages, Wills and Diamonds, and valuable Jewelry of every description. An inspection of the vault, constructed by this Bank in their new building, will at once convince all parties interested that the most perfect attainable security has been reached, and at an extremely moderate annual cost to each tenant.

The officers will take pleasure in showing the vault on application.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

Howes & Macy, Bankers,

(Formerly officers of the Park Bank,)

30 Wall Street, N. Y.

FOUR PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

The business of this house is the same as an Incorporated Bank.

Persons keeping accounts may deposit and draw as they please, the same as with the City Banks, and will be allowed interest on their daily balances at 4 per cent.

Collections made on any part of the United States or Canada.

Orders for the purchase or sale of the various issues of Government and other Stocks, Bonds, and Gold, promptly executed for the usual commission.

GENERAL MARKETS.

New-York, Friday, April 30, 1869.

The receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been as follows:

Ashes, bbls	59
Cotton, bales	931
Eggs, bbls	2,654
Flour, bbls	3,035
Flour, bags	200
Cornmeal, bbls	....
Cornmeal, bags	....
Wheat, bushels	17,439
Corn, bushels	8,783
Rye, bushels	....
Malt, bushels	....
Barley, bushels	....
Oats, bushels	10,452
Peas, bushels	162
Beans, bushels	27
Dried Fruit, pkgs	29
Hides, No	....
Hemp, bales	21
Hops, bales	279
Leather, sides	5,786
Resin, bbls	813
Tar, bbls	249
Sp'ts Turp'tne, bbls	745
Petroleum, ref., bbls	700
Pork, bbls	401
Cut Meats, pkgs	60
Lard, pkgs	64
Beef, tcs. and bbls	....
Butter, pkgs	2,610
Cheese, pkgs	921
Lard Oil, pkgs	....
Tallow, pkgs	....
Grease, pkgs	....
Stearine, pkgs	218
Starch, boxes	125
Tobacco, hhds	546
Tobacco, bxs. and cs	353
Whisky, bbls	705
Wool, bales	81
Oil Cake, pkgs	300
Peanuts, bags	332

The export clearances since our last, as reported at the Merchants' Exchange, Pine-street, have been as follows:

By the steamer *Tripoli*, for Liverpool—939 bales Cotton, 42 bales Skins, 6,819 bushels Wheat, 1,168 boxes Cheese, 656 bbls. Bone Dust.

By the brig *Bertha*, for Hamburg—32,129 lbs. Logwood, 45 bbls. Maizena, 168 packages Merchandise, 48 cases Florida Water, 368 cases Clocks, 116 cases Coal Tar.

ASHES—Have been inactive at $7 75@$8 for Pots, and $9 12½@$9 25 for Pearls, ₱ 100 lbs.

BOOTS AND SHOES—A fair trade is noted in seasonable work, which is firm in price, including Men's Thick and Kip Boots at $2 50@$4 50; Boys', $1 75@$3; Youths', $1 38@$2 25; Men's Calf, Pegged, $3 25@$5; Men's Calf Sewed, $4@$6 50; Boys' Calf Pegged, $3@$3 75; Youths', $2@$2 75; Men's Kip Brogans, $1@$1 75; Men's Split Brogans, 95c.@$1 35; Boys' Kip and Split Brogans, 85c.@$1 30; Youths', 65c.@$1 10; Men's Split and Buff Balmorals, $1 50@$2 25; Men's Calf and Buff Balmorals, $1 50@$2 25; Men's Buff and Calf Congress, $1 75@$2 50; Boys' C, $1 35@$2; Youths', 90c.@$1 50; Women's Split and Kip Boots, 95c.@$1 40; Women's Split and Kip Balmorals, $1@$1 50; Women's Buff and Calf Balmorals, $1 25@$2 25; Ladies' Sewed Goat and Calf Boots, $1 75@$2 50; Ladies' Sewed and Goat Balmorals, $2@$3; Misses' Pegged, Buff, Goat and Kid, $1 25@$1 75; Misses' Sewed, $1 60@$2 20; Children's Sewed, 75c.@$1 25; Children's Pegged, 60c.@$1 05; Ladies' City-made Gaiters, $1 75@$3; Ladies' Eastern-made, $1 05@$3; Misses' Eastern-made, 90c.@$1 75; Children's Eastern-made, 70c.@$1 10; Fancy Children's S. H. and Heel Shoes. 40c.@$1 ₱ pair.

COFFEE—There has been more call for other than Rio at full prices. Sales have been reported of 3,804 bags Maracaibo, 3,500 bags Ceylon, ex *Sunnyside*, and 235 bags Java on private terms. Rio has been inactive but firm. We quote: Java, 22½c.@25c.; Maracaibo, 15½c.@18¾c.; Laguayra, 16½c.@18c.; Rio, 9½c.@13½c.; Native Ceylon, 17c.@19½c.; Jamaica, 14½c.@16c.; St. Domingo, 15½c.@16c.; Singapore, 18c.@20c.; Mocha, (in bales,) 26c.@28c.; Costa Rica, 16c.@19c.; Manila, 16c.@18c.; Mexican, 16c.@18½c.; Curacoa, 15c.@17c.; Angostura, 15c.@18c.; Savanilla, 14½c.@18c., gold, ₱ lb.

COTTON—The market shows more firmness for the better grades, which have been more sought after by spinners. Other descriptions have been in moderate request and without quotable change. Sales have been reported of 2,564 bales, (of which 26 bales were to arrive,) including 1,355 bales to spinners, 739 bales to shippers, 341 bales to speculators and 129 bales in transit. Messrs. **Cornwall & Zerega** are quoting as follows, in their circular for the current week, the

Closing Prices of Cotton:

	Uplands.	Mobile.	N. O.	Texas.
Ordinary, ₱ lb.	25	25¼	25½	25¾
Good Ordinary	26¼	26½	26¾	27
Low Middling	27½@27¾	27¾@28	28@28¼	28¼@28½
Middling	28½@28¾	28¾@29	29@29¼	29¼@29½

Movements of Cotton at this Port.

	Bales.
Receipts thus far this week	6,031
Receipts last week	5,813
Receipts preceding week	6,089
Receipts since Jan. 1	265,092
Receipts since Sept. 1, 1868	587,526
Receipts year ending Jan. 1, 1869	677,632
Receipts year ending Sept. 1, 1868	632,310
Exports since Jan. 1	121,254
Exports since Sept. 1, 1868	306,345
Exports year ending Jan. 1, 1869	338,559
Exports year ending Sept. 1, 1868	375,852
Estimated stock on hand here	102,500

Movements in Cotton at all the Shipping Ports.

Receipts from Sept. 1, 1868, to latest mail dates	2,029,000
Receipts same time in 1867	2,057,000
Receipts at all the ports year ending Sept. 1, 1868	2,240,282
Receipts at all the shipping ports of the United States, from the close of the war, May 1, 1865, to Sept. 1, 1867	4,522,968
Exports from all the ports from Sept. 1, 1868, to latest dates	1,176,000
Exports same time last year	1,475,000
Exports from all the ports year ending Sept. 1, 1868	1,657,015
Exports preceding Cotton year	1,558,787
Estimated stock at the shipping ports, latest mail dates	325,000
Estimated stock same time last year	234,000
Estimated stock on hand at all ports, Aug. 31, 1868	38,130
Estimated stock same time in 1867	80,298
Crop of 1867-8	2,430,893
Crop of 1866-7	1,951,988

FISH—A good inquiry prevails for the principal kinds at generally full and buoyant prices.

FLOUR AND MEAL—The Flour market is 5c.@10c. better for low grades of State and Western, and dull and heavy other descriptions. Sales 6,400 bbls., at $5 45@$5 80 for Superfine State and Western; $5 90@$6 25 for Common to Choice Extra State; $5 85@$6 75 for Extra Western; $6 80@$8 for Good to Choice White Wheat Extra; $6@$7 25 for Common to Choice Round Hoop Ohio; $7@$8 50 for Common to Fair Extra St. Louis, and $9@$12 for Good to Choice St. Louis.

Southern Flour is quiet and low grades are quite firm. Sales 300 bales at $6 35@$6 85 for Common to Fair Extra, and $6 90@$11 75 for Good to Choice Extra. California Flour is quiet. Sales 200 sacks at $7@$9 75. Rye Flour is quiet. Sales 300 bbls. at $4 60@$6 75. Cornmeal is without decided change. Sales 275 bbls. Atlantic Mills at $4 70.

GRAIN—Spring Wheat opened at 1c.@2c. better, and closed dull, with the advance lost. Winter is dull and heavy. Sales 48,000 bushels at $1 33 for No. 3 Spring, delivered; $1 42@$1 45 for No. 2 do., in store and delivered; $1 48@$1 50 for No. 1 do., delivered; $1 65@$1 70 for White California, and $1 90@$2 15 for White Michigan, the latter price an extreme. Rye is quiet. Barley is dull and drooping. Barley Malt is quiet and nominal. Receipts—Corn, 10,214 bushels. Corn opened at 1c.@2c. better, and closed dull with the advance lost. Sales 52,000 bushels at 85c.@86c. for new Mixed Western; 90c. for handsome Western Yellow; 88c. for old Mixed Western, in store, and 90c. for do., delivered. Receipts—Oats, 14,757 bushels. Oats are 1c.@2c. better. Sales 34,000 bushels at 82c. for Western, in store, and 84c.@84½c. for do., afloat.

HEMP—The main call has been for Manila, at 12¼c.@12½c., gold, ₱ lb.

HAY—Bale Hay has been in fair supply and light demand at from 55c.@65c. for shipping, and 90c.@$1 20 for Poor to Choice, for local use, ₱ 100 lbs. Straw continues in request at 75c.@$1 10 for Long and Short ₱ 100 lbs.

HOPS—Have been in fair request, including American at 5c.@12c. for New, and 2c.@5c. for Old, ₱ lb. We quote in detail thus: New-York State, 6c.@12c.; Eastern, 6c.@10c.; Wisconsin, 5c.@10c.; Michigan, 5c.@10c.; Yearlings, all grades, 2c.@5c. ₱ lb. Mr. **Emmet Wells** notices the week's business thus: "The views expressed in our last concerning the market, are applicable to the trade for the present week. Shippers and speculators continue to buy freely at 7c.@10c. for Wisconsins and Michigans, and 8c.@12c. for 'State.' These prices have now ruled during the last three months, without any fluctuation or change, which is quite a remarkable feature in an article of produce so erratic as Hops. Two-thirds of what may be termed the Hop season of 1868, is now passed. During that time, we have exported to England nearly 1,000 bales ₱ week. Should the shipments continue the balance of the season, at the same ratio, the total exports will reach 50,000 bales. We give the following letter, received this day from Sauk County, Wisconsin, the purport of which somewhat conflicts with the one published in our last: 'It now seems as if more acres would be plowed up in this vicinity than were estimated a short time ago. It is yet too early to give exact figures, yet, so far as we have taken the exact figures, it shows a plowing up of more than 50 ₱ cent. of acreage picked last year.' Our correspondent don't say anything about yards that were planted last Spring. The increase of acreage in Sauk County last year, is known to be large, and it would be interesting to know, if it will not nearly or quite equal in extent the number of acres that are to be plowed up this Spring. The following is what we have from Oxford County, Me: 'We feel fully assured that more than one half of all the present acreage of Hop yards in this State will be plowed up this Spring. We are personally acquainted with most of the growers in this State, and believe we understand their feelings and know their present intentions.' Exports last week, 776 bales; receipts last week, 826 bales; receipts this week, about 1,200 bales; total exports for the season, 37,149 bales."

LEATHER—Has been in pretty fair request and steady.

METALS—There has been an active inquiry for Tin plates at steady rates; sales have been reported of 2,000 boxes I. C. assorted at $8 75, and 1,500 boxes Charcoal Terene on private terms. Of English, 5 tons sold at 31¼c., short time. There has not been much inquiry for other articles. An arrival here and another at Boston have had the effect of depressing the market for Straits Tin, which has been offered at 32½c.—a reduced price. 100 tons of Scotch Pig Iron (Glengarnock) sold on private terms. No marked changes in other values.

MOLASSES—A quiet market has been noted to-day, with sales of 150 hhds. Cuba Muscovado at 46c., and 77 hhds. Clayed at 45c. ₱ gallon. We quote: Old and new crop Porto Rico at 40c.@78c.; Cuba at 35c.@60c.; New-Orleans at 70c.@85c., ₱ gallon.

NAVAL STORES—The market for Spirits Turpentine has been quite weak, on a very limited demand, with sales reported of only small lots at 47c.@48c., merchantable closing heavily at 46½c.@47c. ₱ gallon. The receipts were 745 bbls. Nothing new in Crude Turpentine. Tar was in more request and held with more firmness. Sales were reported of 1,000 bbls. Wilmington, part Rope, at from $3 40@$3 65 ₱ bbl. There were 249 bbls. received. Resin has been fairly active and firm in price, with receipts of 813 bbls., and sales of 1,250 bbls. Strained and low No. 2 at $2 60@$2 65; 815 bbls. No. 2 at $2 65@$2 80, and 50 bbls No. 1 at $4 50 ₱ 280 lbs. We quote Spirits Turpentine at 46½c.@48½c., chiefly at 46½c.@47c., for merchantable, ₱ gallon; Crude at $4 25; Resin at $2 45@$12 ₱ 280 lbs., the latter rate for Choice White; Tar at $2 50@$3 50; Pitch at $2 75@$3 ₱ bbl.

OILS—Have been in rather less demand, including Crude Whale at $1 05@$1 10; Bleached Whale at $1 16@$1 20; Crude Sperm at $1 92½@$1 95; Unbleached Sperm at $2@$2 03; Lard Oil at $1 45@$1 55; Red Oil at 92½c.@97½c.; Linseed Oil at $1@$1 03; Olive at $1 50 ₱ gallon.

PETROLEUM—The market for Crude, in bulk, shows more firmness, though without notable activity. Sales were reported of 500 bbls. at 17½c. ₱ gallon. Barreled Crude was quiet, and without material alteration in values. No Crude was reported as having arrived here; 1,500 bbls. were received at Philadelphia, making the week's receipts there 8,750 bbls. There have been less liberal offerings of Refined reported, on a somewhat steadier market, on the basis of 32¼c.@32½c. for Standard White, ₱ gallon. There were 500 bbls. sold at 32¼c., a contract settlement for 500 bbls. made at 32c., and 1,000 bbls. disposed of, last half of May delivery, at about 32¾c. ₱ gallon. Also, at Philadelphia, 2,500 bbls. Standard White at 32c., and 1,000 bbls. do., last half of July delivery, at 34½c. ₱ gallon.

POTATOES, &C.—The market for Potatoes is without material change. The stock on hand is large, and holders seem more anxious to free themselves. We quote: *Potatoes*—Monitor, $1 50; Buckeye, $1 25@$1 50; Peach Blows, $2 25@$2 50; Prince Alberts, $1 75@$2; Mercers, $2@$2 50; Jackson Whites, $2@$2 25; Bermudas, new, $12@$13; Onions, Red, $8@$9; Onions, Yellow, $8@$9; Marrow Squash, $6@$6 50; Russia Turnips, $1 50@$1 75 ₱ bbl.; Green Peas, ₱ bushel, $1 50@$2 50; Tomatoes, Bermuda, crate, $1@$1 50.

POULTRY AND GAME—Poultry continues in light supply and firm prices. Pigeons are arriving in poor order, and sell accordingly. We quote: *Live Poultry*—Fowls and Chickens, 22c.@24c.; Turkeys, 23c.@26c., ₱ lb.; Ducks, $1 25@$1 50; Geese, $1 25@$1 75, ₱ pair; Wild Pigeons, $1@$1 50 ₱ dozen.

PROVISIONS—The Pork market is dull. Sales 600 bbls., at $31 12@$31 18 for New Mess; $30 87 for Old Mess; $25 75@$26 for Prime, and $28 75 for Prime Mess. Beef is dull; sales 170 bbls. at $8@$16 for New Plain Mess, and $12@$18 for New Extra Mess. Tierce Beef is dull; sales 30 tierces at $23@$28 for Prime Mess, and $25@$30 for Indian Mess. Beef Hams are steady; sales 130 bbls. at $26@$30. Cut Meats are steady; sales 160 packages at 12¾c.@13c. for Shoulders, and 15½c.@16c. for Hams. Middles are dull; sales 100 boxes Cumberland Cut at 15¾c.@15¾c. Lard is dull; sales 475 tierces at 17½c.@18¼c. for Steam, and 18½c.@18¾c. for Kettle Rendered; also 750 tierces Steam, seller May, June and July, at 17¾c.@18½c. Messrs. **Starin & Floyd** notice the week's business in Butter and Cheese thus:

The total receipts of Butter for the week ending this day are 11,646 packages, nearly all of which is new crop in small packages. The Cheese factories are now in full operation, and the immense supply that has been made from the factory cows will cease entirely. The supply will, however, increase from other portions of the State, and also the West, and full supplies of stock will not be found wanting, but the flush of new crop is passed. Old crop Butter is in limited request, and drags heavily; the stock is, however, gradually wearing away, and must ere long be out of market. The demand for new crop Butter has continued active during the week just closed, and notwithstanding the heavy receipts, the stock is daily absorbed. Receivers of Orange County Pails have reduced the rate to 45c. for selections, which causes a clearance of that class of stock. The whole tenor of the trade is strongly conservative, the result of the past season's business at speculative rates having taught a severe but salutary lesson. We quote:

OLD CROP BUTTER.

State firkins, Extra Yellow, ₱ lb	35c.@40c.
State firkins, Fair to Good, ₱ lb	30c.@35c.
Welsh tubs, Fair to Good, ₱ lb	27c.@33c.
Western firkins, Fair to Good, ₱ lb	25c.@30c.
Canada, Fair to Good, ₱ lb	25c.@30c.
Western and Canada, Common, ₱ lb	23c.@25c.

NEW CROP BUTTER.

State half firkin tubs, Good to Extra, ₱ lb	40c.@41c.
State Welsh tubs, Good to Prime, ₱ lb	37c.@39c.
Orange and Sussex fresh pails, Good to Extra, ₱ lb	43c.@45c.
Western tubs, Fair to Good, ₱ lb	34c.@37c.
State and Western, Common, ₱ lb	30c.@35c.

The total receipts of Cheese for the week ending this day are 1,504 boxes. The entire country is now bared of old crop Cheese, and the stock on this market is reduced to a very low point. Prices are firm, and the stock will work out clean at full rates, before the market is fairly supplied with the coming new crop. Much of the early Cheese of last season proved a source of loss to buyers and injury to the reputation of many factories, caused by overhaste in its make, and also in forwarding to market before it was fit to leave the factory shelves; and it would prove an advantage to all engaged in the make or handling of the crop if the errors of the past season be carefully avoided now. There is nothing in new crop Cheese on which to found a quotation.

CHEESE.

Factory dairies, fancy and Cheddar shapes, ₱ lb	22 @23
Factory dairies, fair quality, ₱ lb	21 @21½
Farm dairies, fancy and extra quality, ₱ lb	22 @23
Farm dairies, fair to good, ₱ lb	20 @21

RICE—Carolina has been in good demand at firm and buoyant prices. Sales, 220 tierces at from $8 75@$9 37½ ₱ 100 lbs.

SEEDS—There has been more inquiry for Linseed, and less for Grass seeds. We quote: Clover at 14½c.@15c. ₱ lb., Rough Flax at $2 60@$2 80; Calcutta Linseed at $2 14@$2 22½, gold, and Timothy at $4 50@$4 75 ₱ bushel.

SUGARS—There has been a fair inquiry for Raw at firmer and buoyant prices on light offerings; sales have been reported since our last of 557 hhds. Cuba, &c., at from 11¼c.@12¾c., and 175 boxes Havana (by auction) at 13⅝c.@13 12-16c. ₱ lb. Fair to good refining grades Cuba have been quoted firm at 11⅝c.@11¾c.; fair to good grocery grades at from 12c.@12½c.; very good to strictly prime do. at 12½c.@12¾c. ₱ lb. Porto Rico grocery grades ranged from 12c.@13¼c. ₱ lb. No. 12 Box Sugar, 12¾c.@12¾c. ₱ lb. Refined Sugars have been in very moderate demand at 14c.@16c. ₱ lb.

TALLOW—Sales have been reported of 48,000 lbs. Tallow at 11¼c.@11⅜c.; also 35,000 lbs. Stearine at 17¾c.@18¼c., and 17,000 lbs. Grease at 10c.@13c. ₱ lb.

TOBACCO—Trade has been quite generally active at firmer prices. Sales have been reported since our last of 473 hhds. Kentucky at 6c.@15c.; 150 cases 1855, Connecticut Seed Leaf, at 20½c.; 58 cases old do. at 19c.; 100 cases 1868 do., running lots, on private terms; 40 cases 1867 Ohio on private terms; 104 cases Western at 14½c.; 100 cases 1868 State at 15c., and 200 bales Havana at 95c.@$1 05 ₱ lb.

Domestic Tobacco Trade of the New-York Inspection Warehouse in April.

	Ky.	Virg. & N. C.	Ohio.	Md.	Total.
Stock Ap'l 1, 1869, hhds	9,377	680	19	70	10,146
Rec'd since, hhds	3,821	200	..	..	4,021
Total hhds	13,198	880	19	70	14,167
Delivered since, hhds	2,906	105	..	4	3,015
Stock May 1, 1869, hhds	10,292	775	19	66	11,152

Brooklyn Inspection—Stock, April 1, 1869, hhds	4,711	
Received since, hhds	3,980	
Total, hhds	8,691	
Delivered since, hhds	2,148	
Stock in Brooklyn Inspection Warehouse, May 1, 1869, hhds		6,543
Total stock May 1, 1869, hhds		17,695
Same time, 1868, hhds		21,825
Same time, 1867, hhds		17,170

Spanish Tobacco Trade of New-York in April.

	Havana.	Cuba.	Yara.
Stock April 1, 1869, bales	14,275	....	1,722
Received since, bales	4,238	....	440
Total	18,513	....	2,162
Delivered since, bales	4,800	....	500
Stock on hand May 1, 1869	13,713	....	1,662
Stock on hand May 1, 1868	6,894	22	871
Stock on hand May 1, 1867	8,114	....	748

We are indebted to Messrs. J. S. **Gans & S** for the foregoing statistics of the month's business in Tobacco.

WOOL—The movements in Wool, during the past month, Messrs. **Tellkampf & Kitching Bros.** notice thus: "Trade shows little sign of relief from the dullness which has so long attended it. The business done, is in the aggregate, considerable, but conducted in such a way as to leave only a heavy and spiritless feeling in the market. The regular sale of Messrs. **Walter Brown & Co.** passed off on the 22d ult., in the presence of a fair number of buyers. The prices obtained, although lower, were quite satisfactory. In all kinds of Wool the market is depressed and considerable concessions would be made to cash buyers. In domestic Fleece Wools the finer grades are chiefly sought for. The demand for Pulled Wools is only moderate; stocks are increasing, and prices from 5c.@10c. ₱ cent. lower. The supply of Texas and Spring Clip California is small and prices nominally without change. Fall Clip is in fair stock but prices are materially lower. Fine Foreign Wools continue neglected. The amount of Mestiza is small but the market is supplied with Cape Wool, of which two cargoes have lately arrived. These Wools will not go into general consumption until they are considerably cheaper to our manufacturers than domestic Wools. There are no medium foreign Wools in the market. The tariff virtually excludes them. Carpet Wools have accumulated somewhat. They are going into consumption slowly, and prices are not quite so firm. The European Wool markets are in a similar condition to our own. The London Auction sales of Colonial Wools, at which about 230,000 bales will be offered, commmence on the 6th inst. The imports of Wool into New-York for the year 1868 were 28,213 bales, 13,499,159 lbs.; the imports of Wool into New-York from Jan. 1 to March 27, 1869, were 12,929 bales, 5,584,901 lbs.; the imports of Wool for month up to April 24 were 4,842 bales, 2,011,850 lbs.

WHISKY—Has been in more demand and quoted up to 93c.@94c., free, ₱ gallon, with sales reported of 130 bbls., chiefly at 93c.

FREIGHTS—Have been dull and heavy. For Liverpool there were taken, by steamer, 26,500 bushels Wheat at 1d. ₱ bushel; 250 bales Cotton at 5-32d. ₱ lb.; 50 hhds. Tallow at 5s. ₱ ton. For London, 120 tons Peanuts at 25s. ₱ ton.

NEWSPAPERS.

THE SATURDAY LEADER.

This well-known and popular journal will contain to-day the whole of the JOHN RUSSELL YOUNG EXPOSE, including all the facts and correspondence relative to the same yet made public.

In addition an admirable letter from Corsica by Hon. S. S. Cox, M. C. from the Sixth District. The usual Albany Letter, Captain's Political Gossip, Attic Salt Cellar, Editorials, &c., &c.

MARBLE MANTELS.

MARBLE AND MARBLEIZED MANTELS, rich and elegant designs. Over 500 mantels on hand at A. KLABER'S, Nos. 134 and 136 East 18th-st., near 3d-av. Price list on application. Cut this out.

MARBLEIZED SLATE, DECORATED marble and marble mantels, rich and elegant designs. T. B. STEWART & CO., No. 605 6th-av., between 35th and 36th sts.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CARPET PAPER.

A prepared paper to put under carpets, one and a quarter yards wide, SOFT and THICK, and only FIVE CENTS per yard.

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STORAGE FOR FURNITURE, BAGGAGE, TRUNKS OR OTHER PROPERTY.—Separate compartments, all sizes; goods taken up on elevators; porters, truckmen, &c., on hand. H. G. HAEGER, No. 300 West 34th-st., corner 8th-av.

ZERO REFRIGERATOR—THE ONLY perfect meat and fruit preserver. Grand Prize Medal given 1867. A. M. LESLIE, 605 6th-av., and 1,310 B'dway. Trade supplied. Refrigerators all kinds repaired.

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NO. 8 WALL-ST., New-York,

Issue Circular Letters of Credit for Travelers in all parts of Europe, &c. Exchange on Paris.

JAMES ROBB, KING & CO.,

NO. 56 WALL-ST.

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DRAW Short-Sight Exchange on PARIS.

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Stocks and Bonds bought and sold at the New-York Stock Exchange.

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Buy and sell all classes of Southern State, railroad and municipal bonds and past due coupons, of which we make a specialty. VIRGINIA Registered Stock, issue of 1866 and 1867. Wanted also SOUTH CAROLINA New Bonds, issue of 1869. LOUISIANA Levee six and eight per cent. Bonds for sale.

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AND

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Issue Bills of Exchange and Letters of Credit for the use of travelers in all parts of Europe.

Americans can have letters addressed to the care of our Paris house, to be forwarded promptly to destination.

BANK OF AMERICA.

The stockholders of the Bank of America are hereby notified that the annual election of Directors will be held at the Banking house on MONDAY, the 3d day of May ensuing.

The poll will open at 12 o'clock and close at 2 o'clock P. M.

The transfer books will remain closed from the morning of April 24, till the morning of May 4.

WM. L. JENKINS, Cashier.

Rome, Watertown and Ogdensburg R. R.,
Vice-President's Office, No. 12 College-place,
New-York, April 15, 1869.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

The Board of Directors give notice of their intention to increase the capital stock of the Company, as they are authorized to do by a vote of the stockholders, the same to be offered pro rata to stockholders of record on the closing of the books in June next. Circular notice will be mailed in time, stating conditions to all whose address is known. Those not receiving the same by 1st July, will please send their address to the Treasurer of the Company or to the undersigned,

MARCELLUS MASSEY, Vice-President.

OFFICE NEW-YORK AND WEST-CHESTER COUNTY RAILROAD CO.

NO. 202 BROADWAY.

A special meeting of the stockholders of this Company will be held at the office of the Company TUESDAY, May 4, 1869, at 3 P. M. This meeting is of vital importance, and every stockholder should be present in person or by proxy.

A. K. P. JOY, President.

M. H. Chambers, Secretary.
New-York, April 28, 1869.

Office of the Delaware and Hudson Canal Company,
New-York, April 8, 1869.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of the Delaware and Hudson Canal Company, for the election of Managers, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before them, will be held at their office, No. 7 Nassau-st., New-York, on TUESDAY, May 11, 1869, at 12 o'clock noon.

The polls will be open from 12 to 2 o'clock.

The transfer books will be closed from the 1st to the 11th day of May, both inclusive.

By order of the Board.

CHARLES P. HARTT, Treasurer.

EVANSVILLE AND CRAWFORDSVILLE Railroad Company.—Sealed proposals for the redemption by the Sinking Fund of Eighteen First Mortgage Extended Bonds of the Evansville and Crawfordsville Railroad Company, issue of April 1, 1854, will be received till May 1, proximo, at 12 M., at the office of the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, No. 26 Exchange-place, New-York. Awards to be made to the lowest bidders. Proposals should be addressed to R. G. Rolston, President Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, New-York, and indorsed "Bids for Sinking Fund E. and C. R. R. Co."

JOHN INGLE, Jr., President.

FOR SALE—NEW-YORK CITY RAILROAD stocks and bonds, insurance and bank stocks; also a large variety of other securities, paying good dividends, at low rates for investments, by

ALBERT H. NICOLAY,
Stock Broker and Auctioneer,
No. 43 Pine-st.

N. B.—All securities not dealt in at the New-York Stock Exchange Boards receive special attention, as has been the custom with this house for many years.

Columbus, Chicago and Indiana Central
Railway Company, No. 57 Broadway,
New-York, April 23, 1869.

THE INTEREST COUPONS OF THE Columbus and Indianapolis Central Railway Company due May 1, will be paid on and after that date (less Government tax) on presentation at the St. Nicholas National Bank.

B. E. SMITH, President.

State of Michigan,
State Treasurer's Office,
Lansing, April 21, 1869.

THE INTEREST DUE MAY 1, 1869, on the bonds issued by the State of Michigan, will be paid at the Mercantile National Bank in the City of New-York.

E. O. GROSVENOR,
State Treasurer.

New-York, April 28, 1869.

COUPONS OF CHICAGO AND ALTON Preferred First Mortgage Bonds, and coupons of Dubuque and Sioux City Sinking Fund Bonds, due May 1, will be paid on and after that date at our office, No. 12 Pine-st., New-York, less Government tax.

M. K. JESUP & CO.

NORTON & CO., AMERICAN BANKERS, No. 6 Rue Scribe, (Grand Hotel,) Paris; No. 5 Lothbury, (opposite Bank of England,) London; No. 4 Broad-st., (Dean McGinnis & Co.,) New-York. Letters of Credit issued. All letters addressed care of NORTON & CO. promptly delivered. Every attention paid to travelers.

New-York, 28th April, 1869.

THE COUPONS OF THE CEDAR Falls and Minnesota Railroad Company's First Mortgage Bonds, due April 30, will be paid on and after that date at the office of the Company, No. 41 Cedar street, less Government tax.

JOHN S. KENNEDY, President.

Memphis and Charleston Railroad Company,
Memphis, April 29, 1869.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS OF THIS Company will be closed on WEDNESDAY, 5th day of May, proximo, on account of dividend payable June 1, 1869.

M. J. WICKES, President.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE, IN NEW-YORK.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of this Association will be held at the banking-house, corner of Nassau and Cedar sts., on MONDAY, May 10, at 12 o'clock.

H. F. VAIL, Cashier.

MEMPHIS AND LITTLE ROCK Railroad Company's First Mortgage Bond Coupons, due 1st May, will be paid at my office, No. 20 Broad-st.

G. E. TAINTOR, Financial Agent.

FINANCIAL.

$1,000,000 GOLD.

6 PER CENT.

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS

OF THE

ST. LOUIS AND ST. JOSEPH RAILROAD

OF MISSOURI.

Principal and interest payable in Gold. Coupons payable May 1 and Nov. 1 at the FARMERS' LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY, NEW-YORK.

Total issue of Bonds $1,000,000, less than $14,000 per mile on 72¼ miles of road from the City of St. Joseph to Lexington, which is not more than half the amount per mile of mortgages on the principal railways of the country, making the bonds the cheapest, and one of the safest investments in the market.

The Council Bluffs and St. Joseph and North Missouri Roads, now completed, are connected by this road, forming a grand trunk through line from St. Louis to Omaha, 39½ miles nearer New-York than via Chicago.

The loan is being rapidly taken, half of which has already been sold.

Present price 87½ and accrued interest in currency, which must soon approximate par.

The interest is the same as the United States 5-20s, and payable the same time of the 62s, 64s and 65s; at present prices they are 25 to 30 per cent. cheaper than Governments, and we believe them to be equally as secure an investment.

Parties investing this month will make one per cent. on the May coupon.

The counties along the line are the most populous and richest agricultural districts in the State. The local traffic will be very profitable, and the through travel and freight must be as large as that of any Western road.

There are numerous excellent coal fields on the line, which will also be a profitable source of revenue to the road.

With great satisfaction we recommend this security to investors and trustees of estates as a first-class investment.

For further particulars apply to

TURNER BROTHERS, Bankers,

No. 14 NASSAU-ST., NEW-YORK.

VERMILYE & CO.,

BANKERS,

NOS. 16 AND 18 NASSAU-ST.

DEALERS IN ALL ISSUES OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES AND IN GOLD AND GOLD COUPONS.

CLOSING PRICES.

New-York, April 30, 1869—3 P. M.

	Buy	Sell.		Buy	Sell.
Registered, 1881	118	118⅜	5-20 Coupon, 67	116⅜	116⅝
Coupon, 1881	118⅜	118⅝	5-20 Coupon, '68	116⅜	116⅝
5-20 Regis., 1862	113¼	113¾	10-40 Regist'd	107	107⅛
5-20 Coupon, '62	121⅝	121⅞	10-40 Coupon	108	108⅛
5-20 Coupon, '64	117¾	118	Gold	134⅛	134⅜
5-20 Coupon, '65	119⅛	119⅜	U. S. Cur. Pac	106⅛	106⅜
5-20 Coupon, '65, Jan. and July	116⅜	116⅝			

BUY AND SELL ON COMMISSION,

RAILWAY STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD,

MAKING LIBERAL ADVANCES.

INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.

To Persons Breaking Up Housekeeping, or Going Abroad or to the Country.

THE

SAFE DEPOSIT CO.,

OF NEW-YORK,

Nos. 142 and 146 Broadway, corner Liberty-st.,

(The First Established in the World,)

Offers a secure place of deposit, under guarantee, for Government Bonds and Other Securities, AT $1 FOR $1,000 PER ANNUM, AND FOR

Silver Plate,

Gold, Jewelry, Wills, Shawls, Laces,

And other valuables, at low rates.

SMALL SAFES RENTED

in its Burglar-proof Vaults, at from $15 to $75 per annum, rentor exclusively holding the key. The Public, especially Ladies, are invited to visit the premises, whether for business or curiosity.

FRANCIS H. JENKS, President.

Frederick Foster, Secretary.

GERMANIA BANK.

NO. 185 BOWERY.

CAPITAL $200,000.

The above Bank will be open for business on MONDAY, May 3, 1869.

DIRECTORS:

C. SCHWARZWAELDER,	FRANCIS J. GEIS,
M. J. ADRIAN,	NICHOLAS MULLER,
HENRY BRUNER,	JOS. M. OHMEIS,
JOS. HILLENBRAND,	GEO. REICHARDT,
FRED'K HOCH,	MAX SCHAEFER,
JOS. KUNTZ,	GEORGE SCHAEFER,
K. KREUKEL,	ADAM WEBER,
	OSCAR ZOLLIKOFFER.

C. SCHWARZWAELDER, President.
F. J. GEIS, Vice-President.
JOHN W. HESSE, Cashier.

BANKING-HOUSE OF SOUTTER & CO.,

NO. 53 WILLIAM-ST., NEW-YORK.

The interest on the Bonds of the Richmond and Danville Railroad Company, due on May 1, 1869, will be paid, free of Government tax, at our office.

SOUTTER & CO.

Office of Lake Shore Railway Co.,
Cleveland, Ohio, April 6, 1869.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT A meeting of the stockholders of the Lake Shore Railway Company will be held at the office of said Company in Cleveland, Ohio, on the 8th day of May next, A. D. 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of taking into consideration and adopting or rejecting a contract for the consolidation of said Company with the Michigan Southern and Northern Indiana Railroad Company, owning a railroad extending from Toledo, Ohio, to Chicago, Illinois, which was entered into between the respective Boards of Directors of said Companies on the 6th day of April, 1869, and in the event of its adoption, to prescribe the manner and fix the day and place for holding the election of Directors and officers provided for in said agreement of consolidation.

The transfer books will be closed on the 24th day of April, 1869, and reopened on the 10th day of May next.

GEORGE B. ELY, Secretary.

Office Dubuque and Sioux City Railroad,
No. 12 Pine-st., New-York City,
April 19, 1869.

DUBUQUE AND SIOUX CITY SINKING FUND BONDS.—Notice is hereby given that we have this day designated by lot eleven bonds, numbered as follows: Nos. 69, 73 and 75, of $500 each, and Nos. 310, 496, 500, 505, 561, 748, 763, 808, of $1,000 each, for redemption. By the terms of the Sinking Fund interest thereon will cease May 1, 1869.

The bonds designated will be paid with interest, so far as accrued, at the office of Messrs. M. K. JESUP & CO., No. 12 Pine-st., on presentation and surrender.

ISAAC H. KNOX, } Commissioners.
THEO. ROOSEVELT, }

SEVEN PER CENT. GOLD BONDS OF THE LAKE SUPERIOR AND MISSISSIPPI RAILROAD COMPANY FIRST MORTGAGE SINKING FUND BONDS, FREE OF UNITED STATES TAX, secured by 1,632,000 acres of choice lands and by the railroad, its rolling-stock and franchises, and yielding in currency nearly TEN PER CENT. PER ANNUM.

We recommend these bonds as a desirable investment for persons collecting MAY COUPONS. Holders of 5-20 BONDS can exchange at a profit of nearly TWENTY PER CENT., besides receiving one per cent. in gold additional income.

A limited amount for sale, and full particulars furnished, by

JAY COOKE & CO.

Office of Toledo, Peoria & Warsaw Railway
Company, No. 26 Exchange-place,
New-York, April 27, 1869.

AT THE REQUEST OF A LARGE number of its bondholders, this Company has opened at this office books for the registering of the First Mortgage Bonds, (Eastern and Western Division.)

Holders of these bonds desiring to have the same registered, must apply between the hours of 11 A. M. and 1 o'clock P. M.

CHARLES L. FROST, President.

Office Mobile & Montgomery Railroad Co.,
Montgomery, Ala., April 22, 1869.

THE COUPONS OF THE FIRST mortgage eight per cent. bonds of this Company, due May 1, 1869, will be paid, less government tax, on and after that date on presentation at the banking house of GEORGE OPDYKE & CO., No. 25 Nassau-st., New-York.

CHARLES T. POLLARD, President.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders for the election of directors of the Tice Manufacturing Company, will be held at the office of the Company, in the City of New-York, on MONDAY, 10th day of May, between the hours of 10 and 11 A. M.

The transfer books will be closed from the 30th of April, at 3 P. M., to 11th of May, at 10 A. M.

J. B. BADEAU, Secretary.

Montgomery, Ala., April 24, 1869.

THE COUPONS DUE MAY 1 ON Second Mortgage Bonds Montgomery and West Point Railroad Company, will be paid at the National Bank of the Republic, New-York.

CHAS. T. POLLARD, President.

New-York, May 1, 1869.

COUPONS OF MOUNT CARBON COAL AND RAILROAD COMPANY'S First Mortgage Bonds, due May 1, 1869, will be paid on presentation at the office of GRANT & SON, No. 33 Wall-st.

JOHN CHILD, Secretary.

April 22, 1869.

THE BOOKS FOR SUBSCRIPTION to the capital stock of the New-York Amusement Company are now open at Tammany Hall. Office hours, 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.

WANTED—BONDS AND STOCK AND PAST-due Coupons Sandusky, Mansfield and Newark Railroad Company; also, Indianapolis and Cincinnati First Mortgage Bonds; Dayton and Weston, Dayton and Michigan. Highest market price paid by

WM. A. GUEST, No. 25 Wall-st.

PHILIPSBURG COAL, IRON AND OIL COMPANY.—The annual meeting of stockholders, for the election of directors and the transaction of other business, will be held on THURSDAY, May 6, 1869, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the Western Hotel, No. 9 Cortlandt-st., New-York.

THE MANUFACTURERS' AND BUILDERS' BANK, located at No. 538 3d-av., near 35th-st., will be open for the transaction of business on and after SATURDAY, May 1, 1869. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited.

FINANCIAL.

NEW-YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD COMPANY.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.—The annual election for thirteen directors of this Company for the ensuing year will be held at the office of the Company, corner of 4th-av. and 26th-st., on TUESDAY, the 18th day of May next. The polls will be opened from 12 o'clock, noon, until 2 o'clock P. M. of that day.

The transfer books will be closed from 2 o'clock P. M. of the 12th day of May next until 9 o'clock A. M. of the 19th day of May next.

ROBERT J. NIVEN, Secretary.

New-York, April 24, 1869.

SAVINGS BANKS.

PEOPLE'S SAVINGS BANK,

No. 1,146 Broadway, between 26th and 27th sts.

INTEREST SIX PER CENT.

MONEY DEPOSITED NOW DRAWS INTEREST FROM MAY FIRST.

MARKET SAVINGS BANK,

No. 82 Nassau-st., New-York.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST, free of Government tax. Money deposited on or before May 1 will draw interest from May 1.

WM. VAN NAME, President.

Henry R. Conklin, Secretary.

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK.

Nos. 396 and 398 Canal-st., corner of Laight.

SIX PER CENT. interest on $5 to $5,000.

ASSETS, $6,011,234 16.

NEW-YORK SAVINGS BANK, 8TH-AV., corner of 14th-st.—Six per Cent. interest paid on all sums from $5 to $5,000. Deposits made on or before May 1 will draw interest from May 1.

R. H. BULL, President.

C. W. Brinckerhoff, Sec. J. R. Keeler, Vice-Pres.

INTEREST FROM MAY 1 ON MONEY deposited on or before that day, at 6 per cent., DIME SAVINGS BANK, Nos. 3 and 5 Broadway, Williamsburg.

DIVIDENDS.

Union National Bank
of the City of New-York,
New-York, April 20, 1869.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF this Bank have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of Five per cent., free of tax, payable May 1. Transfer book closed from date to the 30th of April, inclusive.

JAS. M. LEWIS, Cashier.

The National Mechanics' Banking Association
of New-York, New-York, April 20, 1869.

THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTORS have THIS DAY declared a dividend of (5) five per cent., payable to stockholders on and after the 1st day of May next, free of all taxes.

The transfer books will be closed from this date to May 1.

F CHANDLER, Cashier.

Pacific National Bank,
New-York, April 13, 1869.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have this day declared an extra dividend of FIVE PER CENT., free from Government tax, payable on and after the 1st day of May.

R. BRUCK, Cashier.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.—THE RATHBONE Oil Tract Company have this day declared a dividend of Seven Cents a share, payable May 5, at the office of the Union Trust Company, No. 73 Broadway, in the City of New-York. The transfer books will be closed April 30, and reopened May 6.

A. L. PURVES, Secretary.

New-York, 24th April, 1869.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

The copartnership heretofore existing between ISAAC B. KIRTLAND, IRA M. HILL and HENRY TALMADGE, under the firm name of KIRTLAND, HILL & TALMADGE, in the City of New-York, and under the name of JACKSON INSURANCE COMPANY, in the City of Memphis, Tenn., expired by limitation on the 1st day of May, 1869, and is dissolved. Signed,

ISAAC B. KIRTLAND,
IRA M. HILL,
HENRY TALMADGE.

New-York, May 1, 1869.

COPARTNERSHIP.

Notice is hereby given that a copartnership has this day been formed between HIRAM W. WARNER, HENRY TALMADGE and HENRY S. WARNER, under the style of WARNER, TALMADGE & CO., for the purpose of conducting the banking business in the City of New-York.

Stocks, bonds, gold and Government securities bought and sold on commission. Loans negotiated and collections made. Accounts of banks, bankers and others solicited. Signed,

HIRAM W. WARNER,
Late Warner & Loop.
HENRY TALMADGE,
Late Kirkland, Hill & Talmadge.
HENRY S. WARNER.

No. 39 Pine-st.
New-York, May 1, 1869.

Office of Fowler, Osgood & Co.,
No. 35 Broad-st., New-York, May 1, 1869.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing under the firm name of FOWLER, OSGOOD & CO. expires this day by limitation. Either partner will sign in liquidation.

MORTIMER L. FOWLER,
GEORGE A. OSGOOD,
WM. H. OSGOOD,
GEO. W. WILSON.

Office of Osgood Brothers,
No. 35 Broad-st., New-York, May 1, 1869.

The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the firm name of OSGOOD BROS., for the purpose of carrying on a brokerage business in the purchase and sale of stocks, bonds, Government and other securities.

GEORGE A. OSGOOD,
WM. H. OSGOOD.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between the undersigned is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Either of the partners will sign in liquidation, at the office of H. Meigs, No. 27 Wall-st.

H. MEIGS, Jr.,
WM. ALEX. SMITH.

On and after this date H. MEIGS, Jr., will continue a Banking and Brokerage Business at No. 27 Wall-st., in his own name of HENRY MEIGS.

WM. ALEX. SMITH, having associated with him WILLIAM T. MEREDITH, will continue a Banking and Brokerage Business at No. 40 Wall-st., under the firm of WILLIAM ALEXANDER SMITH & CO.

H. MEIGS, Jr., & SMITH.

May 1, 1869.

NEW-YORK, MAY 1, 1869,

NO. 21 BROAD-ST.

We have this day formed a copartnership under the firm name of EDWARD BRANDON & CO., for the transaction of a Commission Business in Stocks, Bonds and Government Securities.

EDWARD BRANDON.
BERNHARD SCHUSTER.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

The undersigned has withdrawn from the firm of STEELE, NOBLE & CO. All claims against the firm will be settled by J. L. STEELE.

WM. NOBLE.

May 1, 1869. No. 10 Warren-st.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between LEWIS MEALIO, PETER J. BOGERT and WILLIAM C. MEALIO, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, Mr. LEWIS MEALIO retiring from the firm.

The business will be continued at the same places, Nos. 615 and 416 Broadway, by the remaining partners, under the old firm name, MEALIO & COMPANY, who will settle all outstanding accounts.

PETER J. BOGERT,
WILLIAM C. MEALIO.

April 30, 1869.

New-York, May 1, 1869.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing under the firm name of D. P. MORGAN & CO. is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

D. P. MORGAN,
C. FELLOWES, Jr.

Messrs. CORNELIUS FELLOWES, Jr., and BIRNEY FELLOWES will continue the business under the firm name of FELLOWES & CO.

New-York, May 1, 1869.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS day formed a copartnership under the firm name of ALLEY & LAURENCE for the transaction of a general stock and gold commission business at No. 13 Broad-st.

GEO. BOLTON ALLEY,
F. H. LAURENCE.

No. 9 Broad-st., New-York, May 1, 1869.

WE HAVE THIS DAY ASSOCIATED ourselves under the firm name of JAMES STRUTHERS & CO., for the transaction of a commission business in stocks, bonds and gold.

JAMES STRUTHERS,
Member New-York Stock Exchange.
E. W. VANDERHOOF.

WE HAVE THIS DAY FORMED A copartnership, under the firm of WILLIAM ALEXANDER SMITH & CO., to transact a general banking and brokerage business, at No. 40 Wall-st.

WM. ALEXANDER SMITH,
WILLIAM T. MEREDITH.

New-York, May 1, 1869.

Office of Whitehouse & Co.,
No. 29 William-st., New-York, May 1, 1869.

WILLIAM T. PHIPARD HAS THIS day been admitted a partner in our house.

WHITEHOUSE & CO.

New-York, April 30, 1869.

THE FIRM OF WILLIAM B. TAYLOR & SONS is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT HERMAN ROTHSCHILD has withdrawn as partner from the firm of GOEBEL ROTHSCHILD & CO., by mutual consent.

HARDWARE.

THE PROVIDENCE TOOL CO.,

No. 205 Broadway, New-York, offer at first hands their heavy hardware and ship chandlery; also,

PEABODY BREECH-LOADING FIRE-ARMS

for infantry, cavalry and sportsmen. They are unequaled for strength, rapidity and accuracy of fire and elegant appearance. Descriptive pamphlets and price lists furnished by H. B. NEWHALL, Agent.

IRON WORKS.

ARCHITECTURAL DEPARTMENT OF THE

Novelty Iron Works,

NOS. 77 AND 83 LIBERTY-ST.,

CORNER BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.

Plain and Ornamental Iron Work of all kinds for Buildings.

FURNITURE.

FURNITURE.—ESTABLISHED 1826.—A large assortment of substantial cabinet furniture, parlor, library, dining and chamber suites; also, the new pattern sofa bedsteads, which make a handsome sofa, and can be changed in a second to a pretty bedstead, hair mattresses and spring beds; all goods warranted as represented. WM. H. LEE, Nos. 199 and 201 Fulton-st., between Broadway and Greenwich-st., New-York.

DRY GOODS.

OPENING! OPENING!

MILLER & GRANT

Will open a new and enlarged stock of RICH LACE GOODS, DRESS TRIMMINGS, RIBBONS, &c., on MONDAY, MAY 3, at their NEW STORE,

NO. 879 BROADWAY.

PRICES REDUCED.

HOLMES & CO., 747 BROADWAY,

OFFER FOR SALE THEIR ENTIRE STOCK AT REDUCED PRICES.

PIM'S IRISH POPLINS, FRENCH POPLINS.
RICH BLACK AND COLORED SILKS.
A VARIETY OF FINE DRESS GOODS.
A FULL ASSORTMENT OF DRY GOODS.
HOUSEKEEPING ARTICLES.

JOUVIN'S BEST KID GLOVES; other makes low priced; GENTS' FINE KIDS, do.; a large stock of HOSIERY GOODS; Ladies' and Misses' Fine Cotton Hose Merino Vests, &c.; Men's and Boys' Half-Hose, Vests and Drawers; all for sale at greatly reduced prices.

ESTABLISHED 1819,
THE NEW-YORK DYEING AND PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT,
STATEN ISLAND.

OFFICES:

No. 98 Duane-st., No. 752 Broadway, New-York; Nos. 134 and 136 Pierrepont-st., Brooklyn; No. 40 North 8th-st., Philadelphia. This old and well-known Company are prepared, as usual, with the highest degree of skill and the most improved machinery,

To dye, cleanse and finish every variety of ladies' and gentlemen's garments and piece goods in their usual superior manner.

GARMENTS CLEANED WHOLE.

Note that these are our ONLY OFFICES.

FRIEND PITTS

HAS REMOVED TO

No. 863 Broadway, between 17th and 18th sts.

DRESS TRIMMINGS, SMALL WARES, RIBBONS, GLOVES, LACES, FRENCH FLOWERS, UMBRELLAS and PARASOLS.

GENTS', BOYS' AND YOUTHS'

BOOTS AND SHOES

AT

CANTRELL'S NEW STORE,

No. 241 4th-av., between 19th and 20th sts.

CORSETS AND SKIRTS.

Whalebone only $1; also the best French corsets in every style at reduced prices, laces, embroideries, stamped yokes and bands.

Trimmings for undergarments.

ELGER'S, Nos. 880 and 882 Broadway, opposite Arnold's new store.

TEAS.

IN ANTICIPATION OF OUR TWENTY-ninth (29th) Anniversary, the 1st of May, 1869, we have just imported an invoice of variegated Japanese boxes, inlaid with straw, in the unique and inimitable manner of that ingenious people, one of which will be given to every purchaser of a pound of tea.

The AMERICAN AND CHINA TEA COMPANY, No. 39 Vesey-st.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR SUPPLIES.

Office of the Chief Signal Officer,
Washington, D. C., April 22, 1869.

Sealed proposals, in duplicate, will be received at this office until 12 M. on FRIDAY, the 30th instant, for supplying the Signal Service of the Army with the following articles, viz.:

Twenty-five (25) HAND TELESCOPES, with straps and caps complete.

Sixty-five (65) MARINE GLASSES, (Binocular,) with cases and straps complete.

The whole to be delivered on or before the 1st of July next.

The telescopes must be of not less than thirty-three (33,) and the marine glasses of not less than five, (5,) magnifying powers, and both of defining power and make similar and equal to the models in this office.

Envelopes to be indorsed "Proposals," and addressed to the undersigned.

Further particulars and requirements made known on application to this office.

The time for the reception of the above-mentioned proposals is extended to MONDAY, the 10th day of May next, at 12 M., and the time for furnishing the supplies to the 10th day of July next.

By order of the Chief Signal Officer of the Army.

L. B. NORTON,
Brevet Major U. S. A.,
Property and Disbursing Officer.

CROTON AQUEDUCT DEPARTMENT.—TO CONTRACTORS.—Separate sealed proposals, each indorsed with the title of the work to which it relates, the name of the person offering the same and the date of its presentation, will be received at this office (Rotunda Park) until 11 o'clock A. M. of SATURDAY, May 8, 1869, for the construction of stone-block pavements in the following streets, viz.:

Specification 1.—In 50th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

Specification 2.—In Avenue A, between Houston and 14th sts.

Specification 3.—In 54th-st., between 2d-av. and East River.

Specification 4.—In 9th-st., between 6th-av. and Broadway.

Specification 5.—In 44th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

Specification 6.—In 55th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

Specification 7.—In 28th-st., between 6th and 8th avs.

Specification 8.—In 20th-st., between 6th and 10th avs.

Specification 9.—In Thomas-st., between Church and Hudson sts.

Specification 10.—In 70th-st., between 3d and 4th avs.

Specification 11.—In 60th-st., between Lexington and 5th avs.

Specification 12.—In 17th-st., between 6th-av. and Broadway.

Specification 13.—In 18th-st., between 6th and 8th avs.

Plans of these works may be seen, and specifications and forms for the bids obtained, on application to the Contract Clerk at this office.

THOMAS STEPHENS, } Croton
ROBT. L. DARRAGH, } Aqueduct
GEORGE S. GREENE, } Board.

New-York, April 26, 1869.

Treasury Department,
Office of the Light-House Board,
Washington City, April 27, 1869.

SEPARATE SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until 1 o'clock P. M. on FRIDAY, the 28th day of May, 1869, for building and equipping two Light Vessels of the following dimensions:

Length from fore side of rabbet of stem to aft side of stern post	98 feet
Extreme breadth	23½ feet
Depth of hold from inside of floor timber to under side of deck plank, amidship	11¼ feet

Drawings and specifications, and any other desired information concerning these vessels, will be furnished upon application in writing to the undersigned at this office.

W. B. SHUBRICK, Chairman.

LEGAL NOTICES.

TO THE CREDITORS OF AND ALL other persons interested in the Bailey Manufacturing Company of the City of New-York:—At a Special Term of the Supreme Court of the State of New-York, held at Chambers in the City Hall, in and for the City and County of New-York, on the 31st day of March, 1869.—Present, The Hon. A. Cardozo, Justice.—In the matter of the application of the Secretary and majority of the Trustees of the Bailey Manufacturing Company for a voluntary dissolution.—On reading and filing the petition of the Secretary and a majority of the Trustees of the Bailey Manufacturing Company and the schedules thereto annexed, duly verified by the petitioners and bearing date on the 30th day of March, 1869, whereby it appears that said corporation is insolvent; and on a motion of Charles H. Mundy, of counsel for the petitioners, it is ordered that all persons interested in such corporation, or having claims against the same, show cause, if any they have, why such corporation should not be dissolved, before Grats Nathan, Esq., who is hereby appointed referee for that purpose, at his office, No. 117 Nassau-st., in the City of New-York, on the 1st day of August, 1869, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon. And it is further ordered that said referee hear the proofs and allegations of the parties and take testimony in relation to the matters set forth in said petition and report the same to the Court with all convenient speed, with a statement of the property, effects, debts, credits and engagements of such corporation, and of all other matters and things pertaining to the affairs of said corporation.

[A copy.]
CHARLES E. LOEW, Clerk.

[U. S. Internal Revenue 5 cent. stamp canceled.]

ap24-law3wSa*

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS FOR THE City and County of New-York.—LYDIA B. VAN ZANDT, plaintiff, against —— GIBBS, and WILLIAM C. GIBBS, her husband, defendants.—Summons.—For relief.—Com. not served.—To the defendants above named: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, this day filed in the office of the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas for the City and County of New-York, at the City Hall of the City of New-York, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers, at their office, No. 48 Pine-st., in the City of New-York, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated New-York, April 15, 1869.

ROWLAND M. HALL and
DAVID P. HALL, Jr.,
Plaintiff's Attorneys, No. 48 Pine-st., New-York.

[U. S. Int. Rev. stamp, 50 cts., canceled.]

ap17-law6wSa*

PUBLIC NOTICES.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF William D. Veeder, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against CHARLES B. WHITMORE, late of the City of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, the executor, at his office, No. 76 Chambers-st., in the City of Brooklyn, on or before the 5th day of May next.—Dated Oct. 30, 1868.

o31-law6mSa* JOHN A. SWITZER, Executor.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF the Surrogate of Rockland County, in the State of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JULIA E. FLEWWELLING, late of Nyack, Rockland County, State of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his residence, No. 20 West 31st-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 18th day of July next.—Dated New-York, Jan. 16, 1869.

ja16-law6mSa* WM. MACKAY, Executor.

The New York Times.

NEW-YORK, SATURDAY, MAY 1, 1869.

Amusements this Evening.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
23d-st., corner 8th-av.
THE TEMPEST. Principal characters by Messrs. E. L. Davenport, Mayo, and Miss Blanche Grey.
MATINEE at 1½ o'clock.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
14th-st. and Irving-place.
LE MARRIAGE AUX LANTERNES. Benefit of Mlle. Tostee.

FIFTH-AVENUE THEATRE.
24th-st. and 5th-av.
AFTERNOON—BARBE-BLEUE. Principal characters by Mlle. Irma and Mons. Aujac.

BOOTH'S THEATRE,
23d-st., corner 6th-av.
EVENING—THE MARBLE HEART. Leading character by Mr. Edwin Adams.
MATINEE at 1 o'clock—OTHELLO.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
Broadway, corner 13th-st.
SCHOOL. Leading characters by Mr. Lester Wallack, Miss Germon, and Mr. Marlowe.
MATINEE at 1½ o'clock.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Broadway, between Prince and Houston sts.
FORTY THIEVES. Leading characters by Miss Lydia Thompson and Mr. Beckett.
MATINEE at 2 o'clock.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.
Broadway, between Houston and Bleecker sts.
HUMPTY DUMPTY. Leading characters by Mr. Geo. L. Fox and Mlle. Laurent.
MATINEE at 1½ o'clock.

WAVERLEY THEATRE.
No. 720 Broadway.
PARIS. (Burlesque.) Leading characters by Miss Elise Holt and Mr. Lewis.
MATINEE at 2 o'clock.

THEATRE COMIQUE,
No. 514 Broadway.
PLUTO, and COMIC SKETCHES. Leading characters by Mr. W. H. Lingard and Miss Alice Dunning.
MATINEE at 2 o'clock.

WOOD'S MUSEUM AND THEATRE.
Broadway, corner of 30th-st.
LARGE COLLECTION OF CURIOSITIES.

BOWERY THEATRE.
Bowery, near Canal-st.
THE SEVEN DWARFS. By a powerful cast.
MATINEE at 2 o'clock.

THE TAMMANY.
14th-st., near 3d-av.
ROBINSON CRUSOE (Pantomime,) ACROBATIC FEATS, &c.
MATINEE at 2 o'clock.

SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS.
No. 585 Broadway.
MAGIC PHANTOM CABINET, (Burlesque,) NEGRO COMICALITIES, &c.

NEW-YORK CIRCUS.
14th-st., opposite Academy of Music.
THE ORIGINAL JAPANESE.
MATINEE at 2½ o'clock.

IRVING HALL.
Irving-place, corner of 15th-st.
GRAND BILLIARD TOURNAMENT.

MEXICAN EXHIBITIONS.
No. 765 Broadway.
CHRISTIAN MARTYR AND CHILD, with great portraits of MAXIMILIAN and CARLOTTA.

APOLLO HALL,
Broadway, corner 28th-st.
GRAND FAIR—For the relief of the Cuban Patriot-Army.

STEINWAY HALL.
Nos. 71 and 73 East 14th-st.
SUNDAY EVENING—MESSE SOLENNELLE.

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN.
Corner 23d-st. and 4th-av.
EXHIBITION OF PAINTINGS. Open day and evening.

PLYMOUTH CHURCH.
Orange-st., near Hicks-st., Brooklyn.
ORGAN CONCERT.

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Notice.

We cannot notice anonymous communications. In all cases we require the writer's name and address, not for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

We cannot return rejected communications, nor preserve manuscripts, unless specially requested so to do.

To Advertisers.

Advertisers in the TIMES are requested to bring in their notices at as early an hour in the day as possible. If received after 8½ o'clock, it will be impossible to classify them under their proper heads.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

EUROPE.

The Spanish Cortes on Thursday rejected an amendment to the Constitution which proposed to recognize the Roman Catholic religion as the only religion of the country.

An International Conference, for considering how to better provide for wounded soldiers in time of war, has been in session at Berlin for several days. Yesterday an address was adopted, in which regret is expressed that the United States was unrepresented, but announce the belief that the sympathies of our people are in favor of the movement.

The London papers of yesterday contain lengthy comments upon Mr. SUMNER'S speech on the *Alabama* Treaty.

GENERAL.

It is reported in Halifax that the British naval squadron to be detailed for protecting the fisheries in Canadian waters this season, will consist of the frigate *Phœbe*, the *Niobe*, *Mullet*, *Dart* and *Royalist*. The gunboat *Minstrel*, it is said, will be specially employed in connection with this important service. Admiral MUNDY, who is in command of the fleet in British American waters, is now with the flagship *Royal Alfred*, at Bermuda.

The Superintendent of the Western Division of the Erie Canal announces that the portion of the canal under his supervision is ready for service at any moment.

CHAS. HAWKINS, a young Englishman, was run over by a train of cars on the Central Railroad at Churchville, on Thursday night, and so badly injured that he died in a few hours.

Senator FESSENDEN, of Maine, attended a session of the Canadian Parliament at Ottawa on Thursday night.

The Canadian bankers are in attendance upon Parliament to protest against the Government currency scheme.

A skating rink in Philadelphia, which cost $80,000, was totally destroyed by fire on Thursday night. It was the largest rink in the country, and had lately been used as a velocipede-riding school.

A man in Boston, a few nights since, rode a velocipede (with grooved wheels) upon a tight-rope, twenty feet above the heads of his audience, while another man peformed antics on a trapeze attached to the velocipede.

The legal voters of Peabody, Mass., held a meeting on Thursday, and appropriated the sum of $123,000 for the purpose of building four schoolhouses on the department plan. All will be built during the present season.

Two new locomotives, designed to make the pioneer through trip from the Atlantic to the Pacific seaboard, over the Pacific Railroad, passed through Poughkeepsie yesterday. Eight more for the same line will be turned out of the Schenectady works on the 10th inst.

The Great Western Railroad Freight Depot at Chatham, Canada, was destroyed by fire yesterday morning, together with several cars and a large amount of freight. The total loss is estimated at $100,000.

A Mrs. ARBUCKLE, of Indiana, draws a pension for herself and sixteen children. Pensions are not allowed children after they become 16 years old. How many children exceeding that age Mrs. ARBUCKLE has is not stated.

The bank at Herkimer, N. Y., was broken into by burglars on Wednesday night, but the vault resisted all their attempts to force an entrance. So they gained nothing by their night's work.

Saturday, May 29, is to be observed in Massachusetts as Decoration Day by the Grand Army of the Republic. Nearly a hundred clergymen of all denominations have united in requesting that Saturday, instead of Sunday, be observed as the day for the decoration of the graves.

A Republican Convention is to be held at Houston, Texas, on the 24th inst., for the purpose of reconciling the two factions of the party and to nominate State officers.

At Covington, Ky., yesterday, judgment was rendered against A. W. DARLING, of Carrolton, in favor of the Government, for $200,000, for evasion of the tax on whisky.

A negro named JOHN CONLEY was to have been hanged for murder yesterday, in Louisville, Ky., but was respited by the Governor to enable him to prepare for death. His crime consisted of killing a man who was cognizant that CONLEY had been living in incestuous intimacy with his own daughter.

At Omaha a man named HALE has been arrested for inhumanly treating his niece, a girl of 15. The City Marshal found the girl handcuffed, chained to a stake, and her hands tied high above her head, in which condition she had been half the day. She had also been unmercifully whipped.

The officers of the New-Hampshire State Agricultural College have elected Rev. ASA D. SMITH, D. D., of Hanover, President of that institution.

The income returns for the year 1869, in the several collection districts of Massachusetts, so far as received, indicate an increase over those for 1868. Those in the Fourth District alone show that the tax will amount to $100,000, or more than that collected in the preceding year.

JAMES SMITH, accused of being implicated in the late forgeries on the Bank of the State of New-York to the amount of $27,000, was yesterday committed for trial.

FRANK SWIFT and JAMES BOYLE yesterday completed the task of riding from Syracuse to Rochester on velocipedes. They made the distance, 90 miles, in fifteen hours.

Dr. GEORGE BLANK, who was committed on Wednesday to the Hudson County Jail on a charge of being concerned in causing by malpractice the death of ELLEN CARLOCK, yesterday morning attempted to commit suicide by cutting his throat with a razor. He is in a very critical condition.

A public meeting to consider the subject of lay representation was held in Williamsburg last evening, at which addresses were made by OLIVER HOYT, and Rev. Drs. ANDREWS and BOOLE.

The Alumni of Princeton College, New-Jersey, resident in this City and vicinity, dined together at Delmonico's last evening. Speeches were made by Dr. MCCOSH, Hon. WM. C. ALEXANDER, Ex-Judge SLOSSON, Rev. Dr. CUYLER, and others.

Cotton was in fair request at rather steadier prices yesterday. Breadstuffs were in moderate demand, opening more firmly, but closing in favor of buyers. Provisions tame and flat. Groceries in demand; raw Sugars a shade dearer. Petroleum somewhat firmer. Freights depressed; 26,000 bushels Wheat were taken by steamer for Liverpool at 1d. ₱ bushel.

The number of Beef Cattle received the past week is 6,395; Milch Cows, 80; Calves, 2,244: Sheep, 15,358; Swine, 12,546. Prices of cattle continue at 14c.@15c. ₱ ℔., net weight, for most of the offerings, with slow sales. Only a few will sell for over 16c. Sheep are moderate, with a few droves sold at 6c.@7¼c. ₱ ℔., live weight. Most of the sales are made at 5c.@6c. ₱ ℔. Hundreds are worth only 4c.@5c. ₱ ℔. A few selected sheep were sold at 8c.@9½c., live weight, for those not sheared. Swine continue moderate at 10c.@10¼c. ₱ ℔., live weight, for prime lots. Dressed hogs, 12c.@13c. ₱ ℔.

A Revenue Tariff or a Tariff for the Monopolists?

The monopolists do not relish the temper of the times. The intelligence of the country is pronouncing against them. The oppressive and unjust character of the tariff, constructed in their behalf, has aroused a discontent which menaces the success of their cherished plans. They find that the danger of pushing the Moorhead bill, imposing higher duties, is equaled only by the difficulty of maintaining the duties as they are. The demands of the tax-payers, the necessities of trade, the common sense of the people and the experience of the world, are all against them; and they are getting ready to fight as for life. It is an uphill fight, they admit. The Industrial League of Pennsylvania, in a report just published, confesses that "what are called the educated classes are being gradually but surely brought over to the side of free trade;" and it is certain that the tendency in that direction is accelerated by the disastrous operation of the present tariff, and the incessant calls of the monopolists for more. Theoretical convictions are quickened and multiplied by the practical considerations to which disastrous lessons on one hand and insatiate greed on the other have given rise.

The organization of a Reform League in Massachusetts, with a revision and reduction of the tariff rather than absolute free trade as its object, has reminded the champions of monopoly of the weakness of their position. They feel comparatively strong so long as the issue to be contested is limited to protection or free trade. The needs of the Treasury, the interests that have grown up under the present system, and the popular aversion to direct taxation pure and simple, are important aids in a contest thus narrowed to a single point. The prospect changes when, as now, free traders forego their extreme views, and rally to the support of those who, while conceding the continuance of moderate protection, propose to overthrow the colossal system of fraud and wrong which injures, under the pretence of protecting, domestic industry. For a struggle based upon the relative merits of a revenue tariff and a prohibitory tariff, the monopolists are not prepared. They desire no issue except one of their own making. And since it is forced upon them, they affect an air of injured innocence, and protest that the design is to "swindle" them of their gains. "Shall we be swindled out of protection to home industry?" is the wail with which the *Tribune* proposes to frighten its friends into activity. It enumerates a few of the instances in which it has been "done out" of advantages, more or less imaginary, and declares that the movement inaugurated at Boston leads to a similar result. The *Tribune*, of course, would restrict the controversy to the point most agreeable to itself:

> "The issue between protection and free trade is a great and grave one; but there are precisely two sides to it, and no more. Either a tariff should discriminate with intent to protect home industry, or it should not. If it should, then our present tariff is a good one, and should be firmly upheld. If it should not, then there ought to be no tariff at all, so that the products of foreign lands should sell here as free from impost as those of our own labor."

But the tariff question, like every other large question, *has* more than two sides. Truth is many-sided; and the truth in regard to the customs revenue has other aspects than those of free trade and monopoly. The choice of the country is not restricted to one or the other. A purely revenue tariff is possible—a tariff constructed primarily in the interests of the Treasury, but which should nevertheless afford succor to manufacturing industry by way of compensation for heavy domestic burdens. In such a case all the protection that is legitimate would be an incidental effect of an improved fiscal arrangement. Here, then, is a third side to the question stated by the *Tribune*; and it is in the inherent face of this aspect of the controversy that our contemporary discovers danger to the monopolies it upholds.

The present tariff is indefensible either as a revenue measure or as a measure of relief to general industry. It is neither profitable as a fiscal agency nor expedient as a means of benefiting home industry. It yields less revenue than might be collected from the imposition of customs' duties on a few articles, and by the universality of its burdens it cripples enterprise and impoverishes the labor which alone has any title to protection. The iniquity of its operation has been exposed by no one more clearly than by Mr. WELLS, a protectionist on principle, whose studies as Special Commissioner of Revenue have made him an earnest advocate of reform. His allegations against the tariff as it is are striking and specific. "It has neutralized every benefit that can flow from the possession of cheap raw material, from cotton and pig iron down to ice." "It has offered a bounty on incompetent and bad management, rather than a stimulus for the exercise of increased skill and economy." "It has largely contributed to the destruction of our foreign commerce by rendering an exchange in kind, for most articles of domestic production, an absolute impossibility." "It has contributed to repel the immigration into the country of skilled labor, and has not improved the condition of the workingman at home." Again Mr. WELLS reports:

> "That the existing policy brings prosperity to certain branches of domestic production cannot be questioned; but like the vigor of the tropical parasite, which eventually paralyzes the tree on which it leans for support, such special prosperity is most antagonistic to the normal and healthy growth of the State. Thus, under the influence of an almost prohibitory tariff, the business of manufacturing pig iron enjoys a high degree of prosperity, and furnaces continue to be multiplied; but if the community at large has been compelled to pay an unnecessary profit of from $7 to $10 per ton on a present annual product of 1,500,000 tons, and has therefore been subjected during the past year to a tax of from $10,000,000 to $15,000,000, the prosperity of the pig iron manufacture in question has cost the country a great deal more than it is worth."

Might not the *Tribune's* epithet, "swindling," be applied with propriety to a tariff which sacrifices the interests of the community as a whole for the aggrandizement of an insignificant class? And still the monopolists are not satisfied. They want high duties to be made yet higher.

If, as the *Tribune* says, the only available alternative were monopoly of this order or absolute free trade, the triumph of the latter would be assured. The monopolists may buy the Washington lobby, but they could not hope to reconcile the people to systematic and wholesale robbery. Even party madness could not confer strength upon a cause so partial and unjust.

"What the country needs," Mr. WELLS has said, "is a tariff looking first to the attainment of public revenue, and not primarily to the furtherance of mere private interests." The movement begun at Boston is designed to supply this great want. Instead of quarreling with free traders because they do not insist upon the full application of their principle, we should rejoice that they recognize the qualifying circumstances of the country, and are willing to coöperate in the attainment of a reform which the Commissioner of Revenue has stamped with his approval.

May-Day and Moving.

The "merry, merry month of May" whereof poets (but not, let us hope, New-York ones) write, is here at last, ushered in by the great festal day of our ancestry—the May-day of rustic sport and civic pomp, of wreaths and garlands and streamers and banners, of children in pink and blue and white marching in gay procession, or tripping in the dance on the green, the May-day of May poles, and May queens, and May flowers, and May feasts, and May songs, and May wine. If it will be of the slightest consolation to jaded and bewildered housekeepers, on this "May morn," (for we have *our* May-day, too, but "with a difference,") to recall the jocund holiday it once was, by all means let them do so; but, like the naval hero at Trafalgar, they probably have "no time for history" at so decisive an epoch in domestic annals. As the London lodger in the farce only knew the 1st of May as "Chimney-sweepers' day," so to most of us, directly or indirectly, it chiefly means "moving." Execrable custom of doing all the year's "moving" of thousands of families on or near a single day—it doubles and quadruples the wear, worry, cost and inconvenience of what is, at best, one of the greatest of domestic nuisances. And since, in the present feverish state of real estate speculation, but few houses can be hired on long leases, because landlords wish each Spring to be free to sell, the annoyance is nowadays greater than ever.

Long suffering as our American people, especially in cities, are, in regard to whatever social discomforts may be put upon them, they bear even these May-day miseries with comparative equanimity. But with what emotions, with what reminiscences, does the touching elocutionist who reads TENNYSON'S *May Queen* in public about this time of the year, fancy that his audience regards his performance? His theme is truly a "moving" one, in a sense he knows not of. He suggests more domestic dramas than the one he is reading, and pathetic to the last degree—dramas in which the "Queen of the May, mother," plays a less lively *rôle* than the quean of the kitchen, and wherein the poetic injunction to "be sure and call me early" is dreadful with significance of a mountainous work in store.

But even May-day and May-moving, like most other miseries, have an end. With the wrecks of his old household goods and gods, the wayfarer may found, in his new habitation, a "new Troy," and forget until the next Spring, at least, the woes he is now passing through. Perhaps, in some future Golden Age, we in New-York shall do as people in all other countries, and most other American cities do—make it possible to terminate leases at some other than this one dreadful date of May-day. Meanwhile, let the sufferers take such cold comfort as they can from knowing that at least carmen, carpenters, plumbers and porters are now having their jubilee of gains, and that there are *some* people, at least, who can echo TENNYSON'S innocent praise of May-day as the "happiest" and "most blithesome" day of all the year.

The Press and Private Scandals.

The Washington *Star*, in speaking of the recent publication in the *Sun* concerning Mr. J. R. YOUNG and his relations with the *Tribune*, says:

> "For some reason the New-York papers, with the exception of the *Post*, have thus far not one word editorially to say in regard to this remarkable *exposé*."

We are strongly inclined to believe, as we certainly hope, that the "reason" for this remarkable abstinence on the part of the New-York papers lies in the fact, that the affair is none of their business and of not the slightest interest or importance to the public. We understand the propensity of the public for scandal,—the eagerness with which everything affecting the character and private relations of individuals, is read by a large class of the community, and the readiness of a portion of the Press to profit by pandering to this appetite. But we are glad to believe that the better class of newspapers are getting beyond the necessity and above the bad taste of so doing. As a matter of course, it will be done by somebody; there never yet was a public craving so vicious or so morbid that somebody would not seek profit by feeding it. But let the papers which live on this sort of food form a class by themselves. Those journals which aim at public usefulness will best consult their reputation, as well as their usefulness, by avoiding the vulgar scandals, the petty gossip and the paltry tattle about individuals, which form the staple of what a large portion of the community style "spicy reading."

The *Sun* printed four or five columns of Mr. YOUNG'S private letters to convict him of having betrayed the confidence of his employers, the proprietors of the *Tribune*. Suppose this was all true:—How is the public interested in it? If the *Tribune* proprietors are satisfied, who has a right to complain? If they are not satisfied, they have a right to redress. But it is no more a legitimate topic for public comment than the management of a private family, or the conduct of one's servants, or the amount of a private meat bill.

It is for this reason, we trust, that the "New-York papers" have forborne to make this *exposé* the theme of editorial comment,—as though it were equally important with the downfall of a dynasty or the success or failure of an Administration. The Press, we hope, is getting out of its swaddling clothes, and beyond the toys and baubles of its childhood, and inclined to devote itself to the serious business of the world. Of course, men like to read stories of private scandal and damaging attacks upon private character. But there are a good many very low and base cravings and passions, to which no man, with a proper sense of self-respect, would consent to minister, however profitable it might be.

Switzerland and Mazzini.

The Swiss Government, at the instance of the Italian, has requested MAZZINI to leave the country, where he has for some time resided. The Government of King VICTOR EMMANUEL considered doubtless that the residence in such close proximity to their frontier of so dangerous a leader of the "Reds" as MAZZINI, was a source of serious danger to the existing order of things in Italy; and his alleged complicity in the recent plots discovered in Florence and Milan, probably served as an occasion for preferring a formal complaint before the authorities at Berne. The result is, according to the cable dispatch, that MAZZINI has virtually received notice to quit Swiss territory.

Switzerland has undoubtedly been placed in a difficult position through the part taken by the exile it had sheltered in conspiring against the Government of a neighboring and friendly nation, and may even in some quarters have laid herself open to the charge of having lowered her national dignity and sacrified her independence by expelling MAZZINI from her borders at the dictation of a foreign Power. But the circumstances of the case are peculiar, and we think, on the whole, that she has done well, and that the cause of freedom in Europe will not be injured, but rather the reverse, by her action. Whatever the failings of the present Government of Italy, one has only to glance back ten years to reflect how infinitely preferable it is to the former state of affairs; and without being too sanguine one may fairly anticipate vast advances and progress of every kind during the coming ten years, without any violent disturbance of the political *status* of the Kingdom. None but the wildest fanatics can believe that anything but mischief could ensue to Italy even if the visionary schemes of MAZZINI and his friends could by any possibility be carried into effect. And at the present time, his objects are simply foolish, if not criminal. The whole tendency of the age in Europe now is toward progress, freedom, constitutional government, education and religious liberty, all of which, there is every reason to hope, will shortly be attained without violence and by peaceful and constitutional means. The day is over for plots, conspiracies and secret societies. Always evils, they were, perhaps, necessary evils twenty years ago. They were the natural correlatives of Governments like those of Austria and Naples. But now there is no conceivable good to be attained by them, least of all in Italy, where a fairly liberal and well-meaning Government is already struggling against difficulties and embarrassments on every side. MAZZINI'S occupation is gone, and yet he perversely refuses to recognize the fact. If, as seems to have been the case, he has availed himself of the refuge awarded to him in Switzerland, to concoct plots which would have barely been justifiable even if directed against the throne of King Bomba, and are simply inexcusable when designed to overthrow the existing Government of Italy, Switzerland has done right in withdrawing from him the protection which he has justly forfeited.

Broad-Brim and Breech-Clout.

As Colonel PARKER is to give the new effort to civilize, and perhaps even Quakerize, (who knows?) the hitherto hostile Indians every advantage for a fair trial, and as the Friends, on their part, are said to have selected as agents men distinguished for a rare union of business tact with benevolence, of wide knowledge of human nature with spotless integrity, we may declare that the scheme is launched under favoring auspices. And there are other promising omens in the very peculiar circumstances of the "Indian situation" at this moment. In the first place—not to say it in any disparaging way—the hostile tribes were soundly thrashed by SHERIDAN and CUSTER, last Winter, and hence may be approached with peace offerings, without fear of the motive being misinterpreted. Again, the new agents and superintendents go well supplied with what are usually called "the sinews of war," but which are as emphatically the sinews of peace. They carry for disbursement the entire treaty appropriations of the House,—something over two millions; and though it is true that they take none of the funds proposed under the unratified treaties of last year, yet they have in their place the discretionary fund of two millions, to be expended, as Congress ordered, in "civilizing" the savage tribes.

Now, it is to be noted that, under this arrangement, we have still subsisting all the benefit which has ever been claimed by its friends in behalf of the Indian Bureau machinery. In the next place we may count on having purified the bureau organism by the introduction of honor, honesty, fidelity, business energy, philanthropy, and patriotism as its motive power, in the place of the selfish greed, the treachery, the negligence, the knavery, and the bold plunder, it is claimed, which have sometimes disgraced it. Finally, we have, for the first time in our history, the two great bodies of Government officials who come in contact with the Indian working harmoniously, instead of at cross-purposes. For the first time, we say, the army and the agents are at apparent accord; and the spectacle of the President, the General-in-Chief, the Secretary of War, the Secretary of the Interior and the Indian Commissioner pulling all one way, instead of *three* different ways, at least, as hitherto is most happily significant. Should the new Commission save us money, it would be gratifying; should it save us from war, it would be still more so; but should it both save us money and save us from war, it would mark a new era in the civil service.

The Defects of Social Machinery in New-York.

Very few American travelers return now from Europe without feeling a strong impression that what may be called our "social machinery" in American cities has broken down in a very miserable manner. The amazing advantages of the country strike the returned citizen at once—the practically unlimited area and proportional demand for labor, the corresponding ease with which questions of pauperism and reform are settled and the magnificent opportunity presented here for the development of the individual. He also feels at once the immense national elation and the consciousness of superiority among his countrymen, arising from a somewhat limited acquaintance with other countries and their advantages. And if of philosophical turn of mind, he is contented that Americans should possess that without which no people has ever become great—a strong sense of nationality and overweening national pride. But as our supposed traveler begins to settle himself down to daily business and every-day life, he soon feels how very defective and rough the machinery of society is, compared with the European. If he has recently lived in London, he has been in the habit of writing a letter to an address in the neighboring block and getting his answer in an hour or two, and of carrying on his correspondence with the rapidity and accuracy of a law of nature. As a business man, time is everything to him, and in England he has found time almost doubled to him by the convenience and rapidity of this machinery. Here he finds no speed and little certainty, and he must continually resort to messengers or telegrams—the latter often as slow as the English mails. All his connections with the outside world are impeded. He feels as an American does going to Russia, where he must use post-chaises instead of rail-cars. His efficiency as a business man is just so much lessened. Moreover, if engaged in important affairs in the centre of business, he has practically but about four or five working hours, in which great results must be accomplished. From ten to three, minutes are of priceless value to him, and yet if he has in that period any distant engagement, he finds the utmost difficulty in any rapid movements. The omnibuses are far slower than the English, the horse-cars are often blocked and delayed, and he has not his great resource in London, a Hansom-cab to go at extra speed, and in which he can read and examine his papers. At great expense and trouble he must find a hack, and make but a slow journey with that, and have, perhaps, a dispute with the driver at the end. If he lives up town, he discovers that all the usual conveniences due to the citizen are neglected, the sidewalks cumbered with boxes or dug up with building, the streets dirty or dusty, the horse-cars crowded to suffocation, and the omnibuses packed beyond endurance. No Police appears anywhere guarding the comfort of the private citizen.

In the Summer season he has been accustomed in England to enjoy his delightful rural retreat, some twenty miles from the "city," and in half an hour to find himself within a stone's throw of his place of business.

Here his daily entrance to the business quarter is an arduous struggle with crowds, dust and room in various vehicles. As he leaves Wall-street, he must, if going to the Hudson River Station, allow at least three-quarters of an hour to reach it, and expect to stand in a crowded car the whole way. Then follows a slow, dusty journey of an hour, and in two hours he has reached his villa, twenty miles away. His experience on the Harlem Road is equally aggravating. Everything seems arranged to delay and annoy the active business man, and such a thing as comfort is not regarded.

If our supposed American traveler has resided recently in Paris, the great contrast will be first felt in the working of the domestic machinery. Here all is jar and roughness and comparative confusion; there all went with the regularity and smoothness of clock-work. One day his cook warns him; another, his chambermaid suddenly leaves; another, his waitress; his time and vitality, or those of his wife, are spent in arranging successive administrations of servants, who manage nothing well and never know their business. His expenses are double what they were in Paris, and yet he has not half the comfort or elegance. If, disliking the trouble of a large house, he searches for a European "flat," no such thing of a respectable kind can be found.

The results of all this "breaking down" of and confusion of social machinery are beginning to be lamentably apparent in the crowds of Americans who take up their residence abroad. Feeling that the comfort and rational convenience of the individual are so little regarded under a democracy, they prefer the more artificial but comfortable arrangements under the monarchies and despotisms of Europe. Tens of thousands of Americans now live permanently in European cities.

But this is not the worst evil. We all enjoy less and accomplish less in life through these maladjustments and inconveniences. When one thinks of the vast capital in New-York, the unbounded energy and inventiveness of its citizens, and the little score an American puts on money, it seems incredible that this City in its public conveniences can remain so much like a third-rate European town. Why does not some one of our wealthy organizers give us *cabs*? Why is there no act of Legislature passed limiting numbers in a given public vehicle, or proportioning fares to the comfort enjoyed? Why do we not have an underground or elevated railway? Above all, why does not some one organize a line of small steamers to connect different parts of New-York Island together?

Suppose, for instance, that the Hudson River Road connected at Fifty-first-street with a line of quick ferry-boats, stopping, say, at Fourteenth and Chambers streets and the Battery, or the Harlem Road at Harlem River in a similar manner, with fast boats on the east side, what a vast difference would at once be made in the speed and comfort of connection between the business part of the City and the country to the north. These connections do exist in one direction with considerable convenience—toward the west, and New-Jersey is reaping the profit from it; but the great *trend* of population will always be northward from this Island. Why will not some organizing brain do something to remove these many annoyances and obstacles to the progress of our great City, and make New-York at length equal to the European capitals?

MINOR TOPICS.

We cannot credit the dispatch given yesterday, from Key West, that a Spanish commander in Cuba had issued an order providing for a general execution of native men and boys, for a general burning of houses, and for a general kidnapping of women. It is true that during the rebellion the Spaniards have carried out a most ferocious and sanguinary policy; but if Count VALMASEDA has issued such a proclamation as is attributed to him, and if it be not promptly withdrawn and its author punished by the Captain-General, there will be a storm of indignation throughout the civilized world that will bode ill to Spanish domination in Cuba,—and there will burst forth in this country a fierce and irrepressible sympathy for the revolutionary Cubans that will yet make itself felt in the neighborhood of the Moro and the Cubanas.

The Wall-street brokers must submit to assessment, as per official decision from Washington, by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

We have so much general talk about "City Corruption," that everybody contents himself with vague denunciations and cries of the "necessity of reform." But in Friday's TIMES a correspondent states one particular case that would furnish the Citizens' Association, or any man or men with enough patriotism and money at command, material for a specific prosecution of offenders. It was in reference to the late unnecessary repaving of William-street. Says the writer:

> "Among the charges was one for over $900 for surveying. Now, no survey was ever made. Any one looking at the map can see that some clerk has only copied an old corporation map, taking a few hours' time, and charging $5 therefor, and a huge surveyor's bill is made out, and the citizens are swindled out of the balance. And the worst of it is, they took a very old map to copy, for I can show landmarks that have been removed over twenty years, that are set down on this so-called survey of 1868. I called on the Croton Board. They contended that it made no difference whether surveyed or not."

This case is simple, clear and straightforward. If the facts are as stated, it could not be a very difficult matter to follow up, and it ought to be put through.

A reporter of the Brooklyn *Eagle*, in giving the evidence in the Haggerty case, alludes to Dr. A. B. CLARK, of No. 202 Court-street, an able physician and most estimable gentleman, as "very nervous and much agitated" in giving his evidence, and that he finally "retired in evident discomfiture." There is doubtless no malice in the reporter's language, but it is cruel carelessness which indited it, since the nervousness of Dr. CLARK is a constitutional infirmity. The language of the reporter is unfortunately calculated to damage, by the inferences which readers of it are apt to draw, the professional prospects of Dr. CLARK, as well as his personal reputation.

The London *Daily News* thinks the better plan with the *Alabama* quarrel may be to give it *time*, which will heal it. Perhaps it will. But it is a dangerous thing for nations to keep such questions outstanding, or to postpone their settlement indefinitely. It is not to time that we leave festering sores.

VALLANDIGHAM is attempting to show that it was not he who caused the defeat of Mr. CHASE at the nominating Convention. He argues that if SEYMOUR had proposed the nomination of CHASE, "CHASE would have been nominated, and President to-day, and the Democratic Party, with its bold, brave men at the front, in power." He repeats that but one course could have commanded success in the election—the nomination of CHASE, who "had brains enough to comprehend that if he was to overpower the strong-minded, strong-willed audacity of the Republican leaders, it was alone by antagonizing to it the strong-minded, strong-willed audacity of the 'Copperheads' of the Democratic Party." It is quite true that CHASE had a chance of election if he had received the Tammany nomination on his own platform; but VALLANDIGHAM makes a great mistake in supposing that CHASE or any other man had any chance whatever of success on a Copperhead or Vallandigham platform.

The new treaty of friendship between France and Madagascar gives to *each* country the privilege of establishing schools in the other. Whether the fertile island will become imbued with French ideas, or the French people are in danger of being changed into Madagascarenes, is not a difficult problem to solve.

It is years since the simple caloric engine of ERICSSON was, temporarily at least, discarded for use in propelling vessels and other things needing vast power, and found a very wide circle of usefulness in light mechanical, domestic and other such labor. The enormous expense attending the production of electricity has hitherto been the reason why that has not been used as a motive power. But a similar ingenuity (that of a French engineer, by name CAZAL) has made a little electric engine for attachment to a sewing-machine. The "pile," placed in a convenient corner, or concealed in a footstool, supplies the motive power, touching a button applies it, and, at an expense of about eighteen or twenty cents per day, the little engine saves much effort, strength and really fatiguing labor. Of course, it may be applied to other things. And, although electricity costs about thirty times as much as steam, its neat, compact and easily applied action, will undoubtedly come into wide use for much work involving delicate movement in domestic or manufacturing affairs.

Mr. GRAVES, the Liverpool Member of Parliament, has introduced a bill into Parliament looking to a very sensible modification of English postal rates—a matter of much discussion nowadays. At present four ounces of printed matter may be sent to any part of Great Britain for one penny. Mr. GRAVES proposes merely that two ounces shall be carried for a half penny. The French subdivisions of grade are rather complex, descending for various kinds of printed matter to one-sixth of an ounce. But the new proposition of Mr. GRAVES is a good one and equitable; for at present the postage on many newspapers in England is as great as the cost of the paper itself. Our own lowest single rate is now about the same as the English—two cents for all under four ounces. We might take a lesson in the logic of equity from Mr. GRAVES.

The London *Globe* makes the best hit at the great *Times*, the thunderer, that we remember to have seen lately. Speaking of the mystery with which the *Times* tried to invest the quiet and sensible course of Lord STANLEY on the Irish Church bill matter, it thus characterizes the "super-judicial admonitions," the constant errors and imposing bombast of that "great organ:"

> "The *Times*, if a splendid reporter, is a sorry prophet. There is generally something august in its arrogance; mostly something sinister in its inspiration. * * * * * * A record of its own tergiversations would constitute the most tedious indictment of abandoned immorality ever read; yet with what an air of majesty will this self-appointed censor of the world sit in judgment on the kings and rulers and teachers of men!"

A reading of parallel columns, by way of prophecy and retrospection, taken fairly and without garbling, too, from the "giant journal," would read very comically, to say the least.

One of the Fenian leaders has turned his attention to the business of encouraging Irish emigration to the South and West, and securing lands and employment for them. This is a sensible movement. There are in this City alone, for example, a hundred thousand very poor and very hardworking Irish men and women, who, if they could be properly settled on the unoccupied but fertile lands of the Southern and Western States and Territories, would be able in a few years to secure for themselves independence. They remain crowded in great cities, where they live in abject poverty, and look forward to nothing but a funeral with a long line of carriages after the hearse. Were they to get for themselves a bit of land—which all the Irish are so anxious to do in their native country—it would not only be better for them but for their posterity of the next generation.

AMUSEMENTS.

Entertainments of the Day.

There will be *matinées* at all the theatres to-day. Except at the Fifth-avenue Theatre, where the regular change of programme brings "Barbe Bleue" before the footlights, the representations will be repetitions only of evening performances that have had reference during the week, and of which announcements printed elsewhere supply full particulars. The very interesting Saturday afternoon concerts at Plymouth Church, Brooklyn, may be attended as usual. Mr. SAMUEL P. WARREN, of Grace Church, will this time preside at the grand organ.

In the evening, to return to City affairs, Mlle. TOSTEE will be the recipient of a benefit at the Academy of Music, where all the artistes of the Fifth-avenue Theatre, (closed for the occasion,) and the lady herself, will appear in "Le Marriage Aux Lanternes," in the second act of "La Belle Helene," and in "Monsieur Chanfleuri."

Unjust Assessments.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

I have the misfortune of being the owner of two lots on Fifty-eighth and Fifth-ninth streets, 250 feet east from Fifth-avenue, on which I am assessed $725 each, for the proposed widening of Fifth-avenue at the Park entrance. Whom this money goes to enrich I do not know, but I am sure that I am so much the poorer without any benefit that I can see. I am a mechanic, working at days' labor, do not ride in a carriage and can ill afford to pay for this improvement, which, it strikes me, benefits those who ride and drive in the Park, and, I am told, enhances enormously the value of two or three owners fronting on the proposed improvement. Can you not say something which will shame the parties at the bottom of this thing from this robbery of me? Why should my property be assessed any more than a lot in Wall-street for this assessment? If it cannot be assessed on that class of citizens who benefit by it in their daily rides and drives, let it be paid by the City, and then, if it is really a public convenience, I will willingly pay my share. L. M.

The Widening of Fifth-Avenue.

The attention of owners of property liable to be assessed for widening Fifth-avenue at Fifty-eighth and Fifty-ninth streets, is directed to a notice in another column. It is alleged that it is a scheme for the benefit of a few interested individuals under the guise of a public benefit.

Appointments by the Surveyor of the Port

General MERRITT, Surveyor of the Port of New-York, has made the following appointment of Deputies: CORNELL S. FRANKLIN, Esq. This gentleman has been connected with the department for the last twenty-seven years. Colonel SILAS W. BURT and EDWARD DE FOREST, Esq.

ALBANY.

The Gas Bill in the Senate—Railroad Bills Pending—The Tax Commissioner Muddle.

From Our Own Correspondent.

ALBANY, Friday, April 30, 1869.

THE GAS BILL IN THE SENATE.

The Gas bill, which passed the Assembly by so large a majority on Wednesday, is in the hands of the Senate Committee on Municipal Affairs. Senator NORTON tried to get it referred to another committee, on the ground that the Committee on Municipal Affairs had already reported adversely to a bill of a similar character, but he failed on a point of courtesy. The Committee on Municipal Affairs is composed of Senators CROWLEY, (Chairman,) CREAMER, PALMER, BANKS and KENNEDY—only one of whom (BANKS) is interested, so far as known, in gas companies. The bill will be discussed in Committee to-night, and probably reported favorably to-morrow. All the New-York Senators will support it, and, if it is defeated, it will be by country members and Republicans. The $125,000 fund sent up here by the gas companies to kill the bill awaits its customers, and the ultimate fate of the bill will test the comparative venality of the Senate and Assembly.

CLEAR THE TRACK.

It is now pretty well settled that the Legislature will adjourn on Thursday next. All private and local bills that do not get through to-day and to-morrow will stand a slim chance, for next week the railroad interest is expected to monopolize the attention of the Legislature. A multitude of bills in this interest are pending, and as they are backed by the most money they must be the first served. The Consolidated Railroad bill and the Central Scrip bill are to be reported from the Senate Railroad Committee to-day—not favorably, but "for consideration." The latter is deemed of little importance by the railroad men now in case the former passes, and the chief objection urged against the first in Committee was that it might be used as a means to increase the stock of railroad companies and aid the schemes of speculators. The Harlem Depot bill will be reported favorably to-morrow by the Committee on Municipal Affairs, with an amendment that the Railroad Company shall pay the City of New-York the full value of the streets occupied by the depot. The amendment was proposed by Senator KENNEDY, and reads as follows:

> "Compensation shall be made to the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York, and other corporations or persons, as the same shall be respectively entitled thereto, for the property to be taken under the provisions of this act; such compensation to be ascertained in the same manner as is provided for appraising real estate taken by railroad corporations under the provisions of the act entitled 'An act to authorize the formation of railroad corporations, and to regulate the same,' passed April 2, 1850.

In addition to the above there is a large batch of Metropolitan steam railroad bills pending, none of which have been acted upon except SWAIN'S two-tier road, which has passed the Assembly. Two or three underground or tunnel roads have been reported favorably, but as they conflict with each other in some portions of the route, an effort is being made to reconcile the antagonism by a combination. The "Arcade" road was reported favorably in the Assembly and "for consideration" in the Senate a week ago or more, but in the absence of its fugleman, SMYTHE, it has been allowed to rest upon its laurels. He reappeared on the scene, however, this morning, and an advance movement in his project will speedily follow. There is no concealing the fact that "Arcade" is the pet among all the City railroad schemes before the Legislature, and there is a general disposition to permit the alleged impracticability of the project to be tested by actual experiment. This and two or three other different schemes for steam communication between the lower and upper end of the City are likely to pass, and the public will then have an opportunity to see which is best.

THE TAX COMMISSIONERS' BILL.

It is generally conceded that the smartest trick played here this session was that of RICHMOND in the matter of the Tax Commissioners' bill, the particulars of which were given in yesterday's dispatches. There seems to be no possible way of getting the bill before the Assembly again this session except by unanimous consent, which, of course, will not be given. It is reported that the Senate (or the "ring" portion thereof) which, it will be recollected, passed the bill with only four opposition votes, threaten to defeat every important bill coming from the Assembly, unless the Tax Commissioners' bill passes that body; but that is a game which one House can play as well as the other. As an excuse for the manœuvre of Mr. RICHMOND, it is alleged that the majority of the Committee on Cities sprung their report on the minority, and refused to allow them time to prepare a minority report. S.

The Tax Commissioners' Bill—Fillibustering Tactics—The School Bill Signed.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

ALBANY, Friday, April 30.

The afternoon session of the Assembly was consumed in fillibustering against the Tax Commissioners' bill, for fear that the third reading of bills might be finished before the hour of adjournment, and thus allow an opportunity to get in the report on the Tax Commissioners' bill. The Clerk was required to read each bill through, and in a slow, distinct tone of voice. The reading soon became a bore, and after two or three bills had been finished, a motion was made to adjourn till to-morrow, and carried. Mr. HITCHMAN protested on behalf of the Democratic members, that they were not responsible for the conduct of the House in thus delaying business, but the first member who demanded that the Clerk should read a bill through was Mr. MURPHY, a Democrat. The Democracy are greatly enraged to think they cannot get the Tax Commissioners' bill to a vote after having got everything "fixed" to secure its passage. The Governor has signed the School bill.

THE STATE LEGISLATURE.

SENATE....ALBANY, Friday, April 30.

The bill to widen Underhill-avenue, Brooklyn, was, on motion of Mr. PIERCE, recommitted to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

BILLS PASSED.

Incorporating the Grand Lodge of the Independent Order of Good Templars of the State of New-York. To amend the charter of the Insurers' Indemnity Company of the City of New-York. To amend the charters of Cambridge and Canandaigua. For a manual labor school on the Tonawanda Reservation. In relation to the Cooperstown and Susquehanna Valley Railroad, (17 to 6.) Authorizing the paving of certain streets in Brooklyn. To amend the articles of incorporation of the New-York Dispensary. For an Eastern Boulevard in Westchester County. Incorporating the Fort Ann Water Works. Authorizing the sale of Malcolm Block, Oswego. In relation to the Gowanus Canal, Brooklyn. Authorizing the drainage of certain avenues in Brooklyn. For paving Bushwick-avenue, Brooklyn. For the construction of a sewer in Gravesend, Kings County. To close a portion of Dick-street, Brooklyn. To repeal the law of 1868 relating to Surrogates and Judges in the Town and County of Oswego. The Town Binding bill, (19 to 11.)

YEAS—Messrs. Cauldwell, Chapman, Edwards, Genet, Graham, Hale, Hubbard, Humphrey, Mattoon, Morris, Norton, O'Donnell, Parker, Pierce, Stanford, Thayer, Tweed, Van Patten, Williams—19.

NAYS—Messrs. Banks, Bradley, Campbell, Crowley, Folger, Kennedy, Morgan, Murphy, Nichols, Nicks, Palmer—11.

Providing for additional compensation for clerks in the general departments of the State Government. The General Appropriation bill. To amend the charter of Mohawk. To authorize a tax of one and one-half mills for extraordinary repairs of canals, (23 to 7.) Extending Madison-avenue. Incorporating the Guardian Insurers' Indemnity Company of New-York. To authorize the removal of certain Sing Sing prisoners to the Albany Penitentiary. For the payment of fees to the Kings County Sheriff for the confinement of prisoners on civil process. To widen Ninth-avenue and Fifteenth-street, Brooklyn. Relative to widening the Coney Island Plank road. For the payment of certain certificates held by the soldiers of 1812.

REPORTS.

To authorize the Comptroller of Brooklyn to issue registered bonds. To incorporate the village of Chateugay. To incorporate the Hansom Cab Company. To close a portion of Water-street, Brooklyn. For a town hall in Oswego. To reorganize the Fire Department of Brooklyn. Relative to the Court of Oyer and Terminer in New-York, Mr. FOLGER dissenting. To authorize the increase of stock in the New-York Central Railroad, for consideration, Mr. MORGAN dissenting. To authorize the consolidation of certain railroads, for consideration, adversely. To creating Nassau County, adversely. To the Vandenburg Underground Railroad bill. The bill to extend the time for the completion of the Buffalo City Railway was reported complete and ordered to a third reading. To close part of the Hunterfly road, Brooklyn. To amend the State Excise law. To incorporate the American Trust Company of New-York. To incorporate the Real Estate Insurance Company of New-York. To incorporate the Great Neck Dock. For the erection of an almshouse in Brooklyn.

A resolution was adopted that the Claim and Appropriation bill shall be the special order for to-morrow noon. Mr. O'DONNELL called up the resolution to amend the Constitution so that the fiscal year shall commence on the 1st of December. Lost. Adjourned.

ASSEMBLY.

BILLS ORDERED TO A THIRD READING.

Providing for the custody and care of insane criminals. In relation to road from Warsaw to the Erie Railroad. To authorize the Whitehall and Plattsburg Railroad Company to take increased fare. Extending the time for commencing the Schenectady and Utica Railroad. In relation to the Brooklyn City and Newtown Railroad. Providing for the appointment by the Canal Auditor of eight additional inspectors—69 to 49.

BILLS PASSED.

Requiring ferry companies to place gates on their docks and boats. To amend the charter of the Binghamton and Port Dickinson Railroad. To authorize the sale of certificates of sales of lands for taxes held by the State. Relative to contracts for constructing the Oneida Lake Canal—68 to 26. To amend the charter of the New-York and Long Island Bridge Company. Relative to the Surrogate's Court in Orange County. For relief of soldiers of 1812. To authorize the Highland Bridge Company to build a bridge across Harlem River.

ANOTHER VETO MESSAGE.

A message was received from the Governor vetoing the bill amending the charter of Oswego. He objects that the bill provides for the election of five Supervisors, while already it has one Supervisor in addition to the one elected by the town of which it is a part. The town would then have six. It is well known that Supervisors are not proportioned to population, but, as a rule, every town is entitled to representation in the County Board. Even on the principle of proportionate population, this bill would give more than its share to the town of Oswego, as proved by the figures. Another insuperable objection is that the bill does not indicate by its title the full object. While by its title it purports simply to amend the charter, the bill really works a material change in the County Government. In such a change the people of the other towns have an interest, yet the title of this bill affords them no notice of its provisions. Recess.

EVENING SESSION.

This afternoon, in the Assembly, on motion of Mr. TRUMAN, the Governor's veto of the bill amending the charter of Owego was tabled by a vote of 46 to 38.

BILLS PASSED.

For enlarging the boundaries of the village of Geddes. To incorporate the village of Port Henry. Adjourned.

WASHINGTON.

The Cabinet Meeting—General Sickles to be Minister to Spain—The Tax on Brokers to be Collected—Dispatches from Minister Rosecrans.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Friday, May 30.

The only event of the day was the Cabinet meeting. Secretaries FISH and BOUTWELL returned this morning, and all the members were present except Postmaster-General CRESWELL, who will not return until Monday. There are various reports afloat as to the subjects under consideration. Some aver that it was settled that General SICKLES goes to Spain, and others that the finishing touch was given to Mr. MOTLEY'S instructions. But the only thing reasonably certain on these points is, that independent of what transpired in Cabinet to-day, General SICKLES will probably receive the appointment indicated, and Mr. MOTLEY will soon depart for England, either with or without instructions.

THE BROKERS' TAX.

The gentlemen who came over here some days ago in the interest of the Wall-street bankers for the purpose of endeavoring to effect a reversal of the decision of Mr. WEBSTER, left town to-night, disgusted and disappointed. It is estimated that the enforcement of the decision made to-day by Commissioner DELANO, which affirms the position taken by Mr. WEBSTER, will increase the Internal Revenue receipts of New York by at least $10,000,000.

THE COMING WAR WITH ENGLAND.

A leading member of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, in a recent conversation on the subject of the *Alabama* claims and the probabilities of a war with England, scouted the latter proposition as utterly absurd and preposterous. Among the reasons advanced by him against a war with England were:

First, it would necessarily be a naval war, for the invasion and conquest of Canada would be only the work of a week. Being a naval war, the destruction of the commerce and shipping of both countries would be almost the only result. England has three times the number of steam vessels that we have, all her passenger and mail steamships being available at twenty-four hours' notice as a war flotilla.

Second, a war with England would cost the United States at least $2,000,000,0000, which would eventually end in repudiation. Meanwhile the incidental loss and suffering to both countries would be incalculable.

Third, the United States cannot afford to hold the British North American possessions as conquered provinces. Four millions of discontented people on the north, and as many millions more on the south would produce a state of affairs anything but pleasant.

These in brief are a few of the reasons which render war with England improbable, if not impossible.

THE BRAZILIAN MISSION.

As to the Brazilian Mission nothing further can be said than that the Missouri Senators seem to be very confident that Ex-Congressman BLOW will be the fortunate candidate.

PAYMENT OF INTEREST.

It transpires that of the May interest on the Five-twenties, amounting to $24,000,000, seven-eighths of which is payable at New-York, about one-third of the amount payable at that City was anticipated under the rebate of six per cent. as provided in the Secretary's order. This is a much larger amount than has generally been supposed would be called for, and indicates that the plan is not by any means likely to prove the failure that was predicted.

MINISTER WASHBURNE.

Mr. E. B. WASHBURNE, Minister to France, sails to-morrow for that country. He has not visited this city for some time past—in fact, has not been here since he left before the adjournment of Congress. Mr. FRANK MOORE, his Assistant Secretary of Legation, received Mr. WASHBURNE'S instructions from the State Department. The gossips make the comment on this, that Mr. WASHBURNE was not particularly anxious to meet Secretary FISH, possibly because of Mr. WASHBURNE'S action in the matter of consulate appointments, &c., during his brief term at the head of the State Department.

THE GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE.

Mr. CLAPP, the new Congressional Printer, has commenced the work of reorganizing the force at the Government Printing Office. Several changes were made, among them the following: H. C. OTIS, of Ohio, to be foreman; D. W. FLYNN, of New-York, to be assistant-foreman; J. C. SHANKLIN, to be foreman of the job department; C. B. BROOK, Maine, to be foreman of the Patent Office printing. These appointments are said to be excellent, and to be well calculated to promote the greater efficiency of the office.

CONGRESSIONAL EXCURSION TO CUBA.

The House Foreign Affairs Committee, or at least a sub-committee of the same, intend to visit Cuba and St. Domingo next September, notwithstanding the repeated denials which have been made on that subject. General BANKS has drawn $3,000 from the House contingent funds for this purpose.

GENERAL QUINBY.

The reappointment of General QUINBY as United States Marshal for the Northern District of New-York, was necessitated by the fact that the man nominated, confirmed and commissioned was ISAAC N. QUIMBY, whereas the real name is ISAAC F. QUINBY. The only way out of the difficulty was to suspend the imaginary gentleman under the Tenure-of-Office act, and appoint the real man *ad interim*, sending the fact to the Senate next session, which body will doubtless concur in the suspension and confirm the real QUINBY.

RECRUITING FOR THE ARMY.

The recent order of the War Department for the resumption of recruiting for the United States Army, is merely to keep up the force of the different regiments, as stated in these dispatches last evening. The Secretary of War estimates that the present reduction of the army from expiration of terms of service, desertions, deaths and other causes, is at the rate of about 1,000 per month.

PERRY FULLER AND THE INDIAN BUSINESS.

The following letter, which is one of several constituting a racy correspondence now put into Court at Washington, to establish the claim of General THOS. EWING, Jr., to the profits of certain joint transactions with PERRY FULLER in the "Indian business," has never been printed in its original purity of style and expression. It deserves a literal publication, to correct misrepresentations arising from the garbled version:

JAN 25th 1868.

Dear Gener'l

I am in Receipt of yours of 18th Inst. I wrote HUNTINGTON that C. EWING had large interests in the Contracts and vouchers and all would be right, as soon as the Appropriations were maid. I shel come to Washington Just as soon as I am relieved or before if not relieved by 15th of Febr. I shel come on and we can then fix all up.

About the House I will see you on that matter also I shel not closse on the House now.

Now Genrl I am after A biger and more profitabel enterprise than Indian Business can be I can place you and HUNTINGTON in it it costs nothing only to git A Bill endorced by Congress to pay Intrest on State Bonds for Levee purposes this will work and cost nothing.

Why did you not git Apt as I wrote you by Solisotor to appear in the wine cases you let A good thing slip

I wish you would do all you can for Col CASEYS Apt in my place I am anctious to have him Appointed for Several Reasons if he is Apt I will Join you and Remaine in N. O, and the South and forward business to you, for I could then have a bace for A fine Business and all claims and suits coming through the Custom House I could place in your hands and it is all cash and but littel Delay.

Write me soon all of the news, and believe me

Truly your friend

P. FULLER

District of Columbia, to wit:

I, R. J. MEIGS, Clerk of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, hereby certify that the foregoing is truly copied from the original paper writing filed in this office, as Exhibit A to THOS. EWING'S affidavit filed in Equity, Cause No. 1,576, Docket 9, on the 30th of March, 1869.

Witness my hand and seal of said Court, this 21st of April, 1869. R. J. MEIGS, Clerk.

PERSONAL.

Some fifteen or twenty Senators are still in the city, among them are Messrs. Sumner, Pomeroy, Thayer, Trumbull, McDonald, Cragin, Schurz, Morton, Drake, Sprague, Corbett, Sawyer, Abbott and Pool. Messrs. CRAGIN and SPRAGUE left for New-York to-night. General RAWLINS, Secretary of War, accompanied by his wife, left to-night for New-York and Connecticut to be absent for a few days.

Dispatches to the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Friday, April 30.

DISPATCHES FROM MINISTER ROSECRANS.

The statement that Dr. BRINK, United States Vice-Consul at the City of Mexico, yesterday brought important dispatches from Minister ROSECRANS, has excited public curiosity as to their contents. They were delivered to President GRANT to-day, and by him transferred to the Secretary of State. Although their precise terms has not officially transpired, it is stated, in usually well-informed circles, that General ROSECRANS, who, contrary to former rumors, is in pleasant and friendly terms with the Mexican Government, has communicated to our own Government his views of the condition of that country, showing the dangers to which it is constantly exposed from domestic disturbances, and the pecuniary embarrassments which prevent its national and social improvement. He makes various suggestions, and recommends the immediate action of the Government in affording to American citizens such guarantees of protection as will encourage them to avail themselves of the opportunity to secure important material interests to the United States, and at the same time benefit the Republic of Mexico.

THE TAX ON BROKERS.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has decided in the matter of the appeal of CLARK, DODGE & CO. from an assessment made by the Assessor of the Thirty-second District of New-York:

First—That a person, firm or company having a place of business where credits are opened by the deposit or collection of money or currency subject to be paid or remitted upon draft, check or order, or where money is advanced or loaned on stocks, bonds, bullion, bills of exchange or promissory notes, must be regarded as a banker or bankers, under section 79 of the act of June 30, 1864, as amended July 13, 1866, and as such are liable to a tax of one twenty-fourth of one per entum per month upon their capital employed in the business of banking, beyond the average amount invested in United States Bonds, and a like tax of one twenty-fourth of one per centum upon the average amount of deposits of money subject to payment by check or draft, or represented by certificates of deposits or otherwise, whether payable on demand or at some future day, under the one hundred and tenth section of the said act of June 30, 1864, as amended; and that under this rule said CLARK, DODGE & CO. are bankers, and are liable to said tax on their capital and deposits.

Second—That in ascertaining the amount of capital of such person, firm or company, all moneys used and employed in the business of banking, except deposits, should be regarded as capital and taxed as such; and it is immaterial whether this capital is furnished by the person or persons constituting the firm or company, or borrowed for the purpose of being used in the business of the bank; and if borrowed, it is immaterial upon what length of time the loan is made. In large cities, where money is borrowed short, loans frequently changed furnish as certain and reliable capital for banking purposes as much longer loans in the country. In all such cases the average amount thus borrowed and employed in the business of banking should be ascertained and treated and taxed as capital.

Third—That in ascertaining the amounts of deposits there should be included as deposits the average per month of sums of money deposited with such person, firm or company, subject to payment by check or draft, or represented by certificates of deposit or otherwise, whether payable on demand or at some future day, for which such person, firm or company pay interest, as well as all like sums for which no interest is paid.

Fourth—That the same person, firm or company may be engaged in business as brokers and bankers, and in such case the payment of taxes as brokers does not release from the liability to pay taxes on capital and deposits employed in their business as bankers.

COLLECTORS OF CUSTOMS.

The Attorney-General has decided that Collectors of Customs are entitled since July, 1866, to retain $2,000 a year out of the moneys received from importers for the storage of goods in private bonded warehouses. He has disallowed the claim of Naval Officers and Surveyors to this compensation, unless when performing the duties of Collectors.

NATIONAL BANK ABSTRACT.

The abstract of the fifty-six national banks of the City of New-York, at the close of business on the 17th inst., shows the aggregate resources to be $426,000,000; including legal tenders, $17,000,000, and three per cent. certificates, $31,000,000.

GENERAL GRANT NOT TO VISIT CALIFORNIA.

Representative SARGENT, of California, asked President GRANT to-day, as a matter of interest to the Pacific coast, whether he intended, as reported, to visit California during the coming Summer, when the President replied that the distance was too great, and, besides, he could not spare the time from his official duties.

THE PACIFIC RAILROAD.

The President of the Union Pacific Railroad Company having written to the Secretary of the Interior that the road is nearly finished, and that rails of the two roads will probably be joined next week, the latter replied to-day that it is deemed advisable the Commissioners designated to examine the completed sections of that road, upon which a report has not yet been made, should examine and report upon the road from the thousandth mile-post to the promontory summit as soon as the requisite forms are complied with.

NEW REVENUE REGULATIONS.

The Internal Revenue Bureau has issued new blank forms and regulations for the refunding of taxes under the act of April 10, 1869, upon tobacco, cigars and snuff. The claimants are required to furnish evidence proving to the satisfaction of the Commissioner that the tax imposed by said act has been previously paid, which evidence must in all cases include the affidavit of the manufacturer or some other person who paid the tax, corroborated by the certificate of the Assessor and Collector who made the assessment and collection, or the Assessors then in office. In describing the goods, the kind, the number of boxes or packages, the marks and brands thereon, the collection district, the number of the factory and the Inspector's name, must all be given in full, and in all cases where claims are made for refunding tax paid on imported cigars before any claim can be allowed a full and complete identification of the goods must be made, and where the goods, either foreign or domestic, have passed through different hands since the payment of the tax, it will be necessary to trace the goods through the different names by which they have passed from the importer or manufacturer to the claimant, and any failure of the claimant thus to identify and trace back the goods of the person or persons who paid the tax will be held as sufficient reason for rejecting the claim. All affidavits required to be made under this general regulation must be made before persons competent to administer oaths. All certificates of collection of internal revenue must be authenticated by their official seal. The form is intended alike in a case where claims are made for refunding tax paid on imported cigars—as on cigars, snuff, and tobacco of domestic manufacture.

APPOINTMENTS BY THE PRESIDENT.

The following appointments have been made by the President:

Alfred Sanford, Supervising Inspector of steamboats for the Fourth District.

Pension Agents.—Alexander Clapperton, at Fort Gibson, Cherokee nation; Harrison Adrian, at Baltimore, Md.; Samuel McKee, at Louisville, Ky.; Wm. O. Goodloe, at Lexington, Ky.

Wm. Vincent has been appointed Receiver of Public Moneys at Fort Dodge, Iowa.

Fire in Park-Place.

At 12:45 o'clock yesterday afternoon a fire occurred in the sub-cellar of the extensive double building Nos. 49 and 51 Park-place, occupied by the Glen Cove Starch Manufacturing Company, on the first floor. The flames originated in some unknown way among the stock piled up in boxes in the sub-cellar, and though they failed to burst forth in any considerable volume, the smoke was most profuse and dense, making it difficult for the firemen to gain access to the seat of fire. By great exertions, however, the firemen succeeded in throwing several streams of water on the burning mass of boxes, and in an hour the fire was declared to be extinguished. Owing to the firm not knowing precisely the amount of stock stored in the sub-cellar, which was all destroyed, and in the basement floor, which was considerably damaged by water and smoke, no correct estimate can yet be formed regarding the actual loss sustained. The damage will probably reach the neighborhood of $10,000 on stock, upon which there are the following insurances: Connecticut, of Hartford, $2,500; Phœnix, of Hartford, $10,000; Peter Cooper, of New-York, $5,000; North British and Mercantile, of London, $20,000; Hartford, $12,500; Western, Buffalo, and Mutual, of Buffalo, $5,000 each; Mechanics', of Chicago, $5,000—total, $70,000. The building is owned by J. S. BISSELL, and is only slightly damaged. The upper floors of the building are occupied as the Newsboys' Lodging House, but no damage was occasioned therein.

Coroner's Cases.

Coroner KEENAN held an inquest, yesterday, in the case of the man who was frightfully mangled and killed, on Tuesday night, by being run over by a Hudson River Railroad train. It appears that the deceased, who has been identified as WM. T. NYSE, a painter, recently in the employ of EGBERT REINHART, No. 340 East Eighteenth-street, was intoxicated on the day of his death, and was advised by his employer to go home. The next that was seen of him by his friends was in the Morgue. A verdict of accidental death was rendered.

LUKE TIERNEY, a laborer, was found dead yesterday, in the basement of No. 410 Water-street.

BRIDGET MCDERMOTT, aged 40, and a native of Ireland, died suddenly, yesterday, at No. 68 Baxter-street, from unknown causes.

Another Sneak Robbery.

Yesterday afternoon another cash-box went the way of many predecessors, and fell among thieves. Two gentlemanly persons entered the shipping office of HERMAN KOOP, No. 6 Hanover-street, and while one acted as his cover the other walked away with the cash-box, containing $600 in gold and notes valued at $7,604. The robbery was not discovered until both men had been gone so long as to render pursuit impossible.

The Case of Young Chaloner.

The Grand Jury of Quebec, as already announced by telegraph, has indicted CHALONER for *murder*, in having killed WHITTAKER, the British officer who had seduced his sister. The presiding Judge, in his charge to the jury, said:

> "In every case of homicide, upon provocation, how great soever that provocation may be, if there be sufficient time for passion to subside, and for reason to interpose before the mortal blow is given, the homicide will be murder. If a man find another in the act of adultery with his wife, and in the first transport of passion kill him, this is manslaughter, but if he kill him after the fact and after a sufficient time for his passion to cool has intervened, it is murder. This was the law, as laid down by the best authorities."

We fear this doctrine would scarcely be accepted by the jury that acquitted COLE for the murder of HISCOCK, or suit a good many localities in this country where much more accommodating theories on the subject of murder seem to prevail.

A Disclaimer.

NEW-YORK, Friday, April 30, 1869.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

In your notice of an alleged outrage upon a little girl which appeared in the various newspapers of to-day's issue, the person accused is represented as a member of our firm. This is incorrect. The individual in question has no business interest in the firm whatever, but was merely an employe. By inserting the above you will oblige Yours, respectfully,

KURSHEEDT & KING.

A. Raymond & Co.

MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING.

Corner of Fulton and Nassau sts., New-York.

Every garment warranted well made.—*Advertisement.*

A Clergyman.

"When I saw on the door as I entered these rooms, 'Teeth extracted absolutely without pain with nitrous oxide gas,' I thought it a very bold statement. I can now certify that it is strictly true." So wrote a clergyman on the scroll of the Colton Dental Association, No. 19 Cooper Institute, after having thirteen teeth extracted with a single dose of gas. Come to headquarters.—*Advertisement.*

Waltham Watches.

FULLER & CO., No. 25 John-st., New-York, offer single watches at wholesale prices, in all grades of these celebrated timekeepers, in solid gold and silver cases only—*Advertisement.*

MISSISQUOI SPRING WATER.—The only known remedy for cancer and all diseases of the kidneys. Sold by all druggists. Depot, No. 8 College-place, New-York.—*Advertisement.*

VERMONT SPRING WATER.—The great remedy for cancer, scrofula and kidney diseases. Sold by druggists. Depot at SCHIEFFELIN'S, No. 170 William-street, New-York.—*Advertisement.*

A WONDERFUL DISCOVERY—Rare opportunity for large or small capitalists. No humbug. Call and see it at No. 602 Broadway.—*Advertisement.*

If you want a Stylish Spring Overcoat or Spring suit for a little money, go to

GEORGE W. WHITE & CO.,

Successors to White, Whitman & Co.,

Nos. 234 and 235 Broadway.

Don't Trifle with a Bad Cough or Cold, when a remedy as sure, prompt and thorough as JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT can be readily obtained. Sold everywhere.

Moth Patches, Freckles, and Tan.

The only reliable remedy for those brown discolorations on the face is PERRY'S MOTH AND FRECKLE LOTION. Prepared by DR. B. C. PERRY, the skillful and well-known Dermatologist of No. 49 Bond-st., New-York. Sold by druggists everywhere. This is no quack compound, gotten up to impose upon the public, but the only remedy known to science, exclusively adapted for the removal of brown discolorations.

Moet & Chandon's

DRY IMPERIAL (TIN-FOIL,)

Of the vintage 1865. For sale with all first-class dealers in wines here. ANTHONY OECHS.

NEW-YORK, April 6, 1869.

Window Shades.

Gilt, Painted, Fresco, Holland, &c., for dwellings, stores and skylights. Store Shades lettered to order. G. L. & J. B. KELTY & CO., Manufacturers. Wholesale and Retail, No. 447 Broadway. Furniture Store at No. 661 Broadway.

Paper Hangings.

New patterns, wholesale or retail, at G. L. & J. B. KELTY & CO.'s Curtain Store, No. 447 Broadway, between Grand and Howard sts.

A Card to the Ladies.

Ladies can have their faces enameled in the most exquisite style, so as to last for one day or one year. The preparation used is purely vegetable, and warranted not to injure the skin. It cannot be detected by the most close observer. Eyelashes trimmed and eyebrows arranged so as to add much to the appearance of the face, by M. LAUSSON, No. 760 Broadway.

Hair Dye, Hair Dye, Hair Dye.—The genuine W. A. BATCHELOR'S Hair Dye is the best in the world—the only perfect dye—harmless, reliable, instantaneous, black or brown. Sold everywhere, and properly applied at BATCHELOR'S Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond-st., N. Y.

The New Fuller & Barnum "Pinching Tuck Marker," and the "Goodrich" for all machines. I. W. BARNUM, No. 636 Broadway, three door below Bleecker-st., New-York. Tucking to order.

For the Best, most Fashionable and Durable BOOTS, SHOES and GAITERS, go to RICHARDS' Emporium, No. 499 8th-av., between 36th and 37th sts.

Everdell's, No. 302 Broadway.—Wedding Cards; also, Cards for Wooden, Tin, Crystal, Silver and Golden Weddings.

MARRIED.

BRAINERD—FREEMAN.—In Trinity Church, Portland, Conn., on Wednesday, April 28, 1869, by Rev. S. M. Emery, D. D., LE ROY BRAINERD to MILLIE D. FREEMAN, both of Portland. No cards.

CLARK—BAGLEY.—At Tarrytown, on Tuesday, April 27, by Rev. Edmund Guilbert, J. WALTER CLARK, of New-York, to ANNA E. ALVIS, eldest daughter of Mrs. A. E. Bagley, of the former place.

GRIFFEN—KNAPP.—At Mamaroneck, on Tuesday, April 27, by Rev. L. S. Weed, HENRY GRIFFEN to MARY EMMA, daughter of Josiah P. Knapp.

GRAY—MANSON.—On Thursday, April 29, at the residence of the bride's parents, by Rev. A. P. Botsford, of Port Jervis, N. Y., Mr. JOHN GRAY to Miss ISABELLA C., only daughter of Daniel Manson, Esq. No cards.

KENNEDY—QUINN.—On Wednesday, April 28, at the Church of St. Paul the Apostle, by Rev. Alfred Young, THOMAS KENNEDY, of Branford, Conn., to MARY ANN QUINN, daughter of the late Lawrence Quinn.

LITTLE—MARCHANT.—On Thursday, April 29, at Holy Trinity Church, Brooklyn, by Rev. Dr. Jones, assisted by Right Rev. Bishop Littlejohn and Rev. Dr. Schenck, ROBERT W. LITTLE, of London, England, to MARY, daughter of the late Henry Marchant, of Rhode Island.

☞ Providence papers please copy.

MURRAY—GILBERT.—On Tuesday, April 27, at the Madison-square Church, by Rev. Wm. Adams, D. D., J. ARMSTRONG MURRAY, of Murraysburg, and Almeria, Spain, to MARION GILBERT, only daughter of George Yates Gilbert, of New-York.

☞ Western papers please copy.

MCMILLAN—BOWEN.—On Wednesday, April 28, at the residence of the bride's parents, by Rev. Mr. Putnam, CHARLES L. MCMILLAN to Miss ELEANOR BOWEN, daughter of Alfred S. Bowen, Esq., of Bergen, N. J.

TOWS—HEATON.—On Thursday, April 29, at the Church of the Holy Trinity, Philadelphia, by Rev. Dr. Brooks, C. D. TOWS to ROSALIE E., daughter of Augustus Heaton, Esq., of Philadelphia.

WILSON—CROCHERON.—At Calvary Church, on Thursday, April 29, by Rev. Dr. Washburne, WILLIAM G. WILSON to HENRIETTA, daughter of the late Richard C. Crocheron, all of this City.

DIED.

BARRETT.—On Thursday morning, April 29, LOUIS PERCIVAL, youngest child of Isaac S. and Jennie H. Barrett, aged 2 years, 1 month and 17 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral from the residence of his parents, No. 80 Lexington-av., corner of 26th-st., on Saturday, May 1, at 9 o'clock A. M.

FOGERTY.—In Brooklyn, on Friday, April 30, of inflammation of the brain, JOHN DARTMOUTH, only son of Elizabeth M. and John B. Fogerty, aged 1 year and 7 months.

GERMOND.—At Burlington, N. J., on Thursday, April 29, MORGAN GERMOND.

HALSTED.—On Thursday, April 29, of croup, MARCUS TAFT, son of Gilbert C. and Amanda R. Halsted, aged 16 months.

Funeral at No. 67 Gates-av., Brooklyn, on Saturday, May 1, at 11 o'clock.

LIVINGSTON.—At Brunswick, Germany, on Saturday, April 10, JULIAN BROOME LIVINGSTON, in the 24th year of his age, only son of Commodore Livingston, U. S. N.

The relatives, friends of the family and officers of the navy, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services, which will be held at Grace Church on Monday, May 3, at 10 A. M. The remains will be taken to Green-Wood for interment.

LEVINESS.—On Friday, April 30, of consumption, MARY, wife of William H. Leviness, only daughter of Joseph and the late Jane Sims, in her 32d year.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, No. 759 6th-av., on Sunday at 1 P. M.

☞ English papers please copy.

MESEROLE.—On Thursday, April 29, ABRAHAM MESEROLE, Jr., son of Abraham Meserole, in the 48th year of his age.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral at the Church, corner of South 2d and 4th sts., Williamsburg, on Saturday, May 1, at 2 o'clock P. M.

☞ Hartford, Conn., papers please copy.

MYERS.—At West Farms, Westchester County, on Thursday morning, April 29, 1869, DEBORAH RICH, widow of the late John H. Myers.

Funeral from her late residence on Saturday, May 1, at 11 o'clock A. M. Carriages will be in waiting at the Tremont Depot on the arrival of the 9:10 train from 26th-st. Depot, Harlem Railroad.

MCCONNELL.—On Tuesday, April 27, EDGAR SWANE, youngest child of James and Mary Elizabeth McConnell, aged 4 months.

Scarce had the young flower erected its head,
And began to look lovely and fair,
When its leaves were all scatter'd on earth's chilly bed,
Its fragrance all vanish'd in air.
But that God who bestow'd it was pleased to decree
Its days should be number'd from birth;
Its spirit immortal be quickly set free,
It burst from the fetters of earth.

The funeral took place on Thursday morning from the residence of his parents, the remains being deposited in Calvary Cemetery.

OCKERSHAUSEN.—On Thursday morning, April 29, HANNAH AMELIA, second daughter of Adolphus T. and Mary Ockershausen.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral on Saturday, May 1, at 2 o'clock, from the residence of her parents, No. 11 West 29th-st.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SUCCESS OF THE

GREAT ROMANCE.

IT CREATES A FURORE.

The excitement occasioned in the reading world by the opening chapters of J. F. SMITH'S soul-stirring story, entitled

"WOMAN'S LOVE;

Or, LIKE AND UNLIKE,"

exceeds in intensity any sensation hitherto produced in this country by the commencement of a new serial story.

The large extra editions of the SUNDAY MERCURY of the 18th and 25th ult., in which the first and second installments appeared, were swept off within a few hours after they were issued, and the news-stands throughout this City and Brooklyn were literally besieged by multitudes of applicants for copies of the GREAT SUNDAY NEWSPAPER, who arrived on the ground just in time to be too late. Similar disappointments will doubtless be incurred TO-MORROW, although the lightning press of the establishment, capable of throwing off 20,000 sheets in sixty minutes, will be kept running two hours later than usual in the hope of supplying the anticipated demand. By way of preface to the THIRD INSTALLMENT, due to-morrow, a full synopsis of the portions already published will be given. This abstract will include all the leading incidents detailed in the original chapters, and enable the reader to fully understand their drift and bearing. Great care has been taken in condensing them to omit nothing which has any connection with the development of the plot.

It will be seen that as the story proceeds its interest increases tenfold. The RESCUE OF ELTHA from the dark waters of the Thames, by Frank Wildrush; the attempt of young Penwick to take advantage of her forlorn condition; the repulse of the licentious scoundrel by her preserver; the scene of the Coroner's inquest on Pen Tapscott's son; the description of a BAL MASQUE IN PARIS; the sketch of demi-monde night life in that fast capital; the interview of Wyldnesh with Oppenheim the Jew broker, and the attempt of the old extortionist to put him out of the way with a glass of POISONED BURGUNDY, are among the most thrilling and striking passages to be found in the whole range of modern romance.

So vivid and distinct are the portraitures in this extraordinary story that it seems as if the author must have drawn them from actual life. The characters are not mere shadows that leave but a momentary impression as they pass, but photographs that remain indelibly fixed in the memory. The same may be said of the scenes and incidents. Wild and wonderful in the extreme, they are portrayed with the perspicuity and force with which a great artist reproduces the realities of nature on canvas. If dramatized—as it no doubt will be—"Woman's Love; or, Like and Unlike," will create as profound a sensation among play-goers as among the story-reading public. It is essentially melodramatic, and Miss Cushman as Pen Traps of the Cliff would add new laurels to those she has obtained in the role of the Wierd Woman of Ellangowan.

This estimate of the Romance is founded upon a critical perusal of the advance sheets of the entire work. The chapters already published afford but a slight inkling of the overwhelming interest of those that are yet to come. Through a maze of plots and counterplots, conceived by an imagination of wonderful fertility, and interwoven with matchless skill, the reader is conducted to a denouement which he would never guess at, though it is a perfect solution of all the mysteries he encountered on the route, and in strict accord with poetic justice.

No adequate idea of the circulation and influence of THE SUNDAY MERCURY can be derived from the simple statement that it stands at the head of the Sunday papers of America. It might be supposed, in the absence of more precise data, that it was at least approached, in these particulars, by some one or other of them. But facts and figures show conclusively that however the stragglers in its rear may compete among themselves, it has long since distanced all competition, and now pursues its triumphant career sovereign and alone, without a rival in the race. Government statistics are the vouchers for its circulation. The amount of taxes it pays annually into the national coffers tells the whole story. And what is the substance of this story, as it appears on the books of Uncle Sam's ledger? Why, simply this: that the aggregate editions of all the other self-styled Sunday newspapers printed in New-York are only about one-fourth that of THE SUNDAY MERCURY. It is, therefore, the MONARCH OF THE SUNDAY PRESS, with no rival near the throne. It has not yet, however, reached the summit of success. Every week adds to the number of its adherents and enlarges the sphere of its usefulness. No portion of the community is more fully aware of this fact than the advertising public. Within the last few years advertising may be said to have been reduced to an exact science. The returns of the Revenue Department furnish a clue to the actual circulation of every journal. The business world pays its money and takes its choice, (or rather it takes its choice and pays its money,) and its choice falls upon the medium that can give the widest publicity to its announcements. It is only necessary to contrast the advertising pages of the GREAT SUNDAY NEWSPAPER with the meagre show of "patronage" exhibited by the newsless abortions peddled out on the same day to see that the business men of the commercial capital are not the kind of birds that can be caught with chaff. Heaven only knows how many enormous fibs are told by the drummers of these paralytics of the Press, in order to obtain the few favors they bring in. The consumption of sole-leather during the pursuit of advertisements under difficulties must be a serious affair; but it is hoped they get a pair of boots now and then in return for a promise of a "first-rate notice." As Fledgby says of Riah the Jew, in "Our Mutual Friend," they are a regular "pity-the-sorrows" set, and once in awhile they contrive to wring from benevolence the "favors" that prudence would withhold.

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The property offered will consist in part of 200 lots, 50x200 feet each, to a 20-foot alley, situated on the Drexel-av. boulevard, to the great South Park. Said boulevard is 200 feet wide, and will be immediately improved. Also, 400 blocks within one block of said boulevard; also, 50 lots fronting east on the South Side Park, near its northern boundary; also, 100 choice lots on the Kankakee-av. boulevard to the South Side Park, and on the avenues immediately west of Kankakee; also, 200 choice lots between the two boulevards, on Charles, Evans, and other avenues; also, 100 lots on Vincennes road, between city limits and the South Side Park; also, several hundred choice and cheap lots in the southwestern portion of the city, and some choice 5 and 10-acre tracts near the 55th-st. boulevard, and on the line of the great Calumet and Chicago River Ship Canal; also, 30 choice lots on Harrison and Tyler sts., in the West Division of the city, centrally located; also, several other choice west and north side residence and business lots, and a large list of other property more fully described in our pamphlet, which will also contain plats of the same, which can be had at our office on May 10. All of the above property is among the very choicest and best of any property ever offered at private or public sale in this city; and in view of our great Parks, the completion of the Pacific Railroad, and the rapid growth not only of our city, but of the whole great West, tributary thereto, together with the present and prospective great increase in the precious metals in this country and throughout the world, we feel justified in saying that now is the golden opportunity to invest money in Chicago Real Estate, and this sale the time and place. The title to all the above-described property is guaranteed to be good, and abstracts of title will be furnished each purchaser.

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TO RAILROAD TRAVELERS.

Have you seen the Thomas Safety Railroad Baggage Check? See APPLETONS' RAILWAY GUIDE.

TO OWNERS OF PROPERTY SOUTH and East of Central Park.—An assessment for widening 5th-av. on the west side, between 58th and 59th sts., has been laid upon all lots from 34th to 66th-st., between 4th-av. and Broadway. The time for putting in remonstrances expires the 4th of May inst. The benefit, if any, is for the public, and yet the burden of paying for it is laid on the owners of lots in the above locality to the amount of about $600,000. Several owners intend opposing it as unjust and unnecessary. As it is desirable that they should be sustained by the largest number, the owners who are desirous to be relieved from it are invited to call at or send a remonstrance to the office of WILLETT & STEPHENS, No. 67 Wall-st., where a remonstrance is prepared for signatures. No expense incurred thereby.

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REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

The sales were not particularly attractive yesterday, and the attendance consequently was not very large. The few pieces of property offered brought moderately good prices, and the day was very far from being an unsatisfactory one.

The market for the past few days has been rather more firm than was expected, and the prospects for the coming week are good.

To-morrow there will be no sales, but for the coming week several very interesting sales are announced.

Auction Sales Yesterday.

NEW-YORK.

By James M. Miller.

1 lot No. 195 South-st., 25x55, J. Wilson	$13,500
1 lot adjoining No. 196 South-st., 25x50, J. Wilson	9,250
1 lot No. 102 Oliver-st., in rear of above, 20x 0, B. P. Fairchild	6100
1 lot on Oliver-st., adjoining, same size, B. P. Fairchild	6,000
1 lot adjoining, same size, Mr. Cohen	5,900
1 lot adjoining, same size, Mr. Cohen	5,500
1 lot adjoining, on corner Water-st., same size, T. C. Higgins	9,750
1 lot No. 101 Cherry-st., 16.9x41.10, D. Cunningham	9,025
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Bank-st., s. s. 145.2 ft. e. of 4th-st., 20x90.3	$15,000
Cherry-st., s. s., 200 ft. w. of Jackson-st., 25.1x92.7	8,000
Cherry-st., n. s., 174.7 ft. e. of Montgomery-st., 21.6x97.2	7,300
Clinton-st., e. s., 200 ft. s. of Houston-st., 50x100.2	45,000
Division-st., s. s. 23.4 ft. e. of Clinton-st., 23.4x110.3	27,000
Essex-st., w. s., 50 ft. n. of Hester-st., 25x43.6	7,000
Frankfort-st., s. s., 51.2 ft. w. of William-st., 28.8x104.3	30,250
Front-st., No. 202, 23.4x73.6	13,750
Grand-st., No. 588, 25x75	18,000
Grand-st., s. e. corner of Clinton-st., 75x100x25x25x50x75	75,000
Grove-st., s. s., 40.6 ft. w. of Bedford-st., 20.3x67.7	11,000
Hester-st., No. 51, 21.10½x46.6	11,500
Horatio-st., s. s., lot known as No. 149, 25x87.8	13,250
Hudson-st., e. s., lot known as No. 254 of Church Farm, 25x100	21,750
Monroe-st., n. s., 52.6 ft. e. of Jefferson-st., 27.1x130	16,000
Morton-st., s. s., 255 ft. e. of Hudson-st., 18.2x100	14,000
Mott-st., w. s., lot known as No. 984 of Bayard's Farm, 25x100	17,000
Orchard-st., w. s., 54.6 ft. n. of Delancey-st., 20.10x87.6	13,000
Stanton-st., n. w. corner of Chrystie-st., 20.3x61.2	15,500
Stone-st., No. 31, and South William-st. No. 37, 18.1x78x17.6x77.3	20,000
Suffolk-st., e. s., 60.8 ft. s. of Houston-st., 19.4x75	14,300
Water-st., No. 334, 18.9x66	11,000
Watts-st., n. s., 114.4 ft. e. of Hudson-st., 42x80	30,000
2d-st., n. s., 298 ft. w. of Avenue C, 24.3¾x105.10½	24,000
2d-st., s. s., 74 ft. e. of 1st-av., 16.7x44.10	9,400
3d-st., n. s., 347.8 ft. e. of Avenue B, 20.1x96.2	6,000
4th-st., s. s., 100.10 ft. w. of Lewis-st., 14.11x95.9	9,750
5th-st., s. s., 287.4 ft. w. of 2d-av., 20.9x92.4	15,000
6th-st., n. s., 330 ft. e. of 3d-av., 25x97.½	22,500
7th-st., n. s., 125 ft. e. of Avenue D, 20x97.6	14,450
7th-st., s. s., 183.8 ft. w. of Avenue D, 22.8x90.10	13,900
10th-st., n. s., 119 ft. w. of Avenue A, 25x94.8	15,000
17th-st., s. s., 80 ft. w. of 1st-av., 20x46	18,000
18th-st., n. s., 320 ft. w. of 1st-av., 20x92	16,750
20th-st., s. s., 230 ft. w. of 2d-av., 20x92	1,800
26th-st., s. s., 200 ft. e. of 2d-av., 25x98.9	9,000
27th-st., w. s., 200 ft. e. of 5th-av., 25x52.3½	16,500
28th-st., n. s., lots known as Nos. 331 and 332, 50x98.9	28,000
28th-st., n. s., 215.6½ ft. e. of 4th-av., 21.10½x98.9	29,000
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34th-st., s. s., 297 ft. w. of 7th-av., 17.8x98.9	21,000
34th-st., n. s., 300 ft. w. of 3d-av., 21x98.9	30,000
36th-st., n. s., 275 ft. e. of 3d-av., 22.6x98.9	15,000
27th-st., s. s., 64 ft. e. of 9th-av., 18x49.4	10,725
43d-st., n. s., 146.1 ft. of 2d-av., 25x100.2	4,500
43d-st., s. s., between Broadway and 7th-av., 28.4½x32	25,000
45th-st., s. s., 235 ft. e. of 7th-av., 20x100.5	32,000
46th-st., s. s., 300 ft. w. of 6th-av., 120x100.4	65,000
48th-st., n. s., 100 ft. w. of 1st-av., 25x100.5	4,000
49th-st., s. s., lot known as No. 414, 25x129	11,000
49th-st., s. s., 156.3 ft. w. of 9th-av., 18.9x46.10	7,700
51st-st., s. s., 91 ft. e. of 1st-av., 18x100.5	11,000
51st-st., n. s., 34.5 ft. e. of 6th-av., 21.5x100.5	42,500
51st-st., n. s., 145 ft. e. of 8th-av., 15x100.5	19,000
53d-st., w. s., 209.8 ft. w. of Broadway, 50x100	30,500
56th-st., s. s., 124 ft. w. of 1st-av., 36x80	29,000
58th-st., s. s., 225 ft. w. of 8th-av., 100x100.5	36,050
61st-st., s. s., 80 ft. e. of Lexington-av., 23x100.5	8,200
61st-st., s. e. corner of Lexington-av., 80x100.5	33,000
63d-st., s. s., 225 ft. e. of 4th-av., 25x128.4	5,900
65th-st., s. s., 150 ft. e. of 11th-av., 25x100.5	2,575
69th-st., n. s., 235 ft. e. of 5th-av., 30x1 block }	
69th-st., s. s., 235 ft. e. of 5th-av., 30x100.5 }	45,000
69th-st., n. s., 265 ft. e. of 5th-av., 30x100.5	15,000
83d-st., s. s., between 11th and 12th avs., lots known as Nos. 873 and 874, dimen's not stated	5,000
88th-st., n. s., 450 ft. e. of 9th-av., 100x100.8	16,000
121st-st., s. s., 123 ft. e. of Avenue A, 51x80	16,000
121st-st., s. s., 174 ft. e. of Avenue A, 51x80	16,000
125th-st., n. s., 230 ft. e. of 2d-av., 20x½ block	15,000
125th-st., n. s., 310 ft. w. of 5th-av., 40x99.11	9,300
Avenue D, n. e. corner of 8th-st., 26.6x77	10,000
1st-av., w. s., 51 ft. s. of 3d-st., 26x100	32,700
1st-av., w. s., 25.11½ n. of 6th-st., 22.1¼x100	23,100
1st-av., w. s., 40.3 ft. s. of 24th-st., 19.9x70	10,000
3d-av., w. s., between 32d and 33d sts., 75 ft. w. of 3d-av., 24.5x25	2'500
3d-av., w. s., 19.9 ft. n. of 26th-st., 19.9x80	12,000
3d-av., w. s., 63 ft. s. of 44th-st., 21x80	27,600
4th-av., s. w. corner of 14th-st., 72.6x100.8	91,000
5th-av., No. 42, 25x100	55,000
8th-av., w. s., 24.8½ ft. n. of 37th-st., 24.8¼x100	35,000
8th-av., s. e. corner of 127th-st., 99.11x100	25,000
10th-av., n. w. corner of 161st-st., 24.11x100	12,500

Leases Recorded.

Barclay-st., No. 33, } Park-place, No. 38, } 2 years 9 months, per year	$2,000
Barclay-st., No. 102, 5 years, per year	1,000
Broadway, w. s., 152.11 ft. s. of Worth-st., 25.½x105.5, 21 years, per year	11,050
Broadway, w. s., 149.10 n. of Duane-st. 25.1½x165.5, 21 years, per year	11,050
Broadway, No. 817, 3 years, per year	5,000
Broome-st., No. 129, 3 years, per year	1,800
Pitt-st., No. 18, 3 years, per year	1,800
Broome-st., No. 238, 5 years, per year	1,120
Canal-st., No. 300, 4 years, per year	6,000
Laspenard-st., No. 63, 4 years, per year	6,000
Chatham-st., Nos. 69 and 71, 2 years, per year	800
Division-st., No. 94, 3 years, per year	700
Fulton-st., No. 15, 10 years, per year	2,800
Fulton-st., No. 138, 5 years, per year	7,000
Fulton-st., No. 140, 5 years, per year	7,000
Union-square, No. 27, 2 years, per year	2,000
Vesey-st., No. 67, 3 years, per year	600
Walker-st., No. 35, 4 years 8 months, per year	1,000
West Houston-st., No. 119, 5 years, per year	1,600
Avenue A, No. 297, 3 years, per year	1,000
1st-av., No. 308, 2 years 5 months, per year	1,200
3d-av., s. w. corner of 87th-st., 3 years, per year	2,250
6th-av., No. 46, 5 years, per year	500

KINGS COUNTY.

Brooklyn.

Baltic-st., n. s., 119.4 ft. w. of 5th-av., 20x100	$5,700
Bergen-st., s. w. s., 60 ft. e. of Hoyt-st., 20x100	8,000
Bergen-place, n. s., 136.4 ft. w. of Hoyt-st., 19.4x90	14,000
Cheever-place, w. s., 150 ft. s. of Harrison-st., 88.6x16.8x88.6x16.8	7,000
Clinton-st., e. s., 147 ft. s. w. of Harrison-st., 26x112.8	26,500
Clinton-st., (No. 71,) e. s., 60 ft. s. of Nelson-st., 20x90	6,000
Degraw-st., n. s., 100 ft. w. of Franklin-av., 74.5x—x83x60	1,500
Degraw-st., n. s., 180 ft. w. of Franklin-av., 85x—95.6x80	2,000
Division-st., n. s., 151.4 ft. w. of 5th-st., 25x103	9,500
Duffield-st., w. s., 255 ft. n. of Willoughby-st., 20x100	9,500
Eckford-st. and Nassau-av., s. e. corner, 25x100	1,650
Elliott-place, e. s., 62.6 ft. s. of Hanson-place, 20.10x100	9,500
Elliott-place, e. s., 110 ft. s. of Hanson-place, 20x100	9,500
Green-lane and York-st., n. w. corner, 25x100	4,250
Halsey-st., n. s., 187.6 ft. e. of Tompkins-av., 35x100	10,000
Hamilton-st., e. s., 756.3 ft. n. of Myrtle-av., 18.9x100	6,000
Herkimer-st. and New-York-av., s. e. corner, 92.9x100	14,000
Herkimer-st., n. s., 89 ft. w. of New-York-av., 120x100	6,000
Hicks-st., No. 126, 25x100	10,000
Houston-st., e. s., 404 ft. n. of Myrtle-av., 20x100	6,400
John-st., w. s., 100 ft. n. of Broadway, 100x100	1,680
Kent-st., s. s., 346.8 ft. e. of Franklin-av., 20.10x95	11,500
Kosciusko-st., s. s., 100 ft. w. of Tompkins-av., 25x100	2,500
Madison-st., e. s., 137.6 ft. s. of Bay-av., 37.6x90	2,600
Madison-st., s. s., 100 ft. w. of Bedford-av., 20x100	7,500
Madison and Monroe sts. and Nostrand-av., centre of block, 22x41.3	225
Meserole-st., n. s., 100 ft. w. of Morrell-st.	8,500
Middle-st., n. s., 58.6 ft. e. of Webster-place, 19.6x80	3,700
Monroe-st., s. s., 225 ft. w. of Nostrand-av., 51.6x—x37.11x44x10x44x39.1, &c.	nom.
Nelson-st., s. s., 190.6 ft. w. of Court-st., (omission from this deed,) 21.11x100	7,500
Oxford-st., e. s., 480.6 ft. s. of Park-av., 19.5x100	6,900
Powers-st., s. s., 107.7 ft. e. of Olive-st., (omission from this deed,) 75x25.5x70.5x25	750
Pulaski-st., s. s., 300 ft. e. of Stuyvesant-av., 25x100	3,650
Quincey-st., s. s., 200 ft. e. of Stuyvesant-av., 50x100	1,650
Sands-st., n. s., 200 ft. e. of Jay-st., 25x100	7,000
Sandford-st., n. s., 102 ft. e. of Graham-av., 24x100	1,000
Sandford-st., s. s., 156.10 ft. w. of Smith-st., 20.6x100	2,400
Skillman-st., s. s., 175 ft. e. of Ewen-st., 25x100	2,100
Steuben-st., w. s., 175 ft. n. of Myrtle-av., 25x100	1,000
Stockton-st., n. s., 300 ft. w. of Yates-av., 25x100	44,000
Varet-st., n. s., 200 ft. e. of Morrell-st., 25x100	1,725
Warren-st., s. w. s., 266.8 ft. n. w. of Smith-st., 16.8x100	8,000
Wyckoff-st., s. s., 150 ft. e. of Graham-av., 25x76.4x26x84.6	4,000
2d-st., w. s., 59 ft. n. of Division-av., 19.6x66 }	
2d-st., w. s., 98 ft. n. of Division-av., 19.6x66 }	15,000
North 5th and 6th sts., s. w. corner, 25x74	3,400
12th-st., s. s., 136.7 ft. e. of 3d-av., 18.4x100	4,200
14th-st., s. e., 372.10 ft. e. of 4th-av., 100x100	4,800
17th-st., s. s., 35.2 ft. s. of 5th-av., 15x70	4,750
Atlantic-av., n. s. 212 ft. w. of Grand-av., 75x100	13,000
Bay-av., s. s., 27.6 ft. e. of Madison-st., 25x100	300
Clermont-av., e. s., 269.8 ft. s. of Willoughby-av., 22x200	19,500
Clinton-av., w. s., 512.7 ft. n. of Myrtle-av., 40x100	4,000
DeKalb-av., s. s., 20 ft. w. of Vanderbilt-av., 20x89x20.5x84.11	14,000
Franklin-av., w. s., 120 ft. s. of De Kalb-av., 20x100, c	8,400
Franklin-av., w. s., 200 ft. s. of Tillary-st., 108.4x100	8,300
Gates-av., n. s., 302 ft. e. of Nostrand-av., 20x100	6,500
Hudson-av., e. s., 125 ft. s. of Concord-st., 20x100	1,000
Johnson-av. and Van Voorhees-st., northerly corner, 100x100	nom.
Kent-av., e. s., 22.2 ft. s. of Clymer-st., 20.7x63.5	4,700
Kent-av., e. s., 125 ft. n. of Myrtle-av., 25x200	5,300
Myrtle-av. and Jamaica Road, n. s., 44.11 ft. n. of Suydam-st., 74x25x59x29	700
Reid-av. and Jefferson-st., n. w. corner, 100x100	2,500
Stuyvesant-av., s. e. s., 200.9 ft. s. of Cowenhoven's-lane, 50x198.4	650
Tompkins-av., w. s., 56.8 ft. n. of Park-av., 18.4x85	4,500
Washington and Lafayette avs., n. w. corner, 35.8x80.10	18,000
4th-av. and 14th-st., s. w. corner, 42.8x57.10x62.4x20x104.6x77.10	7,500
Road on south side, New-Lotts, &c., Kenter's Hook road, s. w. corner, 49 acres [illegible]	33,90
Newtown and Bushwick road and Wyckoff-av., s. e. corner, about 4 acres }	Deed 1868
Brooklyn and Newtown road, n. w. s., 478.1 ft. w. of Cypress Hill road, 611-1,000 acre }	12,000

Leases Recorded.

Broadway, No. 136, 1st and 2d floors, 5 years, per year	$376
Duffield-st., No. 116, 5 years, per year	800
Flushing-av., s. s., between Delmonico-place and Throop-av., 3 years, per year	550

QUEENS COUNTY.

Astoria.

Stevens-st., w. s., 100 ft. n. of Fulton-st., 198.1x99.6x200.8x99.6	$4,500
Stevens-st., w. s., 100 ft. n. of Fulton-st.	450

Glen Cove.

Thos. Garvie's homestead, h. and l. adjoining on Hempstead Harbor, and 2 other lots	$2,766

Hempstead.

Main-st., e. s., adjoining Hewlett's, 12.2x50	$1,850
Road from village to Jamaica, n. s., adjoining Mumford's, 23 acres	7,800
Road from W. Cheshire's to R. Powell's, adjoining W. Lewis', 6 acres	180
Road from W. Cheshire's to R. Powell's, e. s., adjoining Wheeler's, 6 acres	180

South Jamaica.

Plot at Jamaica South, adjoining D. Bailey's, 2 9-100 acres	$271
Plot at Jamaica South, adjoining D. Bailey's, 1 acre	271
South-st., lots Nos. 570, 577, Smith's property	800

Oyster Bay.

4th-st., half mile s. of Hicksville depot, lots Nos. 74 to 82, each 25x100	$126
Glen Cove Creek, n. s., adjoining Coles' }	
Hempstead Harbor, e. s., adj. Garvie's, 90x345 }	2,766

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

East Chester.

East Chester to White Plains road, e. s., adjoining New-Haven Railroad, 80 20-100 acres	45,360
10th-av., e. s., lots Nos. 71, 72, 73 Central Mount Vernon, 100x150	1,110

Morrisania.

Willis-av., w. s., 50 ft s. of 143d-st., 25x106	$1,450
143d-st., s. s., 575 ft. e. of Willis-av., 75x100	1,485
145th-st., s. s., 150 ft. e. of Willis-av., 25x100	1,300
145th-st., n. s., 200 ft. e. of Willis-av., 25x100	1,200

New-Rochelle.

Hudson-st., w. s., adjoining Mrs. Craft's, 60x65	$1,700

West Farms.

Grant-av., e. s., 100 ft. n. of Valentine-av., 100x100 }	
Grant-av., e. s., 225 ft. n. of Valentine-av., 41x100 }	$2,000
Grove-st. and Prospect-av., n. w. corner, 50x100	800
Hoffman-st., e. s., lot "L," Cedar Hill plot, 25x119	350
Hoffman-st., e. s., lot "G," Cedar Hill plot, 25x119	350
Morris-st. and Central-av., n. e. corner, 50x121	2,610
Washington-av., e. s., 200 ft. n. of 11th-st., 40x120	1,600
Washington-av., e. s., parts lots Nos. 43 and 44, Upper Morrisania, 107x120	12,500
1st-av., w. s., 150 ft. s. of Ridge-st., 50x100	1,000
5th-av., w. s., 100 ft. n. of Walnut-st., 50x100	150

White Plains.

Lincoln-av., n. s., 400 ft. w. of Broadway, 100x225	$3,500

NEW-JERSEY.

Newark.

Barbara-st., e. s., 100 ft. from Hamburg-place, 80x100	$1,900
Court-st., s. s., 121 ft. from West-st., 25x100	2,500
Johnson-av., w. s., indefinite lot, 100x500	17,000
Hanover-place, n. w. s., 244 ft. from Quimby-st., 30x112	1,200
Miller-st., n. s., indefinite lot, 75x100	900
Mulberry-st., e. s., 201 ft. from Thomas-st., 25x148	3,000
Quarry-st., n. s., indefinite lot, 35x126	2,000
South Market and Jefferson sts., 100 ft. from corner of, 25x95	1,200
Walnut-st., n. s., 447 ft. e. of Jefferson-st., 25x95	725

Belleville.

Linden-av., indefinite corner, 100x365	$700

Clinton.

Centre-st., w. s., indefinite locality, 69x125	$2,000
Cottage-st., n. s., indefinite locality, 38x100	350
Wall-st., centre line, indefinite locality, 176x496	9,600
Newark and Springfield pike, s. s., 128 ft. from Cory-st., 25 ft. front	248

Orange.

Myrtle-st., w. s., indefinite locality, 100x125	$1,040

East Orange.

Halsted-st., w. s., indefinite locality, 109x445	$3,850

HUDSON COUNTY.

Bergen.

Washington-av., w. s., 150 ft. n. of Walnut-st., 16.8x100	$4,500

North Bergen.

Lots Nos. 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, block F. Demott's farm	$3,600
Lots Nos. 7, 8, 9, 10, map 68 lots, each 25x100	5,000

Jersey City.

Green-st., w. s., 34.8 ft. n. of York-st., 16.8x54	$5,650
Green-st., w. s., 51.1 ft. n. of York-st., 17.2x54	6,300
Green-st., w. s., 68.6 ft. n. of York-st., 31.6x75	12,950
Montgomery-st., lot No. 29, block No. 20, 25x100	12,200
Montgomery-st., lot No. 30, block No. 20, 25x100	16,050
Mercer-st., lot No. 5, block No. 35, C. Van Vorst's map, 25x100	6,000
York and Green sts., n. w. corner, 18x54	9,300
York-st., n. s., 54 ft. w. of Green-st., 20.6x68.6	6,350
1st-st., n. s., 25 ft. w. of Monmouth-st., 12.6x50	3,000
South 1st-st., s. s., 145 ft. e. of Erie-st., 18.2x100	8,500
South 3d-st., s. s., 102.6 ft. e. of Jersey-av., 22.6x100	7,250

Hudson City.

Hudson-av., w. s., lot No. 69, Van Vorsts Heights Co., 20x100	$7,600
Lots Nos. 36, 37, 38, 39, block No. 3, map of Hudson Terrace Co., each 25x100	1,100

Harrison.

William-st., n. s., 200 ft. w. of 4th-st., 50x100	$500

CITY REAL ESTATE.

JAMES HOGG,
REAL ESTATE BROKER,
No. 1,350 3d-av., near 84th-st.,

Has for sale a corner store and dwelling on 3d-av. and 83d-st.; also, four four-story houses with stores on 3d-av., near 77th-st.; a very desirable three-story frame house on 83d-st., near 3d-av.; four lots, corner 3d-av. and 91st-st.; thirty East River water-front lots, and other east-side property at its intrinsic value.

FOR SALE—ONE THREE AND ONE FOUR-story first-class high-stoop house on 53d-st., between 6th and 7th avs.; doors, parlor trimming and stairs black walnut; plated furniture, &c.; complete. Apply on the premises of WAITE & BENJAMIN.

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN—A COLUMBIA College lease of lot on 48th-st., near 5th-av.; ground rent low; a fine opportunity for parties desiring to build in an improved location. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

BROOKLYN REAL ESTATE.

TO LET—FURNISHED, A VERY DESIRABLE house in Remsen-st., Brooklyn, near the Heights; has every convenience; is handsomely furnished, and has just been put in perfect order. It will not be let to any one to take boarders. Address B. C., Box No. 1,622 New-York Post Office.

FOR SALE—A VALUABLE WHARF PROPerty at Brooklyn, consisting of a large plot of ground and pier, with depth of water for larger vessels, contiguous to ferries, and well adapted to improve for storage or manufacturing purposes. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

LOTS FOR SALE.—512 LOTS WITH LARGE front on Newtown Creek, near Penny Bridge, Brooklyn; also, 18 acres south side Staten Island. Apply to WM. N. CLARK, No. 170 William-st.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—"LOCHLAND," THE ELEGANT country seat of Greene Smith, built and formerly occupied by Geo. E. Stone, Esq., of New-York City, comprising sixty-four acres on the shores of Seneca Lake, half a mile south of the beautiful village of Geneva; the improvements consist of a handsome and commodious three-story brick dwelling-house, with all the modern improvements; the grounds are large and handsomely laid out with shrubbery; there are spacious stables, boat-house, bath-house, ice-house, (filled with ice,) garden, abundance of fruit, tenant-house and barns, and most thorough outbuildings generally.

This is a rare chance to purchase one of the most complete and desirable of country residences. For terms and further particulars apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st., where photographs and survey can be examined; or to GERRIT H. SMITH, Geneva, New-York.

FOR SALE—AT BRIDGEPORT, CONN., several new houses, including one elegant mansion, furnished or unfurnished, with five acres of land, coach-house, green-house, houses for gardener and coachman, Summer-house, choicest fruits, fountains, marble statuary, hot and cold water, gas, &c.; will be sold for less than two-thirds its value.

Also, a charming cottage on Sea Side Park, within ten rods of Long Island Sound, and several other houses at low prices.

For pictures and printed descriptions apply to D. W. SHERWOOD, or J. & G. A. STAPLES, Bridgeport; G. SPALDING & CO., No. 401 4th-av., New-York; MALLORY & BLACKWELL, No. 55 Liberty-st.; WALLER, BALL & CO., No. 25 Chambers-st.; HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.; G. H. BENEDICT, Secretary Savings Bank, No. 166 Nassau-st.; or S. W. BENEDICT, No. 10 Pine-st. and No. 536 6th-av., New-York.

FOR SALE—AT GREAT NECK, L. I., 15 miles from New-York, 35 acres of the choicest land on the Sound, over ½ mile water front, very desirable for villa sites, in plots from 5 to 10 acres; 1 mile from landing; 3 from depot; communication with City frequent, by cars and boat; location unsurpassed by any for the residence of gentlemen doing business in the City. Terms easy. For maps and particulars, apply to E. A. LAWRENCE, OAKLEY & FLEURY, No. 11 Pine-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LEASE—FURNISHED or unfurnished, a neat cottage, ten rooms, eligibly situated in the beautiful village of Woodside, N. J.; time, one hour from New-York City Hall; an acre and a quarter of grounds, fine lawn, variety of small fruits, stable, &c.; prefer to lease for a term of years to an approved tenant. For full information address ROBT. CUNNINGTON, book-store No. 41 Park-row, or C. C. HINE, Esq., office of *Insurance Monitor*, Howard Building, No. 176 Broadway.

FOR SALE—AT MADISON, N. J., A FINE country place, with 4¾ acres; the house is large, with conservatory attached, with all the modern improvements; carriage and ice-house, &c.; fine ornamental grounds, with abundance of shade and fruit trees; price reasonable. Photograph of place can be seen, with full description, at WM. PHYFE'S, No. 42 West 13th-st.

FOR SALE—IN ONE OF THE FINEST LOCations at Elizabeth, N. J., a house containing ten rooms, marble mantels, gas, hot and cold water, bathroom, &c.; lot 36x176½ on paved street; no assessments; eight minutes' walk from depot; price $9,000; part cash. For particulars address C., Box No. 115 *Times* Office.

FOR SALE—A COUNTRY SEAT ON THE Hudson River, near Hyde Park; about 120 acres of land; half a mile river front; lodge, billiard-house, brick barns, &c. For particulars apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 3 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—AT NEW-ROCHELLE, N. Y., neatly-furnished cottage and lot, (47 feet by 132 feet 40 inches;) a little gem. Inquire of J. P. ROBINSON, New-Rochelle, N. Y., and at No. 52 Wall-st., Room No. 32, New-York City.

ECHO POINT—TEN ACRES; CHARMING place; water front alone worth what is asked for property; terms to suit purchaser. CHARLES LELAND, Metropolitan Hotel.

A FINE HOUSE, MODERN IMPROVEments, stable, garden; 45 minutes from City, 5 minutes' walk of depot and landing; rare opportunity. Address E. N. Y., Box No. 110 *Times* Office.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT, ON STATEN ISLAND—A large brick house, Italian style with ten acres of land; hot and cold water through the house, with gas and all modern improvements; green-house and stables. The grounds are laid out with shrubbery, forest trees, and abound with the choicest fruits. These premises are among the finest on the Island, commanding a beautiful view of the Bay, Hudson and East Rivers, and situated at Clifton, about five minutes' walk from the ferry. Inquire of C. BAINBRIDGE SMITH, No. 115 Broadway.

ATTENTION! ALL WANTING FARMS.
CHEAP FARM AND FRUIT LANDS,
VILLAGE LOTS,
WATER POWERS FOR MANUFACTURING,

for sale at Bricksburg, Ocean County, New-Jersey, 44 miles from New-York, on railroad to Philadelphia. Soil fine loam, superior for all crops; country just rolling enough for beauty and utility; climate mild and proverbially healthy; water soft and pure; no fever and ague; sold only to actual settlers, on easy terms; price per acre $25 and upward. For circulars and maps, sent free, address R. CAMPBELL, No. 153 Broadway, New-York, or D. W. BRIGHAM, Agent, Bricksburg.

FOR SALE—IN WHITE PLAINS, WESTchester County, (20 miles) one hour's ride on Harlem Road from this City, a beautiful residence with 12 acres of land attached, situated on the highest ground in the vicinity, and commanding a view of many square miles on either side.

This property is in the centre of the town, having a front of about 410 feet on Broadway, and running back at right angles; it is under the highest state of cultivation, and improved by abundance of shade trees of full growth, a natural lake, &c., &c. The house stands 260 feet from the street, having lawns and walks, with every variety of fruit and other trees in front; it was built by and for the use of the present occupant and owner, with a view only to comfort and durability, having gas throughout. The carriage-houses are ample, at convenient distance, yet shaded from the house by evergreen hedges.

It can be seen and examined at any time. The most liberal terms will be given to a purchaser.

Apply on the premises to (no broker need apply,)
E. T. PREUDHOMME.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—TWO NEW splendid French roof houses, containing thirteen rooms each, with all city modern improvements; lot 80x200, beautifully all laid out and well stocked with shrubbery and fruit trees; locality healthy; two minutes' walk to new depot, and twenty minutes' ride on railroad to the City. Inquire of the owner at English Neighborhood, N. J., or at his office, No. 2 Vesey-st., New-York. S. N. MARSH.

FOR SALE LOW—FARM OF 25 ACRES, one mile north of Petersburg, on the Richmond Turnpike and Railroad, with fine residence and outhouses; will be sold at less than cost of buildings. Apply for particulars to VAN BRUNT & SLAGHT, No. 168 Maiden-lane, corner of South-st.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES and farms, a great variety, beautifully situated one hour from N. Y., for sale low. Also, country seats and houses to let for the season, or year, by BLACKWELL & SMITH, 243 Broadway, N. Y., 9 to 11 A. M.; Orange, corner Main and Cone sts., 1 to 5 P. M.

DWELLINGS TO LET.

A SPLENDID SUMMER RESORT.—To let, for a short or long term to a good party, St. Ronan's Well, a beautiful bluff of 12 acres on Flushing Bay, very accessible by steamboat and railroad; has splendid grove, a pavilion for the largest companies, shooting grounds, livings, &c.; the hotel is large, in good order, and furnishes one of the finest land and water views in the country; this property formerly netted $8,000 per year, but owing to the death of the proprietor, it has had little attention for four years; it has just been sold by order of the Surrogate's Court, and gone into permanent possession and control. Inquire at No. 245 Broadway, between 1 and 2 o'clock P. M. Good references required.

TO LET FURNISHED—FOR THE season or by the year, at Uniontown, N. J., on the New-Jersey Railroad, 22 miles from the City, a beautiful country residence, on high rolling ground; very healthy; the best of water; no mosquitoes; over 100 acres of cultivated land; large new dwelling; horses, carriages, cows; ice-house filled; garden, fruit trees, stables. For particulars inquire of J. D. GILMOR, No. 205 Greenwich-st.

TO LET—A DELIGHTFUL RESIDENCE ON Throgg's Neck, Westchester County, near two daily steamboat landings, and about three miles from Harlem Railroad, commanding fine views of the sound; the house has sixteen rooms, newly fitted up; a garden, stable and about six acres will be rented with the house. Apply to VAN RENSSELAER & CRUGER, No. 182 Grand-st.

TO LET—ELEGANT SUBURBAN MANsion; to rent either for the Summer or one year; situated on Crescent-av., South Bergen, being a first-class house, Italian style, with modern improvements; 14 rooms and good cellar; one acre of ground, handsomely laid out; trees, flowers and shrubbery. Inquire on the premises, or of C. S. HUNTOON, No. 16 Chambers-st.

TO LET—TO A SMALL, RESPECTABLE family, part of house No. 3 East Baltic-st., a few doors from Court-st., Brooklyn, and within ten or fifteen minutes' walk of the principal ferries; gas, hot and cold water and bath in house; Greenwood and Coney Island cars pass at either end of block; rent moderate. Apply on the premises.

TO LET—ON CASTLETON HILL, NORTH shore, Staten Island, a short distance from Factoryville Landing, an elegant house, with all the modern improvements, commanding an extensive view of the surrounding country; stages pass the door. Apply to JOHN McDONALD, No. 8 Battery-place.

TO LET—THE HIGH-STOOP HOUSE NO. 436 West 22d-st., containing 14 rooms, and replete with every convenience that can be desired; size of house 32x48; lot 32x93 feet; painted throughout if desired. Apply to A. R. CUSHMAN, No. 152 9th-av., betweeen 20th and 21st sts.

TO LET—STABLE AND COTTAGE, NO. 227 East 9th-st., for private use; five stalls for horses and two furnished rooms for dwelling in second-story, with separate entrance. Apply to BENJ. TATHAM, No. 36 Stuyvesant-st., or to TATHAM & BROS., No. 82 Beekman-st.

AT NEW BRIGHTON, HAMILTON PARK. —To rent, first-class villas, furnished and unfurnished; gas, water, gardens, stables; adapted for Winter or Summer; very healthy; five minutes from ferry; thirty-five minutes from Wall-st.
MR. HAMILTON, No. 26½ Broadway.

TO LET—FURNISHED AND UNFURnished houses in New-York and Brooklyn; also on Staten Island, Yonkers, Tarrytown, Orange, Irvington, New-Rochelle, Spuyten Duyvil, Islip, and other points of easy access. Rents reduced. Permits of A. JOURNEAY, No. 1 Pine-st.

TO LET—TWO PRETTY COTTAGES, finely located as to neighborhood, and near depot; both in good order; rent low; gas and water in each; sidewalk flagged from depot to door. Apply at office of HERRING & HALL, Tremont, Westchester County.

TO RENT—A VERY NICE COTTAGE, FURnished, in a perfectly healthy neighborhood, 19 miles from New-York; has gas, bath, &c.; plenty of fruit; only $700; also other places to rent and for sale, including some of the finest on the Sound. Apply to WM. & E. H. CRUIKSHANK, No. 55 Broadway.

TO LET—FURNISHED, ON BROOKLYN Heights, a first-class three-story attic, basement and sub-cellar brown-stone-front house, about five minutes' walk from Fulton or Wall st. Ferries, from May 1 to Nov. 1. Apply to DAVENPORT & FANNING, No. 157 Montague-st.

COUNTRY SEAT AT LITTLE NECK, L. I., beautifully situated on high ground; commanding fine view of Bay and Sound; near depot; terms moderate.
WHITEHEAD H. VAN WYCK, No. 229 Broadway.

TO LET—AT RAMAPO, ON THE ERIE Railway, 33 miles from the City, a beautifully located Summer boarding-house; possession immediate and terms moderate. Apply on the premises, or to PIERSONS & CO., No. 24 Broadway, New-York.

TO LET—IN NEW HOUSES ON 2D-AV., corner 116th-st., and 3d-av., corner 83th-st., floors of four and six rooms; Croton, gas, stationary washtubs, &c.; rent $12, $16 and $27. Apply to LOPER & DAVIS, 1st-av., corner 36th-st.

TO LET—SMALL THREE-STORY HOUSE IN Brooklyn, cheap, to a good tenant; has all the modern improvements, in good order and first-class neighborhood. Apply to TAYLOR, No. 391 Canal-st., New-York.

TO LET—IN 91ST-ST., THIRD HOUSE WEST of 3d-av., south side, a good house, three-story basement; gas and water throughout; 50x100 feet of ground; fruit, flowers, nice locality; cheap. Apply to HENRY MAXWELL, No. 483½ 3d-av.

ORANGE, N. J.—TO LET, TWO MODern houses, adjoining, each 9 rooms, 6 minutes' walk from station; good garden; fine views; excellent neighborhood; rent $600 each. BLACKWELL & SMITH, No. 243 Broadway, or Orange.

TO RENT—AT ORANGE, N. J., A LARGE furnished house within ten minutes' walk of the station, containing 12 rooms, gas, range, &c.; rent low to a good tenant; possession immediately. Apply to A. BRADSHAW, No. 23 Water-st.

BLOOMINGDALE—HOUSE, BARN, FIVE acres, on Hudson River lane, at 91st-st. and Broadway to let. Apply at No. 18 East 23d-st., or G. G. SCHIEFFELIN, No. 54 Wall-st.

DWELLINGS TO LET—BEAUTIFUL residence on 5th-av., corner of 127th-st.; rent moderate. Inquire of Mrs. VERMILYEA, first cottage south side of 119th-st., between 3d and 4th avs.

TO LET—AT MORRISANIA, TWO HOUSES within half a minute's walk of depot; rent $600 and $400. WM. H. RAYNOR, No. 6 Pine-st.

STORES, &C., TO LET.

TO INSURANCE COMPANIES—AGENTS, &c.

Two spacious well-furnished offices, in a select position on Broadway, to rent on moderate terms; very suitable for life insurance business. Address Box No. 213 Post Office, New-York.

OFFICES TO LET.—A SUITE OF THREE pleasant, light, airy offices and upper floor of No. 254 Broadway, opposite the City Hall, to let at $1,000 per annum for the three; also, two offices on the third floor and one on fourth floor. Apply to Home Life Insurance Company, No. 258 Broadway.

STEAM POWER.—FACTORY TO LET—Buildings Nos. 60, 62, 64 and 66 Cannon-st., with shafting and 25-horse power engine; will let buildings together or separately, or rooms with or without steam power. Apply in office on the premises.

THIRD AND 2D-AV. STORES TO let.—One corner, one bakery and small stores in new block of houses corner of 3d-av. and 89th-st., and 2d-av., corner 116th-st.; rent $25 and $30. Apply to LOPER & DAVIS, 1st-av., corner 36th-st.

OFFICE TO LET—A FINE BASEMENT office, Broadway, corner of Cedar-st., under Home Insurance Company. Apply to PHELPS, FALLON & CO., No. 135 Broadway.

STABLE TO LET—A FIRST-CLASS STAble to let to a private party, No. 2 West 30th-st., near 5th-av. Inquire of HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

OFFICE FOR A PHYSICIAN, AT NO. 29 West 26th-st.—A large and high basement room; apply after 3 o'clock; references exchanged.

OFFICES TO LET—IN THE BIBLE House, Astor-place; three offices on third floor. Apply at Treasurer's office, 4th-av. entrance.

STORES, &C., TO LET.

THORNTON M. RODMAN,
REAL ESTATE AGENT,
No. 1 Great Jones-st.,

Offers to let—The four-story brown-stone front house, No. 322 West 14th-st.; rent $2,500.

Also, the three-story brick house No. 125 Waverley-place; rent $1,200.

Also, entire upper part of house No. 127 Waverley-place; rent $600.

Also, rooms in house No. 4½ Hudson-st.

All of these premises will be put in order after May 1.

TO LET.
COMMODIOUS, WELL-LIGHTED,
WELL-VENTILATED,
OFFICES,
LARGE AND SMALL, SINGLE OR EN SUITE.
APPLY ON THE PREMISES, AT
NO. 164 DUANE-ST.

TO LET—IN THE TIMES BUILDING, NO. 39 Park-row, a small office on the third story, and a larger one on the fourth story.

Inquire of JOHN IRELAND, Cashier *Times* Office.

LAW OFFICES, WITH USE OF LIbrary, part of a suite, No. 182 Broadway, to let; fine, light, airy rooms; entrances on John-st. and Broadway. D. IRA BAKER, No. 182 Broadway.

TO LEASE FOR A TERM OF YEARS, separately or together, the new six-story buildings Nos. 296 to 212 Canal-st., communicating. Inquire of JOHN R. GRAHAM, No. 176 Centre-st.

TO LET—TWO FRONT OFFICES ON THE first floor of the house No. 2 New Chambers-st. Apply on the premises, or to W. L. CONKLIN, No. 18 4th-av.

BROADWAY PROPERTY TO LET—Stores and lofts Nos. 478 and 480 Broadway. Inquire of H. BLUNT, No. 484 Broadway.

STEAM POWER TO LET—WITH WELL-lighted rooms and basements, 25x50. Apply to NORRIS & MILLER, No. 229 East 41st-st.

OFFICES AND LOFTS TO RENT AT Nos. 12 and 14 Cliff-st., near John-st. Apply to GEORGE G. SAMPSON, No. 16 Cliff-st.

STEAM POWER TO LET—NO. 114 Cliff-st.; good light; moderate rent.

DESK-ROOM TO LET—NO. 5 BEEKman-st., Room No. 7, first floor.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED—TO RENT, APARTMENTS IN A small house below 23d-st., west side, 9th Ward preferred. Address, stating particulars, D. M. B., Box No. 101 *Times* Office.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

Unreserved Sale at Auction.

JAMES M. MILLER
WILL SELL ON
WEDNESDAY, MAY 5, MONDAY, MAY 10,
WEDNESDAY, MAY 12,
At Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, at 12 M.

450 CHOICE LOTS,
FRONTING 2,500 FEET ON
CENTRAL-AVENUE.

Part of the estate of LORING ANDREWS, Esq.

SALE PEREMPTORY; every lot to be sold to the highest bidder, without reservation.

This beautiful property must be seen to be appreciated. Fifty per cent. of purchase money may remain on bond and mortgage for five years.

Maps and pamphlets containing full particulars, and tickets for the trip, free, can be had by applying to the auctioneer, No. 28 Pine-st.

BY FAR THE HANDSOMEST PROPERTY YET OFFERED AT AUCTION on Central-av., and
NO FANCY PRICES EXPECTED

A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BRO., Auctioneers and Dealers in New-Jersey Real Estate, No. 26 Pine-st.

ROSELLE, N. J.,
THURSDAY, MAY, 13, 1869, AT 12 M.,
On the premises,
Great sale of
160 VILLA PLOTS AT WEST ROSELLE,

beautifully situated on elevated ground, commanding fine views of the mountains and the surrounding country.

Roselle is located on the Central Railroad of New-Jersey, 43 minutes from the New-York side of the river, and 2½ miles from the City of Elizabeth. Probably no town in the State of New-Jersey has improved within the past two years in so great a proportion as the new and growing town of Roselle. A special train will leave the foot of Liberty-st. at 11 A. M. on the day of sale. Lunch on the arrival of the train. For maps, railroad passes, and full particulars, apply at the office of the auctioneers, No. 26 Pine-st., New-York.

LLEWELLYN PARK,
ORANGE, N. J.
ACTUAL SALE AT AUCTION,
(unless previously sold at private sale,)
OF SIX MAGNIFICENT BUILDING SITES
AND TWO HANDSOME PLOTS AND
HOUSES, STABLES, &c.,
TO BE OFFERED AT AUCTION BY
E. H. LUDLOW & CO.,
ON TUESDAY, MAY 4,
AT 12 O'CLOCK,
AT THE EXCHANGE SALESROOM,
NO. 111 BROADWAY.

For full descriptions, permits and maps, apply to the auctioneers, No. 3 Pine-st.

FREE RIDES, FREE LUNCH.
GREAT AND ABSOLUTE OUT-DOOR SALE.
500 SPLENDID NEWTOWN LOTS,
ON THE PREMISES, SUYDAM HOMESTEAD,
MONDAY, MAY 10, AT 1 O'CLOCK.

Location unexceptionable; four minutes' walk from depot; 24 daily trains over Flushing Railroad; time from Hunter's Point, 15 minutes; from New-York, 30 minutes; commutation less than on horse cars. Streets opened and graded; lots within a stone's throw of half a dozen churches and schools; will be sold singly and in small parcels. Surroundings good; grades excellent. The best property around the City for investment, improvement or speculation.

Grand lunch before sale. Take boat on Monday, May 10, rain or shine; at James-slip, 11½; 34th-st., 11¾, or cars at Hunter's Point at 12 M.

Apply for maps and free tickets to
JOHNSON & MILLER, No. 25 Nassau-st., N. Y.

MONDAY, MAY 17,
AT 12 O'CLOCK, ON THE PREMISES,
500 SPLENDID WOODHAVEN LOTS.

By order of Messrs. Lalance & Grosjean.
Property adjoins their factory.
Particulars hereafter. Terms liberal.
Maps now ready at auctioneers' office, No. 25 Nassau-st., New-York.

SUPREME COURT.—FERDINAND SUYDAM, JOHN DORE, PHILLIPS PHŒNIX and GEORGE HENRY WARREN, surviving executors under the last will and testament of Stephen Whitney, deceased, plaintiffs, against OLIVER R. INGERSOLL and ADALINE M., his wife, and others, defendants.—In pursuance of a judgment of the Supreme Court of the State of New-York, made in the above entitled action, I, the subscriber, the referee named in said judgment, will expose to sale at public auction, on MONDAY, the 17th day of May next, 1869, at 12 o'clock noon, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, in the City of New-York, by Joseph McGuire, Auctioneer, the following described premises, viz.: All those lots or parcels of land, with the buildings thereon erected, situate in the said City of New-York, lying on Water and South sts., between Pike and Rutgers slips, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point in the southerly line of Water-st., distant fifty-two feet and eleven inches easterly from the southeasterly corner of Water-st. and Pike-slip, running thence southerly and parallel with Pike-slip one hundred and sixty feet one and a half inches to the northerly line of South-st., thence easterly along said northerly line of South-st. forty-one feet four and one-half inches, thence northerly and parallel with Pike-slip one hundred and sixty feet one and one-half inches to the southerly side of Water-st., thence westerly along said southerly line of Water-st. forty-one feet four and one-half inches to the place of beginning.—Dated New-York, April 21, 1869. GRATZ NATHAN, Referee.
IRVING PARIS, Plaintiffs' Attorney.

THE CONTINENTAL HOTEL AT LONG BRANCH will be sold AT PUBLIC SALE, by order of the Court of Chancery, on the premises, on WEDNESDAY, the 12th day of May next, at noon. It is the largest and most valuable hotel in the State. The lot contains over twelve and a half acres, with a sea front (high bluff) of about 900 feet. It is the nearest large hotel to both railroad depots. The capacity of the hotel is sufficient to accommodate from 800 to 1,000 guests. The buildings are new and neatly finished; the bedrooms are large and airy; billiard and bath rooms, bowling alley, Summer-houses, large and commodious barns, stables, carriage-houses and shed, all in good order. The kitchen and laundry are well arranged, large and convenient. The hotel is supplied with gas from works on the place.
PETER VREDENBURGH,
Master in Chancery.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF PROPERTY AT BELLEVILLE, N. J.—BRITTAN & CO. will commence their auction sales at Belleville, on the Passaic, on THURSDAY, May 6, commencing at 11 o'clock A. M., when they will offer several fine houses, with ornamental grounds, together with a number of villa sites and city lots, to close an estate. Descriptive list, illustrated by map, may be had of G. De WITT, No. 90 John-st., New-York, Lee & Holmes, Belleville, and at our office, No. 772 Broad-st., Newark.
BRITTAN & CO.

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION NOTICE.—HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER HAVE REMOVED THEIR AUCTION ROOMS TO THE SPACIOUS STORES NOS. 95 CHAMBERS AND 77 READE STS., WHERE THEY WILL CONTINUE THEIR AUCTION BUSINESS.

ALSO, WILL HAVE SALES OF PICTURES AT THEIR GALLERIES, NOS. 817 AND 819 BROADWAY, CORNER 12TH-ST., AS USUAL.

GEORGE COOK, Auctioneer.

GENTEEL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, PIANOS, IRON SAFES, &c.

THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, at No. 101 Liberty-st., superb parlor, chamber, dining-room and office furniture in variety, carpets, glassware, silver-plated ware and cutlery, library and secretary bookcases, office desks, three iron safes, three rosewood pianos.

THOS. VEITCH, Auctioneer—Office, No. 5½ Pine-st.

RECEIVER'S SALE OF WALNUT and mahogany upright, sitting and standing desks, two iron safes, (Herring's make,) carpets, matting, shades, &c., on SATURDAY, May 1, 1869, at 11 A. M., at Nos. 181 and 183 Chatham-st., second story.
F. V. B. KENNEDY, Receiver.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—PURSUANT TO AN order made by the Hon. Samuel Blatchford, Judge of the District Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York, I, Isaac A. Crane, Assignee in Bankruptcy of SOLOMON MIGEL, bankrupt, will sell at public auction, on the 10th day of May, 1869, at 12 M., at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, in the City of New-York, by ALBERT H. NICOLAY, auctioneer, a claim in favor of the said Solomon Migel against the Government of Mexico for $185,000 or thereabouts, being a portion of the assets of the said bankrupt.
ISAAC A. CRANE, Assignee.

AUCTION SALES.

LEAVITT, STREBEIGH & Co., Auctioneers.

CLINTON HALL BOOK SALE-ROOMS AND ART GALLERIES—ASTOR-PLACE.

SATURDAY EVENING, May 1, commencing at 7 o'clock, sale of a very choice collection of books, comprising standard works in all departments of Literature, Poetry, Travels, Biography, Fiction, &c., &c. Catalogues ready. Books on exhibition Friday morning.

PRIVATE LIBRARY AT AUCTION.

MONDAY, May 3, and two following evenings, sale of a FINE PRIVATE LIBRARY, comprising a very elegant collection of books, the best English and American editions of standard works, many in fine bindings; also many scarce books, among which may be mentioned Beaumont & Fletcher's Works, 11 vols., 8vo, best edition; Barrow's complete works, 10 vols., half calf; Bulwer's Novels, 21 vols.; Doré's Works, Chambers' Pictorial History of England, 8 vols., imperial 8vo, cloth; Flatter's Compositions from Milton, folio, half calf; Hall's Ireland, 3 vols., half morocco, gilt; Hamilton Club Series, 4 vols., half morocco; Merlin's Prophecies, 4to; Birch's Heads of Illustrious Persons, folio; Natural History of the State of New-York, 18 vols.; Nostradamur's Prophecies, folio, calf; Romance of History, 15 vols., half calf; Shaw's Works on Ornaments; Suckling's Works; Thackeray's Works, 14 vols., best edition; Wither's Works, &c., &c. Catalogues ready and books on exhibition on Friday morning.

SATURDAY, 8th, sale of a private library. Catalogues ready.

TUESDAY, 11th, and following evening, sale of a private library. Catalogues ready.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.

BY HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER.—AUCTION SALES OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE:

MONDAY, May 3, at 10½ o'clock, at the private residence No. 18 West 14th-st.

Full particulars of the above sales will be given in due time.

ROBERT SOMERVILLE, Auctioneer—Salesroom, No. 37 Nassau-st.

ROBERT SOMERVILLE WILL SELL SATURDAY, May 1, at 10½ o'clock, law books, office furniture, sofas, unsettled accounts, &c.—About 500 volumes law books in fine order, latest editions, &c., by order of the mortgagee.

ROBERT SOMERVILLE will sell on MONDAY, May 3, at 10½ o'clock, at the French Chemical Dye Works, No. 157 West 32d-st., between 6th and 7th avs., in the rear, all the materials, stock, &c., consisting of cauldrons and furnaces, from 40 to 200 gallons, ten large tubs, tubs with condensing worms, Fairbanks' platform scales, great lot of steam pipes, glass funnels, iron tools, &c., &c.

TUESDAY, May 4, at 10½ o'clock, at the private residence, No. 5 East 12th-st., all the elegant furniture.

TUESDAY, May 4, at 10½ o'clock, at the salesroom, No. 37 Nassau-st., furniture.

WEDNESDAY, May 5, at 10½ o'clock, at Brooks' restaurant, No. 9 Broad-st.

WEDNESDAY, May 5, at 10½ o'clock, at the salesroom, No. 37 Nassau-st., great sale of books.

THURSDAY, May 6, at 10½ o'clock, at the salesroom, No. 37 Nassau-st., household furniture.

ROBERT SOMERVILLE, Auctioneer—Salesroom, No. 37 Nassau-st.

ROBERT SOMERVILLE WILL SELL on THURSDAY, May 6, at 10½ o'clock, at the spacious salesroom in our Art Gallery, No. 82 5th-av., an elegant assortment of household furniture. Parties having furniture to dispose of can have their articles displayed to good advantage by contributing to this sale.

ROBERT SOMERVILLE, Auctioneer—Salesroom, No. 37 Nassau-st.

ROBERT SOMERVILLE WILL SELL on TUESDAY, May 4, at 10½ o'clock, at our salesroom, No. 37 Nassau-st., thirty velocipedes of the latest style and finish.

NEW YORK SUPERIOR COURT.—Henry W. Derby against U. P. Larsen and others. Pursuant to a judgment made in this action on the 8th day of April, 1869, the undersigned, receiver, will sell at public auction, by Leavitt, Strebeigh & Co., auctioneers, at Clinton Hall, Astor-place, in the City of New-York, on the 13th day of May, 1869, at 7 o'clock P. M., the pictures described in said judgment. Catalogues of the auctioneer.
H. W. DERBY, Receiver.

INSTRUCTION.

MR. GEO. C. ANTHON'S
CLASSICAL FRENCH AND ENGLISH SCHOOL,
With Primary Department and Gymnasium,
Nos. 212 and 214 5th-av.

MOUNT WASHINGTON COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE—Classical, Commercial, English, French and German, No. 40 South Washington-square. GEORGE W. CLARKE, A. M., Principal. Fits pupils of all ages for business or college on reasonable terms. With the average of fifteen pupils to the teacher, students will come out of this Institute in *two years' less* time with a better *character* and a better *education* than from the public schools.

SEDGWICK INSTITUTE,
GREAT BARRINGTON, MASS.

The subscribers, in removing their school from Hartford, Conn., and taking charge of this institution, announce to their patrons and friends that the next session will commence April 28. The beautiful scenery of the place, the healthfulness of the climate, the completeness of the building and its equipments, together with the long experience of the Principals, afford every advantage that could be desired in a school for boys. For circulars address the Principals, Great Barrington, or Rev. E. D. G. PRIME, D. D., New-York *Observer*. I. & J. BIRD.

FAMILY AND CLASSICAL SCHOOL FOR YOUNG BOYS.
ENVIRONS OF HARTFORD, CONN.
REV. CHARLES E. ABBOTT, PRINCIPAL.

The number of pupils is quite limited. The playgrounds are extensive, and green fields and pure air are on all sides. The Summer term of five months will begin on the 1st of May.

TARRYTOWN INSTITUTE,
A Military Boarding School,
Tarrytown, N. Y.
Inspection solicited.
Rev. F. J. JACKSON, } Principals.
C. C. CURTISS, }

BOARDING SCHOOL FOR BOYS,
NORWALK, CONN.,
C. M. SELLECK, PRINCIPAL.

The Summer session of this school will commence on WEDNESDAY, the 12th of May next, and continue until October following.

FRENCH AND GERMAN

Thoroughly learnt with an English tutor, assisted by French and German Professors. For prospectuses and reference to parents of pupils apply to Mr. WM. WASHAM, Darmstadt, near the Rhine; or to Hon. H. J. RAYMOND, Editor, New-York.

THE CITY OF CASSEL, PRUSSIA, offers great advantages as an abode for foreigners on account of its beautiful situation and the excellence of its schools.

Dr. LINDENKOHL, Professor at the Lyceum, will receive in his house a limited number of young American gentlemen, whose education he will personally superintend.

Special facilities for acquiring modern languages.

For particulars and references apply to
L. LINDENKOHL, No. 118 Duane-st.,
Rev. G. F. MORISON, Baltimore, Md.,
A. LINDENKOHL, U.S. Coast Survey, Washington.

A HOME AND SCHOOL FOR SIX BOYS at Bedford, Westchester County, N. Y.—For circulars apply to Mr. B. TRAVIS, No. 7 Mercer-st.; Mr. F. S. GWYER, No. 111 East Houston-st., or of D. S. DUSINBERRE, A. M., Principal. Spring term commences May 3.

IRVING INSTITUTE, TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—A Boarding School for Boys; pupils received at any time. For circulars apply to D. S. ROWE, M. A., Principal.

A. WILLIAMSON'S FAMILY SCHOOL for boys, at Bedford, Westchester County, N. Y., will reopen May 3.

HENRY W. SIGLAR'S ENGLISH, French and Classical Family Boarding School for Boys, Newburg, N. Y. Apply for circular.

GOLDEN HILL SEMINARY—BRIDGEport, Conn.—For circulars, address the Principal, Miss EMILY NELSON.

YOUNG LADIES' BOARDING SCHOOL in New-Haven, Conn. For circulars, &c., address the Principal, Rev. W. PECK.

A HOME AND SCHOOL FOR 10 BOYS: ages 5 to 12. Mrs. G. A. RUSS, Tarrytown, N. Y.

CIRCULARS OF GOOD SCHOOLS, CITY AND country, with reliable information, free for parents, at bookstore, 14 Bond-st. J. W. Schermerhorn & Co.

TEACHERS.

A LADY EXPERIENCED IN TEACHing music, French, Latin and English desires an engagement as resident teacher; is a good pianist; speaks French well; references given. Address TUITION, Box No. 1,504 Post Office, New-York.

A GERMAN LADY OF SEVERAL years experience wishes an engagement for the Summer or permanently; will instruct in German, French, music and drawing, and can give unexceptionable references. Address Box No. 4,148 Post Office.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

A BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY.

The advertiser is manufacturing a staple article that has the leading reputation in the New-York market, and for which there is a steady demand. He will sell one of his mills engaged in the production, and the right to use his brand in the Boston and New-England markets. Machinery is in good order, and is run more economically than any of its kind in the United States. Total capital required, about $40,000, (forty thousand dollars.) Manufacturing capacity of machinery offered, $150,000 per year. Profits ample, and no representation made in regard to them except what can be satisfactorily and practically verified on the spot. Address Post Office Box No. 5,036, New-York, or Box No. 885, Norwich, Conn.

WATCH AND JEWELRY ESTABLISHment for sale of 20 years' standing, in one of the best business localities of the City; has a good dwelling attached; a three years' lease from 1st May at a low rent; the store is well known and has a good trade attached; satisfactory reasons for selling. For full particulars and terms of sale apply to QUINCHE & KRUGLER, Nos. 8 and 10 John-st., up stairs.

FIRST-CLASS PHOTOGRAPH GALlery for sale on Broadway. Address W. H. E., Earle's Hotel.

REMOVAL.

NOTICE.—THE OFFICE OF THE CYPRESS Hills Cemetery has been removed from No. 3 Tryon-row to the corner of the Bowery and Grand-st., over the Butchers' and Drovers' Bank.
WM. EDWARDS, Secretary.

REMOVAL—FROM NO. 5½ PINE-ST. TO No. 135 Broadway, under Home Insurance Company.
PHELPS, FALLON & CO.,
No. 135 Broadway.

PERSONAL.

TO "E."—DO COME IF POSSIBLE. YOU CAN never know how I long to see you. I am unchanged and unchangeable. FOREVER.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of HENRY WESTHEIMER and ISAAC LAUTERBACH, bankrupts.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court by Henry Westheimer and Isaac Lauterbach, in said district, duly declared bankrupts under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all their debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 10th day of May, 1869, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the office of Henry Wilder Allen, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 161 Broadway, in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, may attend and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, on the 15th day of April, 1869. GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.
ap17-law3wSa*

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of PETER V. YERANCE and GARRETT YERANCE, bankrupts.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court by Peter V. Yerance and Garrett Yerance, in said district, duly declared bankrupts under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all their debts, and other claims provable under said act, and that the 11th day of May, A. D. 1869, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the office of Isaiah T. Williams, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 57 Broadway, in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, on the 15th day of April, 1869.
ap17-law3wSa* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of ISAAC SONENBERG and AARON AARONS, bankrupts.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court, by Isaac Sonenberg and Aaron Aarons, in said district, duly declared bankrupts under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all their debts, and other claims provable under said act, and that the 18th day of May, 1869, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the office of Isaiah T. Williams, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 57 Broadway, in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, on the 22d day of April, 1869. GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.
ap24-law3wSa*

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JOSEPH E. HANLON, bankrupt.—No. 2,286.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court by Joseph E. Hanlon, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act; and that the 17th day of May, 1869, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the office of Edgar Ketchum, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 83 Nassau-st., in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, may attend and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, on the 23d day of April, 1869. GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.
ap24-law3wSa*

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JACOB SEEBACHER, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court by Jacob Seebacher, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt, under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 18th day of May, 1869, at 11½ o'clock A. M., at the office of Isaiah T. Williams, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 57 Broadway, in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, on the 23d day of April, 1869.
ap24-law3wSa* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JACOB NEW, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court by Jacob New, in said district, duly adjudicated a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts, and other claims provable under said act, and that the 24th day of May, 1869, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the office of Henry Wilder Allen, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, No. 161 Broadway, in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, 23d April, 1869.
ap24-law3wSa* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JAMES WADSWORTH, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court by James Wadsworth, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts, and other claims provable under said act, and that the 21st day of May, 1869, at 12 o'clock M., at the office of James F. Dwight, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 7 Beekman-st., in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, on the 27th day of April, 1869. GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.
my1-law3wSa*

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of SIMEON E. CRITTENDEN and CHARLES E. SERGEANT, bankrupts.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court by Simeon E. Crittenden and Charles E. Sergeant, in said district, duly declared bankrupts under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all their debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 22d day of May, 1869, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the office of Edgar Ketchum, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 83 Nassau-st., in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, on the 26th day of April, 1869.
my1-law3wSa* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of GEORGE VON SEYBOLD, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—The said bankrupt having applied to the Court for a discharge from his debts: By order of the Court, Notice is hereby given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, to appear on the 13th day of May, A. D. 1869, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at chambers of the said District Court, before Isaac Dayton, one of the Registers of the said Court in Bankruptcy, at his office, No. 202 Broadway, in the City of New-York, Room No. 4, and show cause why the prayer of the said petition of the bankrupt should not be granted, and why a discharge should not be granted to the said bankrupt.—Dated New-York, 15th April, 1869. GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.
ap17-law3wSa*

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of BENNO DIAMART, HENRY WERNER, SALO DIAMART and LOUIS ETTINGER, bankrupts.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Benno Diamart, Henry Werner, Salo Diamart and Louis Ettinger all of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who have been adjudged bankrupts, upon their own petition, by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York, the 15th day of April, 1869.
JOHN TODD, Assignee,
ap17-law3wSa* No. 202 Broadway.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of SAMUEL MYER, bankrupt. —On this 23d day of April, A. D. 1869, on reading the petition for the bankrupt's discharge in the above matter, it is ordered by the Court that a hearing be had upon the same on the 17th day of May, A. D. 1869, at the office of Isaiah T. Williams, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 57 Broadway, in the City of New-York, in said district, at 11 o'clock A. M., and that notice.

Witness the Honorable Samuel Blatchford, Judge of the said Court, and the seal thereof, at the City of New-York, in said district, on the 23d day of April, A. D. 1869. GEO. F. BETTS,
Clerk of District Court for said District.
ap24-law3wSa*

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of HENRY GERSTLE, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Southern District of New-York, ss.—At the City of New-York, the 23d day of April, A. D. 1869.—The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate and effects of Henry Gerstle, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, in said district, who was on the 15th day of January, A. D. 1869, adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of the United States for the said Southern District of New-York.
JOHN TODD, Assignee,
ap24-law3wSa* No. 202 Broadway, City of New-York.

NO. 2,350.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of GEORGE E. RING, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of George E. Ring, of the City of Newark, County of Essex and State of New-Jersey, who carried on business in the City of New-York, County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York, the 20th day of April, A. D. 1869.
JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
ap24-law3wSa* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SAMUEL STRONG and SILAS M. HIBBARD, bankrupts.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Samuel Strong and Silas M. Hibbard, of the City, County and State of New-York, in said district, who have been adjudged bankrupts upon their own petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York, March 20, 1869.
E. S. CAULDWELL, Assignee,
my1-law3wSa* No. 261 Broadway, New-York City.

NO. 1,644.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JACOB SEEBACHER, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Before Isaiah T. Williams, Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of appointment of assignee of Jacob Seebacher, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York, the 30th day of April, 1869. JOHN SEDGWICK, No. 137 Broadway,
my1-law3wSa* New-York City, Assignee.

NO. 1,963.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of WILLIAM CHURCHILL, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Before Isaiah T. Williams, Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of appointment of assignee of William Churchill, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district. —Dated at New-York, the 2d day of January, 1869.
JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
my1-law3wSa* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of SAMUEL STRONG and SILAS M. HIBBARD, composing the firm of Strong & Hibbard, and of the said firm of Strong & Hibbard, bankrupts.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court by Samuel Strong and Silas M. Hibbard, duly declared bankrupts under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all their debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 26th day of May, 1869, at 12 o'clock M., at the office of James F. Dwight, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 7 Beekman-st., Rooms Nos. 3 and 4, in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated at New-York, April 30, 1869. GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.
my1-law3wSa*

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York. —In the matter of LOUIS C. WOEHNING and HERMAN RUTHENBURG, bankrupts.—In Bankruptcy.—The said bankrupts having applied to the Court for a discharge from their debts: By order of the Court, Notice is hereby given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, to appear on the 21st day of May, A. D. 1869, at 12 o'clock M., at the office of Isaiah T. Williams, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 57 Broadway, in the City of New-York, and show cause why the prayer of the said petition of the bankrupts should not be granted, and why a discharge should not be granted to the said bankrupts.—Dated New-York, April 28, 1869.
my1-law3wSa* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

NO. 2,110.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of WILLIAM H. KIRTLAND, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of William H. Kirtland, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York, the 27th day of April, A. D. 1869.
my1-law3wSa* JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO REspectable young women; are sisters; they wish to live together, in a private family; one is a first-rate cook and an excellent washer and ironer; the other is a waitress, and will assist with washing and ironing, or chamberwork; they can give the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 421 East 17th-st., between 1st-av. and Avenue A, third floor.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE MARRIED man of sober habits, a situation as janitor in a place of business or take charge of offices; will keep the place in good order; the best of City reference from his last employer. Call for three days, from 9 to 11 A. M., and from 1 to 4 P. M., or address No. 336 East 13th-st., between 1st and 2d avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COMPETENT seamstress; thoroughly understands cutting and fitting ladies' and children's dresses; can operate on Wheeler & Wilson's machine; no objection to wait on ladies; City reference. Can be seen from 10 to 4 at No. 31 West 13th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE COLORED girl, a situation as nurse or seamstress; competent to take charge of a baby from its birth; is willing to travel with a lady; no objection to the country; reference from present employer. Address H. A. V., P. O. Box No. 3,417.

WANTED—BY A LADY, A SITUATION for a waitress who has lived with her two years, and whom she can recommend; also for a chambermaid. Apply at No. 39 West 18th-st., from 10 until 1 o'clock.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WELSH WOMAN, a situation as infant's nurse; can take the entire charge night and day, and bring it up upon the bottle; is a good seamstress; will go to any part of the country; good reference. Call at No. 102 East 12th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST class Protestant waitress; has the best of City references. Call at No. 145 7th-av., between 20th and 21st sts., over the drug store, top floor, front room.

WANTED—WORK BY A SEAMSTRESS, day or week; does all kinds of family sewing; helps with dressmaking, trimming dresses, flouncing; fix work for the machine. Call at No. 351 West 41st-st., top floor, or address.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG girl as chambermaid and waitress; best of City reference; no objection to the country. Can be seen for two days at No. 426 2d-av., between 24th and 25th sts., in the fancy store.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WIDOW woman, a few gentlemen's or families' washing; understands French fluting and shirt polishing in first-class order. Call at or address to Mrs. McDONALD, No. 133 West 33d-st., rear house, first floor.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITuation to take charge of grown children and do plain sewing in the country; good reference. Call at No. 102 East 12th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CHAMBERmaid and waitress by a young Protestant woman, or to do housework in a small private family. Call or address, Saturday or Monday, No. 406 East 16th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GOOD GERman girl to do general housework. Call at No. 186 Suffolk-st., between Stanton and East Houston.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITRESS, or to take care of children; has no objection to travel or go to the country; good reference. Call at No. 36 East 21st-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl, a situation in a private family as first-class laundress; understands all kinds of French fluting. Call at No. 158 West 33d-st. Can be seen for two days.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl, a situation as seamstress; o objection to take care of children or assist in chamberwork. Call at No. 13 West 23d-st., London-terrace.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL, A SITUAtion as good waitress and chambermaid; good reference if required. Call at No. 110 2d-av., between 6th and 7th sts.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG PROTESTANT woman, a situation to do up-stairs work, and has no objection to assist in waiting. Call at her present employer's, No. 202 West 49th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS MONTHLY nurse; best medical and private references. Call in the Repository, No. 143 East 13th-st., between 3d and 4th avs.

WANTED—BY A SMART BUSINESS WOman, to go with a family to San Francisco; can fill any position. Call at No. 143 East 13th-st., near 3d-av.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUation to do chamberwork and waiting, in a small private family. Call at No. 104 West 35th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG AMERICAN girl, a situation as nurse and seamstress. Apply at No. 124 West 18th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST class laundress; unexceptionable City reference given. Call at No. 335 East 16th-st., near 1st-av.

GERMAN FEMALE SERVANTS, CAPABLE and trustworthy, constantly to be found at Mrs. LOWE'S German Inst., 1 1st-st., corner Bowery.

MALES.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION by a reliable young man, willing to go in the country; of long experience in the care and treatment of horses and carriages; is a first-class groom and careful driver; City references. Address O. B., Box No. 220 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION by a competent single man of long experience in the City; six years' reference from last place. Call or address W. B., No. 36 Lexington-av., in the private stable.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FRENCHman in a private family as first-class waiter; best City reference. Address, for two days, M. G., care of H. Grassle, tailor, No. 176 6th-av., between 12th and 13th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SINGLE man as coachman and groom; thoroughly understands his business; can milk, assist in garden; first-class City reference. Address M. S., Box No. 204 *Times* Office. for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN by a Scotchman; understands his business thoroughly; has the best of City reference; has no objections to the country. Call or address J. S., No. 5 West 15th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE MAN, A situation as coachman; thoroughly understands the care and treatment of horses and carriages; has the best of City reference. Call at or address No. 333 West 24th-st.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE YOUNG MAN, A situation as coachman with a private family; the best reference; prefers the country; truly competent. Call or address for two days, No. 678 2d-av., third floor, between 36th and 37th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SINGLE man as gardener and farmer; understands the care and management of horses; is a good milker; has good reference. Address T. O., Box No. 205 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN by a single young man; thoroughly understands horses, harness and carriages; is industrious, sober, honest and reliable; first-class City reference. Address WILLIAMS, Box No. 211 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable man as coachman, groom and vegetable gardener; understands all these branches thoroughly; steady, honest and sober, as will be seen by his recommendation. Address PETER, Box 206 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG man as coachman and groom, and gardener; is willing and obliging; refers to present employer. Address Box No. 1,712 Post Office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN OF SEVENteen, a situation in any kind of business; is willing to make himself generally useful; best City reference. Address T. B., No. 4 Barclay-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN by a trustworthy young man; will be found willing and obliging; has good City references. Address A. D., Station G., City, for two days.

A RELIABLE AND TRUSTWORTHY gentleman seeks any respectable position indoors or out, except regular book-keeping; occupation desired more than salary. Address INDUSTRY, Box No. 184 *Times* Office.

AN OLD MAN, A SHIP CARPENTER, desires some light employment for his board. Address CHARLES BROWN, Post Office, Brooklyn.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A CAPABLE, ENERGETIC LUMber salesman. Address, stating qualifications, salary, &c., G. P. JAMES, Nos. 20 and 22 Worth-st., New-York.

WANTED—A PORTER IN A DRUG STORE able to read and write. Apply with recommendation, at No. 250 4th-av.

STORAGE OF FURNITURE.—FURNIture taken on storage in lofts of No. 18 4th-av. Apply on the premises to CONKLIN & BAYLEY

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

GRACE CHAPEL.—FREE CHURCH OPEN all Summer; 14th-st., opposite Academy of Music. Rev. WALTER DELAFIELD minister in charge. Services, 10:30 A. M., 3:30 and 7:45 P. M. Sunday-school 9 A. M. Children's service 3 P. M. Rev. G. JARVIS GEER, D. D., Rector of St. Timothy's Church, will preach at 7:45 P. M.

ST. ANN'S FREE CHURCH, 18TH-ST. near 5th-av.—SUNDAY, Rev. S. F. HOLMES will preach at 7½ A. M., Rev. H. H. COLE at 10½ A. M., and Rev. Dr. GALLAUDET at 3 P. M. for deaf mutes; at 4½ P. M., evening prayer with catechetical instruction; at 7½ P. M. Rev. Dr. MORGAN will preach. Thursday next, Ascension Day, services at 7½ and 10½ A. M. and 4 and 7½ P. M.

ST. THOMAS' CHURCH, REV. DR. MORGAN, Rector.—Until the completion of the new church, 5th-av., corner of 53d-st., this congregation will worship in the Church of the Resurrection, Madison-av., corner of 47th-st. Services commence 10½ A. M., and 4 P. M. The sexton will be in attendance at the Church THIS AFTERNOON, from 4 to 6 o'clock, for the purpose of renting pews.

ST. PAUL'S REFORMED DUTCH Church, 40th-st., Reservoir-square, between 5th and 6th avs.—Opening service, please God, on SUNDAY, May 2, at 10½ o'clock A. M., and 7½ o'clock P. M.; sermon in the morning by Rev. Dr. EDDY, of Brooklyn; dedication service by Rev. Chancellor FERRIS; sermon in the evening by Rev. J. B. THOMPSON, of Tarrytown.

UNITED PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Jane-st., between 8th-av. and Hudson-st.—Anniversary services will be held SUNDAY at 10½, 3½ and 7½, on the completion of one year's connection as Pastor and People. The Pastor, Rev. G. D. MATHEWS, will preach in the morning; Rev. RICHARD PARKER in the afternoon, and Rev. Dr. PAXTON, of the First Presbyterian Church, in the evening.

BISHOP WIGHTMAN, OF CHARLESTON, S. C., is to preach in the "Church of the Strangers," large chapel of the University, Washington-square, SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Mr. T. A. HOYT, Vice-President Gold Exchange, lectures at 4 P. M., on *Epistle to the Romans*. Free seats. Special attention to strangers.

GREENE-ST. M. E. CHURCH, BEtween Broome and Spring sts.—Rev. H. K. SANFORD, Pastor, will preach on SUNDAY at 10½ o'clock A. M. and 7½ o'clock P. M. Prayer meeting on WEDNESDAY EVENING, and Experience meeting on FRIDAY EVENING. Seats free. Strangers and others are invited to attend.

THE FAILURE OF THE CHRISTIAN Religion will be the subject for the SUNDAY EVENING lecture at the Antioch Baptist Church, No. 264 Bleecker-st., by the Pastor, Rev. WM. I. LOOMIS. MORNING service at the usual hour, after which the ordinance of baptism will be administered. Seats free. All are invited.

THE ST. LOUIS AND ST. JOSEPH RAILROAD COMPANY.—The coupons of the First Mortgage Bonds of this Company, due May 1, 1869, will be paid in gold, free of Government tax, at the office of the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, in the City of New-York.
L. M. LAWSON, President.

FIVE POINTS HOUSE OF INDUSTRY, No. 155 Worth-st.—Sabbath Services are held at this institution every SABBATH AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock; short addresses and singing by a choir of more than 200 children. Strangers are invited to attend. S. B. HALLIDAY, Superintendent.

FRENCH EVANGELICAL CHURCH, No. 9 University-place, between Waverley-place and 8th-st.—Divine service every SUNDAY at 10½ A. M. precisely, and 7½ P. M. Prayer meeting every THURSDAY at 7½ P. M. Rev. A. GORY, from France, Pastor.

MEMORIAL CHURCH OF BISHOP Wainwright, West 11th-st., corner of Waverley-place—Thirteenth Anniversary.—Rev. FRANCIS VINTON, D. D., LL. D., will preach (D. V.) in this Church on SUNDAY EVENING. Divine service will commence at 7¾ o'clock.

SEVENTH-ST. M. E. CHURCH, (7TH-st., near 3d-av.)—The Pastor, Rev. HORACE COOKE, will preach on SUNDAY at 10½ A. M., and in the evening at 7½ o'clock. Sermon to young men in the evening. Sabbath School at 9 A. M. and 2 P. M. The public are invited.

THIRTY-FOURTH-ST. REFORMED Church—Rev. ISAAC RILEY, Pastor.—Divine service TO-MORROW, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. The Pastor will preach in the evening the next sermon in the series of Bible Biography. Subject—*Jacob's Wrestling.*

HALL OF THE HISTORICAL SOCIETY 2d-av., corner of 11th-st., Presbyterian Church—Services on SABBATH at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Preaching in the morning by the pastor, Rev. GEORGE S. CHAMBERS; in the evening by Rev. GEORGE D. McECKRON. Sabbath School at 9 A. M. and 2½ P. M.

CHURCH OF ST. JOHN BAPTIST, (Protestant Episcopal,) Murray Hill, Lexington-av., corner of 35th-st., Rev. Dr. DUFFIE, Rector.—Sunday services after May 1, 10½ o'clock A. M., 4 o'clock P. M. Strangers and families moving into the neighborhood are invited to attend.

SUNDAY-SCHOOL WORK.—A PRELIMINARY meeting will be held in the Lecture Room of Grace Chapel, 14th-st., on Thursday evening, May 13th, at 8 o'clock, to organize an association of the Sunday-school workers of the Protestant Episcopal Church in New-York City.

ST. STEPHEN'S EPISCOPAL CHURCH—Rev. Dr. PRICE, Rector, will resume services on SUNDAY, May 2, at the Home Chapel, No. 29 East 29th-st., between Madison and 4th avs. The Rector will preach at 10½ A. M., and the Rev. W. A. McVICKAR at 7½ P. M. Seats free.

REV. W. A. McVICKAR WILL PREACH on SUNDAY at 7½ P. M., in the Home Chapel, No. 29 East 29th-st., between Madison and 4th avs. The Rector, Rev. Dr. PRICE, will preach at 10½ A. M. Seats free.

FORTY-SECOND-ST. PRESBYTErian Church, between 7th and 8th avs.—God willing, services SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M., by Rev. W. A. SCOTT, D. D. EVENING—*The Smitten Rock of Horeb before Mount Sinai.*

CHURCH OF THE REDEMPTION, Somerville Hall, corner 5th-av and 14th-st., Rev. URIAH SCOTT, Rector—Divine service every SUNDAY at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Seats free. Strangers invited. Sunday School at 9 A. M.

JOHN-ST. M. E. CHURCH.—PREACHing on SUNDAY, by the Pastor, Rev. W. P. CORBIT, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Seats free. Strangers cordially invited to attend. Sacrament after morning service. Sabbath School at 9 A. M. and 2 P. M.

TRINITY METHODIST EPISCOPAL Church, 34th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.—Preaching SUNDAY MORNING and EVENING by Rev. C. D. FOSS, the Pastor. Seats provided for visitors. Galleries free.

WESTMINSTER PRESBYTERIAN Church, corner of Clinton-st. and 1st-place, Brooklyn.—The Pastor, Rev. H. S. CARPENTER, will preach SUNDAY MORNING and AFTERNOON. Services at 10½ A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M.

MRS. NELLIE J. T. BRIGHAM WILL speak before the Spiritualists at the Everett Rooms, SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. The closing Sociable of the season will be held FRIDAY EVENING, May 7, at 8 o'clock.

CHURCH OF THE MEDIATOR, (Episcopal,) in Hlasko Hall, southeast corner of 34th-st. and 6th-av., (entrance on 34th-st.)—Service at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Rev. S. H. TYNG, Jr., will preach SUNDAY EVENING.

REV. JOHN E. COOKMAN, PASTOR of the Bedford-st. Methodist Episcopal Church, corner of Bedford and Morton sts., will preach on SUNDAY MORNING at 10½ o'clock, and in the EVENING at 7½.

AT COOPER INSTITUTE, IN THE large Hall.—Free Preaching on SUNDAY, May 2, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M., by Rev. GEO. M. METCALF, of Winchester. All persons are cordially invited to attend. Seats free.

HARLEM UNIVERSALIST MISSION will occupy their new room in the Savings Bank Building, 3d-av., corner of 124th-st., on SUNDAY AFTERNOON, May 2. Services, by Rev. J. H. CAMPBELL, at 3½ o'clock; Sunday School, 2½ o'clock.

CHURCH OF THE MESSIAH, BROOKlyn, Protestant Episcopal, corner of Greene and Clermont avs.—Rev. J. B. CAMPBELL will preach SUNDAY MORNING and EVENING. Services at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

SECOND ADVENT CHURCH, FORMERly meeting at Grand and Allen sts., have removed to No. 405 Grand-st., one door above Clinton. Preaching by Elder J. K. BELLOWS, SUNDAY, May 2, at 10½ A. M. and 3 P. M. Seats free.

REV. GEORGE E. THRALL (LATE Rector of the Church of the Messiah, Brooklyn,) will preach on SUNDAY MORNING in the Protestant Episcopal Free Church of Our Lord, corner 8th-av. and 37th-st. Service commences at 10½ o'clock.

REV. WILLIAM F. MORGAN, D. D., will preach a sermon on SUNDAY, May 2, at 7½ P. M., in St. Ann's Church, 18th-st., near 5th-av., before Delegates representing Church Societies in different Colleges.

THE GOOD TIME COMING.—BISHOP SNOW, of the Church of Mount Zion, will preach in the University, Washington-square, on SUNDAY, at 3 o'clock P. M. Seats free. Subject—*The Future of Man Upon the Earth.*

REV. A. LONGACRE, PASTOR, WILL preach in the Central M. E. Church, corner of 14th-st. and 7th-av., in the MORNING, at 10½ o'clock, and in the EVENING, at 7½ o'clock. Seating promptly attended to.

WEST 53D-ST. BAPTIST CHURCH, near 7th-av. Preaching SUNDAY next at 10½ o'clock A. M.; baptizing at the close of the morning service by the pastor, Rev. WM. H. PENDLETON, who will preach at 7½ P. M.

REV. JOSEPH H. PRICE, D. D., WILL preach on SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M., in the Home Chapel, No. 29 East 29th-st., between Madison and 4th avs. Seats free.

REV. W. T. WILSON, OF SPUYTEN Duyvil, will preach in St. Peter's Church, West 20th-st., between 8th and 9th avs., SUNDAY EVENING, 2d inst. Services commence at 7¾.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH, YORKVILLE, 84th-st., between 3d and 4th avs. Rev. WILLIAM DYMOND, Rector. Free Episcopal services. The public are cordially invited to attend.

SEVENTEENTH-ST. M. E. CHURCH, between 1st and 2d avs.—SUNDAY, 2d inst., Rev. J. S. WILLIS, Pastor, will preach morning and evening. Seats free.

THE FIRST MORAVIAN PROTESTANT Episcopal Church, Rev. A. A. REINKE, Pastor, will hold Divine service in the Church, corner of Lexington-av. and 30th-st., at 10½ A. M.

REV. W. W. PAGE, PASTOR ELECT, will preach in the Presbyterian Church, corner Thompson and Houston sts., on SUNDAY, May 2, at 10½ o'clock A. M., and 7½ P. M.

REV. O. B. FROTHINGHAM PREACHes every SUNDAY MORNING at 10½ o'clock in Trenor's Lyric Hall, on 6th-av., between 41st and 42d sts. Subject for next Sunday—*Secular Religion.*

A FREE CHURCH, AT THE CORNER OF Market and Henry sts.—Preaching by Rev. EDWARD HOPPER, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Seats all free. Seamen invited.

ADVENT CHURCH—NO. 138 WEST 24TH-st.—Preaching on the SABBATH, by Elder L. F. MOORE, and during the week, as will be noticed on Sabbath. Communion, Sabbath P. M.

ST. THOMAS' CHURCH, B. W. WILLIAMS, sexton and undertaker, No. 276 6th-av.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

CHURCH OF THE ASCENSION.—There will be a free service in this church, corner of 5th av. and 10th-st., on SUNDAY EVENING next at 7½ o'clock. All seats free.

THE ANNIVERSARY EXERCISES of the Howard Mission and Home for Little Wanderers, No. 40 New Bowery, will be held at Steinway Hall, TUESDAY EVENING, May 4; Brooklyn Academy of Music, FRIDAY EVENING, May 7; Newark, N. J., MONDAY EVENING, May 10, and Tabernacle, Jersey City, THURSDAY EVENING, May 13. Singing by the "Little Wanderers." Music by Grafulla's Band. Addresses by Rev. Mr. NORTHUP and Rev. Dr. TALMAGE and others. Tickets (complimentary) can be had at the Mission.
A. C. ARNOLD, Acting Superintendent.

THERE WILL BE AN ANNIVERSAry meeting of the Five Points House of Industry, in Steinway Hall, THURSDAY EVENING next, at 8 o'clock. Addresses will be made by Rev. HENRY WARD BEECHER and others. The children of the institution will sing, and engage in other pleasant exercises.
S. B. HALLIDAY, Superintendent.

Tickets can be had at the door and Randolph's and Sheldon's book stores.

THE NEW-ENGLAND (CONGREGAtional) Church.—Services in Rutgers Chapel, 5th-av., between 41st and 42d sts. Dr. RAY PALMER will preach on SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. In the afternoon the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be administered at 4 o'clock. Sabbath School at 2½ P. M. Seats free.

THE FIVE POINTS MISSION, SITE of the Old Brewery, No. 61 Park-st.—The original Mission at the Points. Rev. J. N. SHAFFER, Superintendent. Preaching at 10½ A. M. and at 7½ P. M. Sunday School at 9½ A. M. and 2 P. M. Short addresses by visitors. Singing by the children. The public are invited.

REV. SIDNEY A. COREY, D. D., WILL preach in the Murray Hill Baptist Chapel, Lexington-av., near 37th-st., SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M., and at 7½ P. M. In the EVENING, fourth lecture to young men. Subject—*Representative Young Men in Folly and Vice.*

SECOND ADVENT CHURCH, COOPER Institute, Room No. 24.—GEO. STORRS, editor of the *Herald of Life and Coming Kingdom*, will preach on SUNDAY at 3 P. M.; also, at 10½ A. M., preaching by Elder GORTON. All are cordially invited. Seats free.

CHURCH OF THE MESSIAH, PARK-av. and 34th-st.—West gallery free. Rev. G. H. HEPWORTH will preach SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M., and Rev. G. L. CHANEY, TUESDAY, 7½ P. M.

FREE CHURCH OF THE HOLY Light, corner of Broadway and 37th-st.—Divine service at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. The Rector will preach.

TEMPTATIONS OF CITY LIFE.—North Presbyterian Church, Rev. THOS. STREET, corner of 9th-av. and 31st-st., SUNDAY, at 7½ P. M. Subject—*Drinking.*

BOARDING AND LODGING.

NO. 16 MADISON-SQUARE, (23D-ST.)—Mrs. F. W. PUTNAM will have a suite of rooms vacated May 1, on the second floor; private table only.

WANTED—BY TWO YOUNG MEN, A handsome suite of rooms, furnished or unfurnished, with or without board: a house where there are no other boarders preferred; location between Lexington and 6th avs. and above 14th-st.; the best of reference given. Address, stating terms and particulars, K. L. A., Box No. 135 *Times* Office.

IN YORKVILLE—A PRIVATE FAMILY have a large room and bedroom, furnished, on second floor, which they would let to two or three gentlemen with board, on reasonable terms; location the pleasantest in the City; family small and quiet; references required. Inquire at 92d-st., south side, eleventh house west of 3d-av.

NO. 31 WEST 32D-ST., NEAR 5TH-AV., having changed hands, will be ready for the reception of a few select boarders by Wednesday, April 28; one suite of rooms on second floor to let; highest references. Apply at the house, or at No. 6 Lexington-av., Gramercy-square.

NO. 29 WEST 26TH-ST.—ROOMS TO let, with board, en suite or singly, with every convenience, handsomely furnished, from the 1st of May; location desirable for gentlemen; apply after 3 o'clock; references exchanged.

A HANDSOMELY FURNISHED PARlor and bedroom heretofore occupied by a member of the Union Club, to let from May 1 to a gentleman, with or without breakfast. At No. 248 4th-av., near 20th-st. Also a small upper room.

TO LET—WITH BOARD, TO GENTLEMEN, a front sitting-room and bedroom, on the second floor; also, front room on the third floor, nicely fitted up; has all the modern improvements. Apply at No. 316 East 20th-st., near 2d-av.

TO LET—A LARGE, HANDSOMELY-FURnished room, on second floor, with hall room connecting; also one pleasant room on third floor; house large and airy; location good; no moving on 1st May. Call at No. 206 East 10th-st., near 2d-av.

IN JERSEY CITY—FOUR MINUTES' walk from ferry, in a small private French family, in first-class house, two handsomely-furnished rooms, with breakfast and dinner, for single gentlemen. Address J. R. S., Jersey City Post-office.

FURNISHED SECOND FLOOR OF first-class, modern improved house No. 228 West 11th-st., to let to one or more gentlemen, or a family of adults; more room if required. Call from 10 to 6.

NO. 7 WEST 25TH-ST.—A SUITE OF handsomely-furnished parlors, bath, &c.; also one of two single rooms, overlooking Madison-square, without board.

A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE CAN BE accommodated with good board in a private American family, all the comforts of a home, upon reasonable terms, at 151 West 10th-st., near Waverley-place.

NO. 39 WEST 21ST-ST.—FURNISHED rooms, first and second floors, with breakfast if desired; no other lodgers; parties willing to pay liberally for comfortable accommodations may apply.

NO. 143 EAST 21ST-ST—OPPOSITE Gramercy Park.—Pleasant furnished rooms to let, in suites or singly, with or without first-class board; references exchanged.

A LARGE FRONT ROOM, FURNISHED, to let to two gentlemen, $8; also, a handsome suite on parlor floor, suitable for two or three gentlemen. No. 45 Bond-st.; house private and in first-class order.

VERY NICELY FURNISHED SECOND-story rooms, front and back, to let, with board; best of reference; terms moderate. Apply at No. 215 West 24th-st.

NO. 72 WEST 35TH-ST., BETWEEN 5TH and 6th avs.—Rooms to let, with board, in a first-class house. No moving 1st of May; terms moderate; references.

A SUITE OF HANDSOMELY FURNISHed rooms to let to gentlemen, without board; also a single room; references. Apply at No. 20 West 11th-st., near Broadway.

NO. 104 WEST 38TH-ST.—PARTIES DEsiring permanent board will find pleasant rooms for Summer; also, very desirable front basement for a physician.

NO. 49 NORTH MOORE, CORNER OF HUDSON-ST.—Fine airy rooms, bath and gas, furnished, for gentlemen only; board if required; reference exchanged.

BOARD.—A PARTY OF SINGLE GENTLEmen and gentleman and wife can be accommodated with board and pleasant rooms at No. 240 East 12th-st., near 2d-av.

ELEGANTLY AND NEWLY FURnished rooms to rent, replete with every comfort, and first-class attendance. Private table if desired. No. 170 5th-av., corner of 22d-st.

NO. 161 (OLD NO.) LEXINGTON-AV., near 31st-st.—Handsomely-furnished rooms to let, with or without board, in a private family.

FIFTH-AV., NO 297.—THE SECOND floor to let, with private table or without board. References required.

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED PARLOR and bedrooms to let in a private family. Also, an office suitable for a physician. Apply at 255 4th-av.

FIFTH-AV.—NO. 297.—ENTIRE SECOND floor to let, with private table, or without board. References exchanged.

SPLENDID ROOMS, EN SUITE OR single, on second and third floors, with or without board. Apply at No. 100 East 23d-st.

A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE AND three or four single gentlemen can find pleasant rooms, with board, at No. 44 West 12th-st.

SEVENTEENTH-ST.—ELEGANT ROOMS, without board, to gentlemen only. No. 104 East 17th-st., near Union-square.

PARLOR FLOOR TO LET, WITH board; references required. No. 52 Union-place, one door above 17th-st.

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED ROOMS, all modern improvements, to gentlemen only, without meals. Call at 108 West 12th-st., near 6th-av.

BROOKLYN.—PLEASANT ROOMS, WITH first-class board, No. 4 Sands-st., two minutes from the ferry.

TO LET—AT NO. 59 WEST 15TH-ST., NICELY-furnished rooms, suitable for families or single gentlemen; also, an entire parlor-floor, unfurnished.

EIGHTH-ST., NEAR BREVOORT HOUSE, first-class rooms, with board, furnished or unfurnished. Apply at No. 20 West 16th-st.

NO. 13 EAST 16TH-ST., BETWEEN Union-square and 5th-av.—A furnished parlor and bedroom to rent, without board, to one gentleman.

ROOMS TO LET ON THE SECOND floor, with or without board, at No. 117 East 17th-st.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET—NO. 5 Garden-row, corner 11th-st. and 6th-av.

FURNISHED ROOMS FOR GENTLEmen only, No. 325 West 11th-st.

COUNTRY BOARD.

A FARM-HOUSE UP THE HUDSON; has 16 miles of river view; a few families to board; rooms large; good table; plenty of fruit; access by *Baldwin* and *Cornell*, at 4 P. M., from foot of Harrison-st. Address
JOHN C. FISHER,
Marlboro, Ulster County, N. Y.

BOARD IN THE COUNTRY.—ONE OR two gentlemen can find board in a private family, on the Northern New-Jersey Railroad, one hour from this City and one mile from depot; fine lawn, shade trees, &c.; stable room for horses, if required. Address S. M. C., Box No. 144 *Times* Office.

WANTED—FROM ABOUT JUNE 15, COUNtry board for one or two families with young children, in a private house pleasantly located, within one hour's journey from the City. Address, with full particulars, J. M. S., Box No. 444 New-York Post Office.

STATEN ISLAND.—FAMILIES OR SINGLE gentlemen can be accommodated with handsomely furnished rooms and board by applying to D. R. HITCHCOCK for references and particulars.

BOARD WANTED—IN THE COUNTRY, by a party of five or six persons; must be near the City and water; terms moderate. Address H. O., Box No. 721 Post Office, New-York.

SHIPPING.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.

The splendid vessels on this favorite route to the Continent will sail from Pier No. 50 North River as follows:

PEREIRE	DUCHESNE	SATURDAY, May 1
LAFAYETTE	ROUSSEAU	SATURDAY, May 15
ST. LAURENT	LEMARIE	SATURDAY, May 29
VILLE DE PARIS	SURMONT	SATURDAY, June 12

Rates of passage payable in gold, (wine included:)
TO BREST OR HAVRE, First cabin, $140; second cabin, $85.
TO PARIS, including railway ticket, $145 and $88.
These steamers do not carry steerage passengers.
American travelers going to or returning from the Continent of Europe, by taking the steamers of this line, avoid both transit by English railways and the discomforts of crossing the Channel, besides saving time, trouble and expense.
GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent, No. 58 Broadway.

STEAMER PEREIRE, FOR BREST and Havre, will leave Pier No. 50 North River, foot of Morton-st., on SATURDAY, 1st May, at 10 o'clock. Passengers are requested to be on board at 9 o'clock.
GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS

BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

SIBERIA	WEDNESDAY	May 5
SCOTIA	WEDNESDAY	May 12
CHINA	SATURDAY	May 15
CUBA	WEDNESDAY	May 19
AUSTRALASIAN	WEDNESDAY	May 26
RUSSIA	WEDNESDAY	June 2

Passage money payable in gold.
Cabin ...$130 | Second Cabin ...$80
Cabin to Paris ...$145
No steerage passengers carried.
The owners of these ships will not be accountable for specie or valuables, unless bills of lading having the value expressed are signed therefor.
Through bills of lading given for Belfast, Glasgow, Havre, Antwerp and other ports on the Continent; and for Mediterranean ports.
For freight or passage apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green, New-York.

STEAM TO GLASGOW AND LONDONDERRY.

THE ANCHOR LINE,
Favorite Clyde-built passenger Steamers, are intended to sail as follows:

IOWA	May 1	INDIA	May 22
COLUMBIA	May 8	DORIAN	May 26
CALEDONIA	May 12	CAMBRIA	May 29
EUROPA	May 15	BRITANNIA	June 5

and each succeeding SATURDAY and alternate WEDNESDAY hereafter, from Pier No. 20 North River, at 12 o'clock, noon.

RATES OF PASSAGE PAYABLE IN CURRENCY.
Cabins, to Liverpool, Glasgow or Derry, $90 and $75.
Excursion tickets, good for 12 months, $160.
Steerage, to Glasgow or Derry, $30; intermediate, $35.
Prepaid Certificates from these ports, $37.
Passengers booked to and from Hamburg, Havre, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at very low rates.
Drafts issued payable at any bank in Great Britain and Ireland.
For further information apply on the steamers, foot of Dey-st., or at the Company's offices, No. 6 Bowling-green, New-York. HENDERSON BROTHERS.

FOR LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN.—Inman Line of mail steamers are appointed to sail as follows:

CITY OF PARIS	Saturday, May 1, 10 A. M.
CITY OF MANCHESTER, (via Halifax)	Tuesday, May 4, 12 M.
CITY OF BALTIMORE	Saturday, May 8, 1 P. M.
CITY OF LONDON	Saturday, May 15, 9 A. M.

And each succeeding SATURDAY and alternate TUESDAY, from Pier No. 45 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE
BY THE MAIL STEAMER SAILING EVERY SATURDAY.

PAYABLE IN GOLD.		PAYABLE IN CURRENCY.	
First Cabin	$100	Steerage	$35
To London	105	To London	40
To Paris	115	To Paris	47

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX.

FIRST CABIN. PAYABLE IN GOLD.		STEERAGE. PAYABLE IN CURRENCY.	
Liverpool	$80	Liverpool	$30
Halifax	20	Halifax	15
St. John's, N. F., by Branch Steamer	45	St. John's, N. F., by Branch Steamer	30

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, &c., at reduced rates.
Tickets can be bought here at moderate rates by persons wishing to send for their friends.
For further information apply at the Company's Offices.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

CUNARD LINE OF STEAMERS.

BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT QUEENSTOWN.
FROM NEW-YORK EVERY THURSDAY.

PALMYRA	May 6	MARATHON	May 20
HECLA	May 13	SAMARIA	May 27

RATES OF PASSAGE FROM NEW-YORK
Cabin ...$80 Gold.
Steerage ...$30 Currency.
Steerage tickets from Liverpool or Queenstown at lowest rates.
For freight or passage, apply at No. 4 Bowling-green.
For steerage passage, No. 111 Broadway, Trinity Building. E. CUNARD.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL.

CALLING AT QUEENSTOWN.
From Pier No. 46 North River, WEDNESDAY.

IDAHO, (new,)	3,000 tons	May 5, at 2 P. M.
MINNESOTA,	2,965 tons	May 12, at 3 P. M.
NEVADA,	3,125 tons	May 19, at 12 M.
COLORADO,	3,015 tons	May 26, at 3 P. M.
NEBRASKA,	2,965 tons	June 2, at 12 M.

CABIN PASSAGE ...(Gold) ..$80.
STEERAGE ...(Currency) ..$30.
Saloon and State Rooms all on Deck.
Steerage Passage Office, No. 29 Broadway.
For freight or cabin passage apply to
WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 71 Wall-st.

STEAM TO ANTWERP—INMAN LINE.

CITY OF LIMERICK.
CITY OF DUBLIN.
And monthly throughout the season.
RATES OF PASSAGE:

From New-York.		From Antwerp.	
Cabin	$100, Currency	Cabin	$80, Gold
Steerage	35, Currency	Steerage	35, Gold

For further information apply to
JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, N. Y.

NATIONAL LINE.

From Pier No. 47 North River.
LOUISIANA, THOMAS, SATURDAY, May 1, at 9 A. M.
DENMARK, CATO, WEDNESDAY May 5, at 12 M.
Passage to Liverpool or Queenstown: Cabin, $100 and $75; Steerage, $30, currency.
Steerage tickets from Liverpool or Queenstown, $37. currency.
Apply at the Company's office, No. 69 Broadway.
F. W. J. HURST, Manager.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S

THROUGH LINE TO

CALIFORNIA AND CHINA.

Through rates, New-York to San Francisco:

First Cabin. Outside.	Inside.	Second Cabin.	Steerage.
$275	$225	$150	$75

CHANGE OF SAILING DAYS.
Steamers of the above line leave Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st., at 12 o'clock noon, ON 1ST, 11TH AND 21ST, EACH MONTH, except when those days fall on Sunday, then the day previous.
One hundred pounds baggage free to each adult. Medicine and attendance free.
MAY 1.—ARIZONA, Capt. MAURY, connecting with GOLDEN CITY, Capt. LAPIDGE.
Steamer leaving May 11 connects closely with steamer CHINA, leaving San Francisco June 4 for China and Japan.
NOTICE TO SHIPPERS—Freight for steamer ARIZONA received until 4 P. M. on FRIDAY, April 30. All usual facilities afforded shippers in collecting inland charges, &c.
For freight or passage tickets and all further information, apply at the Company's ticket office on the wharf, foot of Canal-st. F. R. BABY, Agent.

FOR ST. THOMAS AND BRAZIL.

UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL MAIL STEAM SHIP COMPANY.
REGULAR MAIL STEAMERS sailing on the 23d of every month:
SOUTH AMERICA, Capt. E. L. TINKLEPAUGH, May 23
MISSISSIPPI, Capt. GEO. B. SLOCUM, June 23.
MERRIMACK, Capt. W. WIER, July 23.
These splendid steamers sail on schedule time, and call at St. Thomas, Para, Pernambuco, Bahia and Rio de Janeiro, going and returning. For engagements of freight or passage, apply to
WM. R. GARRISON, Agent,
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ATLANTIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
Sailing regularly every THURSDAY, at 3 o'clock P. M. precisely, from Pier No. 4 North River.

COLUMBIA, Capt. E. VAN SICE	May 6
EAGLE, Capt. M. R. GREENE	May 13
MORRO CASTLE, Capt. R. ADAMS, (via Nassau,)	May 20

For freight or passage apply to
S. G. WHEELER, Jr., President,
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New-York and Mexican Mail Steamship Line, from Pier No. 17 East River, at 12 M.
The splendid new steamers

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CLEOPATRA, Capt. PHILLIPS	May 29

For freight or passage apply to
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FOR NASSAU, N. P.,

CARRYING THE ROYAL MAILS,
ATLANTIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S steamer MORRO CASTLE, Captain R. ADAMS, THURSDAY, May 20, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 4 North River. For freight or passage, apply to S. G. WHEELER, Jr., President, No. 5 Bowling-green.

FOR MOBILE.

VIA FERNANDINA ROUTE.
The Florida Railroad Company will dispatch the steamer
ALABAMA, Captain LIMEBURNER,
On SATURDAY, May 8, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 29 North River, foot of Warren-st. Cargo delivered without lighterage at Mobile. Is now receiving. Insurance guaranteed at one and a half per cent. to Mobile. Through rates and bills of lading given to Selma, Montgomery, and all points in the interior at lower rates than any other line.
Has splendid cabin accommodations for passengers going to Florida or the Gulf ports.
For freight or passage, apply to
J. F. PATTERSON, Agent.
No. 177 West-st.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS,

CALLING AT HAVANA,
Carrying the United States Mails.
The well-known side-wheel steamship
BIENVILLE,
J. B. BAKER, Commander,
is now receiving freight, and will leave Pier No. 36 North River on
SATURDAY, May 1, at 3 o'clock P. M.
Through rates and through bills of lading given to Galveston, Indianola, Lavacca and Rock Port, Texas; Mobile, Ala., and to all points on the Mississippi River.
No Havana freight received on day of sailing.
For freight or passage apply to
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., No. 88 Liberty-st.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

THE CROMWELL LINE.
Steamships of this Line will leave Pier No. 9 North River, at 3 o'clock P. M., as follows:

CORTES	NELSON. Saturday, May 1
MARIPOSA	KEMBLE. Saturday, May 8.

Freight taken for St. Louis, Mobile and Galveston at through rates. For passage, first and second class, or freight, apply to
H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West-st.

SHIPPING.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.,

AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST.
GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE STEAMSHIPS, AND CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA.
Three times a week,
TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS.
The steamships,
HUNTSVILLE, Capt. CROWELL, SATURDAY, May 1, from Pier No. 13 North River, at 3 P. M.
R. LOWDEN, Agent, No. 93 West-st.
SAN JACINTO, Capt. ATKINS, SATURDAY, May 1, from Pier No. 8 North River, at 3 P. M.
WM. R. GARRISON, Agent,
No. 5 Bowling-green.
VIRGO, Capt. BULKLEY, TUESDAY, May 4, from Pier No. 16 East River at 3 P. M.
MURRAY, FERRIS & CO., Agents,
Nos. 61 and 62 South-st.
GENERAL BARNES, Capt. MORTON, THURSDAY, May 6, from Pier No. 36 North River, at 3 P. M.
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., Agents,
No. 88 Liberty-st.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C., THE FLORIDA PORTS, THE SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST.—REGULAR LINE.—The fast and popular steamship SARAGOSSA, C. RYDER, Commander, will sail WEDNESDAY, May 5, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 8 North River. Through bills of lading to all points South and Southwest. Agents in Charleston (RAVENEL & CO.) forward all goods free of commission.
The steamship MAGNOLIA will sail May 12.
ARTHUR LEARY, Agent, No. 73 William-st.

NAVY DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON, April 27, 1869.

THE NAVY DEPARTMENT WILL offer for sale the iron prize steamer MEMPHIS as she now lies at the U. S. Navy-yard, New-York, on the 8th day of May next, at 12 o'clock M.
The vessel and her inventory can be examined at any time on application to the commandant of that yard.
The whole amount of the purchase money must be paid at the time of the adjudication, and the vessel must be removed from the Navy-yard within ten days from the day of sale.
A. E. BORIE,
Secretary of the Navy.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—Official passports of the Department of State issued by A. C. WILLMARTH, United States District Clerk's Office, No. 41 Chambers-st.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—United States passports, indispensable to travelers, issued by J. B. NONES, Passport Agent, 262 Broadway

STEAMBOATS.

NARRAGANSETT STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR BOSTON, VIA NEWPORT AND FALL RIVER.
CONSOLIDATION OF THE BRISTOL AND FALL RIVER LINES.
THE LARGEST AND MOST MAGNIFICENT STEAMERS IN THE WORLD.

BRISTOL, Captain BRAYTON.	PROVIDENCE, Captain SIMMONS.
MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and FRIDAYS.	TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS.

Will leave Pier No. 28, North River, foot of Murray-st., DAILY, at 5 P. M.
A NEW AND CONVENIENT FEATURE OF THIS LINE IS, RUNNING A BOAT ON SUNDAY AT SAME HOUR.
By this route passengers can take train from Newport at 4 A. M., and arrive in Boston at 6 A. M., in time to connect with all northern and eastern trains; or rest undisturbed, breakfast on board and take 7:45 A. M. train and arrive in Boston at early business hours. JAMES FISK, Jr., Managing Director.
M. R. SIMONS,
CHAS. H. VAILE, General Superintendent.
General Passenger Agent, Pier 28 North River.

STONINGTON LINE.

TO BOSTON AND PROVIDENCE.
GREAT INSIDE ROUTE—SHORTEST AND MOST DIRECT.
Fare always as low as by any other line.
The new and elegant Side-wheel steamers
STONINGTON and NARRAGANSETT.
Capt. WM. M. JONES. Capt. GEO. B. HULL.
From Pier No. 33, foot of Jay-st., North River, at 5 P. M.,
Arriving ahead of all other lines.
Tickets sold and state-rooms secured at the principal hotels, at No. 2 Astor House, and at Dodd's Express office, No. 944 Broadway. D. S. BABCOCK,
President Stonington Steamboat Company.

PEOPLE'S LINE FOR ALBANY.

THE LARGEST AND MOST MAGNIFICENT RIVER STEAMERS IN THE WORLD,
THE ST. JOHN, DREW AND DEAN RICHMOND.
One of the above steamers will leave Pier No. 41 North River EVERY AFTERNOON (Sunday's excepted) at 6 o'clock, arriving at Albany in time to connect with railroad trains West and North. Returning, leave the Albany Steamboat Landing at 7 o'clock P. M., or on the arrival of connecting trains from the West and North. Through tickets can be obtained at the office on the wharf, and baggage checked to its destination. Freight received until the hour of departure.

STEAMBOATING ON HARLEM RIVER.

The Harlem and Spuyten Duyvil Navigation Company will, as usual, commence running the TIGER LILY on SATURDAY, May 1, from their new wharf, Harlem, southeast side of the iron bridge at the end of 3d-av., making this year an additional landing at Carmansville.
D. D. INSLEE,
Assistant Superintendent.

THE STEAMER SEA BIRD WILL leave New-York, foot of Warren-st., for Shrewsbury and Long Branch,
AS FOLLOWS:

LEAVE NEW-YORK.	LEAVE RED BANK.
Saturday, May 1, 11 A. M.	Monday, May 3, 10 A. M.
Tuesday, May 4, 10 A. M.	Tuesday, May 4, 2 P. M.
Wed'sday, May 5, 11 A. M.	Wed'sday, May 5, 3 P. M.
Thursday, May 6, 3 P. M.	Friday, May 7, 1:30 P. M.
Saturday, May 8, 3:30 P. M.	Monday, May 10, 7 A. M.

FOR EXCURSION AND PICNIC PARTIES—The large first-class steamboat SLEEPY HOLLOW, unsurpassed for speed and comfort. Also, Dudley's Grove, Myers' Grove, Alderney Park and Raritan Beach Grove, barges WALTER SANDS, WILLIAM MYERS, WILLIAM J. HASKETT and MERCHANT, with steamboats of all kinds. For choice of days apply early at the office of J. & E. MYERS, on board of barge IRENE, foot of Morton-st.

MORNING LINE TO PEEKSKILL.—The steamboat ANTELOPE leaves every morning, without exception, from the foot of Harrison-st., at 8 o'clock, landing at 34th-st., 8¼, Yonkers, Hastings, Dobbs Ferry, (Tarrytown and Nyack by ferry,) Sing Sing, Haverstraw, Grassy Point and Verplancks. N. B.—The steamer NORWALK will occupy the route for a few days.

NEW-YORK, April 28, 1869.

STEAMER ARMENIA WILL COMmence running in place of steamer MARY POWELL, SATURDAY, May 1, 1869, for Cozzens', West Point, Cornwall, Newburg, Milton, Poughkeepsie and Rondout, leaving pier foot of Desbrosses-st. every afternoon at 3:30. The POWELL will occupy the route as soon as refitted.

FOR GLEN COVE AND ROSLYN—LANDing at White Stone, Baylis' Dock, (Ft. Schuyler,) Gt. Neck, Sands' Pt., Mott's Dock and Glenwood.—Str. Seawanhaka leaves Peck-slip every afternoon (Sundays excepted) at 4. Commutation tickets $30 for 3 months. Packages of tickets and transient fares greatly reduc'd. A morning boat from N. Y. will be put on early in June.

STEAMER D. R. MARTIN, FOR Huntington, Cold Spring, Oyster Bay and Bayville, daily at 4:15 P. M. from Pier No. 14 East River, first below Wall-st., touching at 37th-st. at 4:30. Fare to 37th-st. 10c., to all other landings 50c. Barney & Searing's Huntington and Oyster Bay Express on board.

D. D. & T. SMITH'S STEAMBOAT Line for Yonkers, Tarrytown, Nyack, Haverstraw, Peekskill and intermediate landings, daily, at 3:30, 4 and 4:30 P. M., from Harrison-st., Pier No. 34 North River. Office on Pier. E. LANE, Agent.

FOR BRIDGEPORT, AND POINTS on Housatonic and Naugatuck Railroads, &c.—Fare $1. Steamers leave Catharine-slip at 12 noon and 3:30 P. M.; leave 34th-st., East River, at 3:40 P. M.

FOR NORWALK AND DANBURY.—The steamer NELLY WHITE leaves daily foot of Market-st., at 2:45, and 34th-st. at 3 P. M.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD, &C.—Fare $1. Steamers leave Peck-slip for New-Haven at 3:15 and 11 P. M., connecting with railroad.

YONKERS FERRY WILL LEAVE from Franklin-st., Pier No. 35, on MAY 1, at 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

FOREIGN HOTELS.

TO AMERICAN TRAVELERS

IN SWITZERLAND.
GRAND HOTEL BEAURIVAGE, GENEVA.
This splendid new first-class establishment, facing the beautiful Lake and MONT BLANC, is the only hotel in Geneva with TERRACE, GARDEN AND VERY HANDSOME SITTING-ROOMS.
Rendezvous of the American families.

SUMMER RESORTS.

COZZENS' WEST POINT HOTEL.

Terms for the month of June, $3 50 per day, or $21 per week.
SYLVANUS T. COZZENS.

THE CLARENDON HOTEL,

Saratoga Springs, N. Y.,
Will be open for the reception of guests JUNE 1, 1869. Board $4 50 per day.
Parties wishing to engage Rooms please address
DELAVAN HOUSE, Albany N. Y., or
CLARENDON HOTEL, Saratoga Springs, N. Y.
CHARLES E. LELAND, Proprietor.

WASHINGTON ROCK HOTEL, Plainfield, N. J., opens May 1. The above favorite Summer resort is situated on the blue range mountains, and possesses all the advantages of more inland places in the temperature and purity of its atmosphere, delightful shade, drives, view, &c.; one hour and a quarter by rail. Address JOHN WOOD, Dunellen Station, New-Jersey.

THE BALDWIN HOUSE, LAKE Mahopac, R. D. Baldwin & Co., proprietors, will open for the reception of guests May 1. Mr. R. D. Baldwin will be at the office of O'Brien Brothers, No. 33 Wall-st., every Thursday from 10 A. M. to 2 P. M.

NEPTUNE HOUSE, NEW-ROCHELLE, will open about June 1. Application can be made of W. L. FISH, Clifford House, No. 1,242 Broadway.
W. J. FISH & SON.

GLENWOOD HOUSE, DELAWARE Water Gap, is now open for the reception of visitors, either transiently or for the Summer. Apply to SAMUEL ALSOP, Proprietor.

REWARDS.

REWARD.—$1,000 REWARD WILL BE PAID for the recovery of two cases of silk goods, containing white satins 16 inches wide, and colored silk 18½ inches wide, stolen from cart No. 55, on the 2d inst.; or a proportional amount for the recovery of part of them. Apply to HENRY BARBEY & CO., No. 64 Leonard-st.

AMUSEMENTS.

WALLACK'S.

Proprietor and Manager.........Mr. Lester Wallack
Doors open at 7¼. Commences at 8.
LAST NIGHT
AND
THIS DAY (SATURDAY) MATINEE
OF
SCHOOL.
ON MONDAY EVENING NEXT, MAY 3, will be produced for the first time, the exquisitively beautiful comedy of

CASTE,

by T. W. Robertson, Esq. The play will be produced with NEW AND APPROPRIATE SCENERY, COSTUMES, APPOINTMENTS, and a distribution of characters including the principal members of this company.
Box book open six days in advance.

WALLACK'S.

POSITIVELY THE LAST
MATINEE MATINEE
of
SCHOOL.
THIS DAY, SATURDAY, MAY 1.
Doors open at 1¾; commence at 2.
SECURE YOUR SEATS.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE—SATURDAY.

(Corner 23d-st. and 8th-av.)
TWO GRAND PERFORMANCES THIS DAY.
AFTERNOON | Shakespeare's | AND NIGHT
AFTERNOON | | AND NIGHT
AFTERNOON | "THE TEMPEST." | AND NIGHT
THE GREAT SHIP SCENE.
A splendid illusion, in which the awful terrors of a storm at sea and the foundering of a ship are depicted with a power and fidelity never equaled upon the American stage.
MR. E. L. DAVENPORT....as..........PROSPERO
FRANK MAYO..................as..........FERDINAND
THE GRAND MORLACCHI BALLET TROUPE.
LAST "TEMPEST" MATINEE BUT ONE,
LAST "TEMPEST" MATINEE BUT ONE,
LAST "TEMPEST" MATINEE BUT ONE.
MATINEE PRICES—Admission 50 cents; children, 30 cents; reserved seats, $1; family circle, 25 cents.

STEINWAY HALL—MESSE SOLENNELLE.

First and only Sunday performance
AT STEINWAY HALL,
TO-MORROW (SUNDAY) EVENING, May 2, 1869,
OF G. ROSSINI'S IMMORTAL MASS,
With Miss CLARA LOUISE KELLOGG, Mme. TESTA, Signors BOETTI and ANTONUCCI.
Admission, $1; reserved seats 50c. extra.
Sale of seats will commence this morning, at the box office of the Hall at 9 A. M. Also at G. Schirmer's, No. 701, and Macoy's, No. 114 Broadway.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY—KELLOGG.

First performance in Brooklyn of Rossini's
MESSE SOLENNELLE,
THURSDAY, May 6, 1869.
Seats at the Academy, Brooklyn, and No. 114 Broadway, New-York.

THE TAMMANY.

MATINEE TO-DAY AT 2.

THE GREAT SUCCESS OF THE AGE.
The Pantomime Burlesque of
ROBINSON CRUSOE AND HIS MAN FRIDAY.
THE THOUSANDS that have witnessed the performance of this great success, all testify as to its BEAUTIFUL SCENERY, GORGEOUS DRESSES, and WONDERFUL MECHANICAL EFFECTS. The MARVELOUS and DARING act of the RIZARELI BROTHERS has excited UNIVERSAL ADMIRATION. The STUPENDOUS PERFORMANCE of Mlle. ZULEILA and Mons. VENTINI, on THE DOUBLE TRAPEZE is universally acknowledged to be a wonder of ARTISTIC SKILL and ELEGANCE. Admission 50 cents; reserved seats 25 and 50 cents extra. FIRST ROBINSON CRUSOE MATINEE TO-DAY AT 2.

THE TAMMANY MATINEE TO-DAY at 2.
ROBINSON CRUSOE,
THE RIZARELI BROTHERS,
ZULEILA AND VENTINI.
Come early to secure seats. Admission 50 cents.

ROBINSON CRUSOE AT THE TAM-MANY MATINEE TO-DAY at 2. All the animals—the CAT, the MONKEY, the GOAT, the PARROT and the ELEPHANT. MAFFITT as FRIDAY. Admission 50 cents.

WOOD'S MUSEUM—NOTICE.—THE DRAmatic department closed until
MONDAY EVENING, May 3,
for the proper production of the original version of ROBINSON CRUSOE, when it will positively be presented. Box sheet now open daily for the securing of seats six days in advance. The Museum department open as usual, and may be seen at all hours. Commodore Foote, Miss Nestelle, Colonel Small and General Grant, Jr., the smallest people in the universe. The wonderful Automaton Leotard, Automaton Trumpeter, Automaton Goat and Kid, Dying Zouave, Sleeping Beauty, Marie Antoinette in Prison, Happy Family, Aquaria, and 1,000,000 curiosities.

NEW-YORK CIRCUS—14TH-ST.

EVERY NIGHT,
Commencing MONDAY, April 26,
RISLEY'S ORIGINAL
RISLEY'S ORIGINAL
RISLEY'S ORIGINAL
JAPS.
JAPS.
JAPS.
LITTLE ALL RIGHT
LITTLE ALL RIGHT
LITTLE ALL RIGHT
AND THE WHOLE OF THE
GREAT YEDDO TROUPE.
GREAT YEDDO TROUPE.
MATINEES,
MATINEES,
WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.

MEXICAN EXHIBITION PARLOR,

NO. 765 BROADWAY.
"Christian Martyr and Child," with the $50,000 Imperial portraits and other wonderful curiosities.
A lecture EVERY EVENING, (no extra charge,) by "Chapultepec," (Ford C. Barksdale.) Subject for this evening—*The City of Mexico.* Admission 50 cents. Open day and evening.

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN,

Corner 23d-st. and 4th-av.,
NOW OPEN DAY AND EVENING.
THE 44TH ANNUAL EXHIBITION.

RAILROADS.

OVERLAND TO CALIFORNIA.

GREAT REDUCTION IN TIME.
ONLY ONE DAY'S STAGING BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND SAN FRANCISCO.
SEVEN DAYS TRAVEL FROM THE MISSOURI RIVER TO THE PACIFIC OCEAN.
For through tickets and full particulars apply to
WELLS FARGO & CO.,
No. 84 Broadway.

NEW-YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD.

CHANGE OF TIME.
MONDAY, April 26, 1869, Express trains will leave 26th-st. and 4th-av. at 7 A. M. and 4 P. M., for Albany, Troy, Pittsfield, &c., and Chatham Mail train will leave at 10 A. M., and Pawling train at 4:15 P. M.
I. C. BUCKHOUT, Supt., &c.
NEW-YORK, April 22, 1869.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD.

Leave James-slip 8:30 A. M., Mail train for Greenport; 10 A. M., Northport, Huntington and Glen Cove; 3 P. M., Express, River Head; 4 P. M., Northport, Huntington and Glen Cove; 5:30 P. M., Farmingdale and way stations. All trains connect with branch to Hempstead. Sunday train at 9 A. M. from Hunter's Point for Northport, Huntington and Glen Cove.
I. D. BARTON, Superintendent.

ERIE RAILWAY.—TRAINS LEAVE DEpot foot of Chambers-st., Pavonia Ferry, as follows, viz:
8 A. M. Day Express for Rochester, Buffalo, Dunkirk, Cleveland, Cincinnati, and all points West and South.
8:30 A. M. Way Train, daily, for Greycourt and intermediate stations.
10 A. M. Express Mail, for Buffalo, Dunkirk, Cleveland, Cincinnati and all points West and South.
11:30 A. M. Way Train, daily, for Port Jervis and intermediate stations.
3:30 P. M. Way Train, for Middletown and intermediate stations.
4:30 P. M. Way Express, stopping only at Sterling Junction, Turner's, and stations west of Turner's, (except Oxford,) to Newburg, Warwick, Montgomery, Unionville and Port Jervis.
5 P. M. Way Train for Suffern and intermediate stations.
5:30 P. M. Night Express, for Rochester, Buffalo, Dunkirk, Cleveland, Cincinnati, and all points West and South.
6 P. M. Way Train for Suffern and intermediate stations.
6:30 P. M. Night Express, daily, for all points West and South. By this train sleeping coaches will run through to Buffalo, Rochester, Cleveland and Cincinnati, without change.
8 P. M. Emigrant Train, daily, for the West.
10:45 P. M. Way Train, daily, for Suffern and intermediate stations.
Also Way Trains for Paterson and intermediate stations at 6:45 and 9:15 A. M., 12 M., and 1:45, 4, 6:45 and 11:30 P. M.
For Hackensack, at 9 A. M., 12 M. and 4, 5, 6 and 6:45 P. M.

SUNDAY TRAINS.—8:30 A. M. Way Train for Greycourt; 11:30 A. M. for Port Jervis; 1:45 P. M. for Paterson; 6:30 P. M. Night Express, for Rochester, Buffalo, Dunkirk, Cleveland, Cincinnati, and all points West and South; 8 P. M. Emigrant and Way Train; 10:45 P. M., for Suffern.
Express Trains, accompanied by new and improved Day and Night Coaches, run through to Buffalo, Rochester, Dunkirk, Cleveland and Cincinnati without change, and in direct connection with all Southern and Western lines.
Tickets can be obtained, and orders for the checking and transfer of baggage may be left at the Company's offices, Nos. 241, 957 (corner 23d-st.) and 233 and Broadway, depot foot of Chambers-st., New-York; also at Long Dock Depot, Jersey City.
WM. R. BARR, H. RIDDLE,
Gen'l Pass. Agent. Gen'l Sup't.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—Trains for Albany and Troy, connecting with Northern and Western trains, leave New-York as follows: Cincinnati and Chicago Express, 8 A. M.; Chicago Express, 10:45 A. M.; Montreal Express, 4 P. M.; Pacific Express, 6:30 P. M.; Night Express, 11 P. M. Elegant drawing-room cars attached to all day trains, and sleeping cars to all night trains. The 6:30 P. M. train runs on Sundays.
APRIL 26, 1869. WM. H. VANDERBILT, V. Prest.

SOUTHSIDE RAILROAD OF LONG ISLAND.—Leave Roosevelt-st. Ferry, New-York, 8:30 A. M.; mail train, 3:15 P. M.; express for Sayville, Patchogue, &c., 4:15 P. M.; accommodation for Islip and 5:30 P. M. for Jamaica. Leave Islip, 6:30 A. M., accommodation, and Sayville, 7:30 A. M., express, and 12:50 mail. Leave Jamaica, 7:30, 8:35, 9:30 A. M. and 3:09 P. M.
R. WHITE, Superintendent.

NORTHERN RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY.—Trains will leave New-York by the Pavonia Ferry, foot of Chambers-st., as follows: At 9 A. M., 1, 4:15, 5:15 and 6:30 P. M. and Saturdays, only 12, midnight. The 1 and 4:15 P. M. run through to Monsey. NOV. 2, 1868. THOS. W. DEMAREST, Supt.

AMUSEMENTS.

SERIES OF

Grand Concerts

FOR 1869 BY
DODWORTH'S
BRASS, STRING AND REED
BANDS
Will be given EVERY EVENING on board the world-renowned steamers
BRISTOL and PROVIDENCE,
leaving Pier No. 28 North River, foot of Murray-st., DAILY AT 5 P. M.
FOR BOSTON,
VIA NEWPORT AND FALL RIVER.
The Brass Band will play a selection of the most popular music for one hour before leaving the dock, and on their passage from the stream to the Sound.
IN THE EVENING,
A
PROMENADE CONCERT
by the
REED AND STRING BANDS,
with the following
PROGRAMME:
STEAMER BRISTOL,
MONDAY MAY 3, 1869.

1. GRAND MARCH, "OURS".......L. WALLACK
2. LES LANCIERS, "ROSEDALE".....STRAUSS
3. VALSE, "LA PERICHOLE".....OFFENBACH
4. GALOP, "BRISTOL"..................DODWORTH
5. FANTASIE, "SWEET SPIRITS, HEAR MY PRAYER."
CORNET OBLIGATO.
6. POLKA, "GENEVIEVE DE BRABANT"....................OFFENBACH
7. QUADRILLE, "AFTER DARK"....WIEGAND
8. GRAND FINALE, (NATIONAL AIRS.)

PROGRAMME:
STEAMER PROVIDENCE,
TUESDAY, May 4.

1. MARCH, "PROVIDENCE"........DODWORTH.
2. SONG, "SLEEP WELL"..........................ABT.
3. GALOP, "BELLE HELENE"....OFFENBACH.
4. WALTZ, "HYDROPATH"..................GUNGL.
5. ARIA, "SOLDIER'S FAREWELL"...
NEINGARTEN.
6. SELECTION FROM "LA GRANDE DUCHESSE"......................OFFENBACH.
7. "BILSE" POLKA
CORNET OBLIGATO........PARLOW.
8. "COLUMBANUS" GALOP...............PARLOW.

The management being determined that nothing in the mode of transportation of first-class passengers shall surpass THIS LINE, on a scale of grandeur and magnificence, adds this most expensive attraction and novelty, the engagement of the FIRST ORCHESTRA of the country—the Dodworths—which will be attached to each steamer on its passage.
JAMES FISK, Jr.,
Managing Director.
CHAS. H. VAILE, General Passenger Agent.
M. R. SIMONS, General Superintendent.

GRAND BILLIARD TOURNAMENT.

IRVING HALL,
SATURDAY, MAY 1.
AFTERNOON, AT 2 O'CLOCK.
JOHN DEERY vs. EDWARD DANIELS.
EVENING, AT 8 O'CLOCK.
A. P. RUDOLPHE vs. PETER SNYDER.
Admission...50 cents
Season tickets...$5
SEATS RESERVED FOR LADIES.

PLYMOUTH ORGAN CONCERTS, NO. 14.

PLYMOUTH CHURCH, BROOKLYN.
The Grand Organ will be played every SATURDAY, from 4 to 5 P. M. Doors open at 3:30. Mr. SAMUEL P. WARREN, Organist of Grace Church, New-York, will play this afternoon.
Admission 15 cents. Ten tickets $1.

NEW-YORK CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC.

No. 82 5th-av., corner 14th-st., and
NO. 820 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.
Nos. 128, 130 and 132 Court-st. near State, Brooklyn.
INSTRUCTION DAILY from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M. in all branches of Vocal and Instrumental Music and the Modern Languages, by eminent professors.
TERMS: REGULAR CLASSES, $10 per quarter.
PRIVATE INSTRUCTION, $25 per quarter.

JUST PUBLISHED,

BY WILLIAM HALL & SON,
No. 543 Broadway.
From ROSSINI'S "MASS SOLENNELLE."
Quo Tollis duet, Soprano and Contralto, price $1; Quonium, price 80c.; Crucifixus, price 40c.; O Salutaris, price 50c.

MUSICAL.

PIANOS, MELODEONS AND ORgans.—Prices Greatly Reduced for Cash.—New seven-octave pianos of first-class makers for $275 and upward. New cabinet organs and melodeons for $50 and upward. Second-hand instruments at great bargains; prices from $40 to $175. Any of the above to let, and rent applied if purchased. Monthly installments received for the same. Warerooms No. 481 Broadway. HORACE WATERS.

THE MASON AND HAMLIN ORGAN COMPANY, winners of the Paris Exposition Medal, whose Cabinet Organs are the ACKNOWLEDGED STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE, have recently reduced prices, and now offer their well-known organs at prices of inferior instruments—$50 to $1,000 each. Organs to rent. Warerooms No. 596 Broadway, New-York.

BLUME'S X MUSIC BOOK—OVER 70 pieces popular music for violin, flute, fife, accordion, &c.; price, 75 cents, mailed post-paid. FREDERICK BLUME, No. 1,125 Broadway, second door above 25th-st.

AT BLUME'S—ELEGANT ROSEWOOD "Knabe" Pianos, with Agraffe attachments and all latest improvements. Second-hand Pianos, $100, $150, $200. FREDERICK BLUME, No. 1,125 Broadway, second door above 25th-st.

IF YOU WANT A GOOD PIANO, CHEAP, call at L. P. CUMMINGS' wareroom, 8 Union-sq. Sold on installments or rented, any way to suit customers. Only look at them before you decide elsewhere.

PIANOS.—SECOND-HAND PIANOS OF VArious makers for sale at low prices by CHICKERING & SONS, No. 11 East 14th-st.

CLOTHING.

GENTLEMEN HAVING CAST-OFF clothing to dispose of can get a fair price by calling on or addressing JAMES KIRKPATRICK, No. 466 Pearl-st., near Chatham.

MEDICAL.

NEW-YORK, Oct. 17, 1838.

DR. HUNTER—DEAR SIR: AT THE request of a friend, who has lately been liberated from the fangs of affliction, by the aid of your inestimable RED DROP, I address you. He tenders his sincere thanks and gratitude for the blessings he has received at your hands, having been radically cured, by magic, as it were, (using only part of a phial,) of a dangerous disease, to which he had rashly exposed himself in an unguarded hour. But having received both a cure and a lesson, he is, indeed, truly grateful for the one, and hopes to receive a salutary benefit from the other. I myself who witnessed its effect can testify to its merits, and, as a Christian philanthropist, most sincerely wish that the public may be made acquainted with its utility.

O pour thy balm, upon a wounded world
And let the banner of disease be furled;
Life's embers reillume—while yet one spark's alive
And bid the kindling glow of health revive;
Extend thy arm—the sufferer's pang appease
While groaning 'neath the demon of disease—
And grateful hearts shall all thy care repay,
When stern Affliction's chains are burst away
Defenceless youth!—if Passion's firm control
Has placed thee where dark waves of anguish roll,
Where sorrow reigns, and storms of Suffering fall,
Where Mercy's ear ne'er heeds thy piteous call—
Then flee to him who kindly holds for thee,
Those precious Drops that soothe and set thee free
And when thy just afflictions once are o'er,
Go, rescued "child of wrath, and sin no more."

Yours, respectfully,
E. G. PAGE.

DR. HUNTER CAN CURE WORST cases of venereal diseases, without mercury, in shorter time than any other physician, or no pay taken.

NEW-YORK, March 3, 1869.

RETURNING OF THANKS.—I HEREwith declare my hearty thanks to Dr. HUNTER, No. 3 Division-st., and recommend him to everybody suffering from venereal diseases as the best physician in New-York City. I spent all I had saved and earned for three years paying doctors' bills, and Dr. HUNTER has cured me and restored my health, entirely.
CARL DOSHER.
Any one that doubts the truth of this statement can see this man by giving two days' notice.
On and after the 3d of May, Dr. HUNTER will be located at No. 56 Bond-st., one door from Bowery.

A PHYSIOLOGICAL VIEW OF MARriage—Containing nearly 300 pages and 150 fine plates and engravings of the anatomy of the sexual organs, in a state of health and disease, with a treatise on self-abuse, its deplorable consequences upon the mind and body, with the author's plan of treatment—the only rational and successful mode of cure, as shown by the report of cases treated. A truthful adviser of the married and those contemplating marriage, who entertain doubts of their physical condition. Sent, free of postage, to any address on receipt of 25 cents, in specie or postage stamps. Address Dr. LA CROIX, No. 31 Maiden-lane, Albany, N. Y.

IRRITABLE BLADDER CAUSED by piles; stricture—its instant curability; frequent identity of symptoms of the two diseases; a lecture to his surgical class, by EDWARD H. DIXON, M. D., editor of the *Scalpel.* See No. 46. Inclose 50 cents to Box No. 3,121. Office hours from 8 to 9, 1 to 3, and 7 to 9 evenings, at No. 42 5th-av.

RADICAL CURE, WITHOUT KNIFE, caustic or detention from business, for stricture, fistula, piles, diseases of the genito-urinary organs, diseases and deformities of the eye, nose, face and person. HENRY A. DANIELS, M. D., No. 144 Lexington-av.

AFFLICTED PERSONS OF BOTH SEXES desiring confidential treatment and a certain cure, consult Dr. Evans, 116 Chatham-st. Consultation free.

$1,000 FOR ANY PRIVATE DISEASE DR. EVANS' remedies fail of curing. His Elixir restores lost manhood. No. 116 Chatham-st.

UNFORTUNATES OF EITHER SEX guaranteed a sure cure, whatever the matter is, by Dr. EVANS, No. 116 Chatham-st., New-York.

AMUSEMENTS.

5TH-AV. THEATRE—24TH-ST.

J. FISK, Jr., Proprietor. | A. BIRGFELD, Manager.
THE FRENCH OPERA.
CONTINUED SUCCESS.
CHANGE OF OPERA EVERY EVENING THIS WEEK.
TOSTEE, IRMA, AUJAC.
GRAND DOUBLE OPERA TROUPE.

MATINEE TO-DAY, AT 2 O'CLOCK.
BARBE-BLEUE.
Doors open at 1.
IRMA as BOULOTTE.
AUJAC as BARBE-BLEUE.
Admission to the Matinee $1.
No extra charge for reserving seats.

TO-NIGHT AT 8, AT THE
ACADEMY OF MUSIC, 14TH-ST.,
BENEFIT OF MLLE. LUCILLE TOSTEE.
TOSTEE, IRMA AND AUJAC.
MONDAY EVENING, MAY 3,
LA PERICHOLE.
TUESDAY EVENING, MAY 4
LA GRANDE DUCHESSE.
WEDNESDAY,
BARBE-BLEUE.

The first performance of
LES DRAGONS DE VILLARS,
(The Hermit's Bell,)
Opera Comique, in three acts, by A. Maillard, previously announced for May 3, will be postponed until
MONDAY, MAY 10.
Admission, $1; family circle, 50 cents.
Seats secured in advance.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

SATURDAY EVENING, May 1,
Benefit of
MLLE. LUCILE TOSTEE.
First appearance of the
FRENCH OPERA TROUPE
IN
LE MARIAGE AUX LANTERNES.
Opera Bouffe, in one act, by Offenbach.
MLLES. TOSTEE AND IRMA.
To be followed by the second act of
LA BELLE HELENE.
To conclude with
MONS. CHOUFLEURI,
Opera Bouffe, in one act, by Offenbach, incidental which
Grand Concerto for Piano-forte...................H. Hertz
Performed by Mlle. Tostee,
with accompaniment of Orchestra.
Admission $1; reserved seats 50 cents extra.
Private and proscenium-boxes, $10 and $15, according to location.
Family circle, 50 cents.
Seats may be secured on and after
THURSDAY MORNING, April 29,
at the Academy of Music, Schirmer's, and the Fifth-av. Theatre.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.

TWO PERFORMANCES THIS DAY.
THIS AFTERNOON AT 1½.
THIS EVENING AT 8.
THE BEST OF FRIENDS MUST PART.
LAST NIGHTS.
LAST NIGHTS. LAST NIGHTS
GEO. L. FOX'S
GEO. L. FOX'S
GEO. L. FOX'S
POPULAR PANTOMIME,
HUMPTY DUMPTY,
HUMPTY DUMPTY, HUMPTY DUMPTY,
MUST BE WITHDRAWN
FOR OTHER NOVELTIES,
OTHER NOVELTIES, OTHER NOVELTIES.
LAST NIGHTS OF THE BEAUTIFUL BALLETS.
MDLLE. SANGALLI AND SIGNOR COSTA.
LAST NIGHTS OF ALL ITS WONDERS.
LAST NIGHTS OF GLITTERING TRANSFORMATION.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.

Lessees and Managers........JARRETT & PALMER
TWO GRAND PERFORMANCES TO-DAY.
AFTERNOON AT 2. EVENING AT 8.
FOURTH WEEK OF THE
NEW ATTRACTIONS.
THE FORTY THIEVES,
RECONSTRUCTED.
in which the celebrated
LYDIA THOMPSON BURLESQUE TROUPE
will appear.
THE SCENERY, DRESSES, SONGS, DANCES, MARCHES, CAN-CAN, RHYMES, BREAKDOWNS, MUSIC, TABLEAUX, WITTICISMS, RANTOONE VELOCIPEDE, BALLOON ASCENSION, LIGHTNING TRAIN, &c.,
NEW, NEW, NEW, NEW,
MATINEE SATURDAY AT 2.
SEATS SECURED SIX DAYS IN ADVANCE.

BOOTH'S THEATRE.

23d-st., between 5th and 6th avs.
THIS, AND EVERY EVENING EXCEPT SATURDAY,
MR. EDWIN BOOTH
AS
IAGO,
in Shakespeare's Grand Tragedy of
OTHELLO.
IAGO MATINEE ON SATURDAY, at 1½ o'clock.
SATURDAY EVENING,
Mr. EDWIN ADAMS for the LAST TIME in
THE MARBLE HEART.
Doors open at 7¼; to commence at 8 o'clock.
Seats secured six days in advance at the box office of the theatre, or at its branch ticket office, at the music store of C. H. Ditson & Co., No. 711 Broadway.

WAVERLEY THEATRE.

No. 720 Broadway, opposite New-York Hotel.
THE ELISE HOLT BURLESQUE TROUPE.
WEDNESDAY and EVERY EVENING THIS WEEK, the NEW and ORIGINAL BURLESQUE, adapted in part from Bernand's burlesque of the same name, by C. K. Rattray, Esq., entitled
PARIS. PARIS.
New Music, selected by Miss HOLT, arranged and instrumentalized by Mr. HOWARD GLOVER.
Scenery by J. S. SCHELL.
DISTRIBUTION OF CHARACTERS:

Paris	Miss Elise Holt
Œnone	Mr. James Lewis
Venus (her first appearance here)	Miss Viola Crocker
Mercury	Miss Emily Pitt
Juno	Miss Mary Pitt
Jupiter	Miss Minnie Jackson
Cupid	Mr. Belvill Ryan
Castor (6 bottles)	Mr. C. T. Parsloe, Jr

Rest of characters by company.
MISSES BETTY and EMILY RIGL in a new dance.
To commence with a capital farce.
MATINEE SATURDAY, at 2 P. M.

THEATRE COMIQUE,

OPPOSITE ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL.
EVERYTHING NEW.
GRAND RECONSTRUCTION OF PLUTO.
RETURN OF ALICE DUNNING.
THE GREAT LINGARD IN HIS SPECIALTIES.
MATINEE EVERY SATURDAY AFTERNOON AT 2 O'CLOCK.

BOWERY THEATRE.

LAST WEEK OF THE SEVEN DWARFS.
Six nights only and two matinees.
New local scene. New local tricks.
A great velocipede act by Frank A. Gibbons.
Matinees MONDAY and SATURDAY.

SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS.

No. 585 Broadway.
BIRCH, WAMBOLD, BERNARD & BACKUS'
SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS. Great success of THE COURT OF JUSTICE. First week of the MAGIC PHANTOM CABINET.

GRAND FAIR AT APPOLLO HALL, corner Broadway and 28th-st., for the relief of the sick and wounded of the patriot army of Cuba, commencing on TUESDAY, 27th inst., at 7 P. M., under the auspices of the Junta Patriotica de Cubanas in New-York. Open from 12 M. until 10 P. M. Admission, 25c.

JAMES FAIRMAN'S LATEST WORKS on exhibition at his studio, No. 212 5th-av., on SATURDAY, May 1, from 1 to 10 P. M.

LECTURES

A LITERARY GENTLEMAN WILL, for a reasonable compensation, assist ladies or gentlemen in the preparation of addresses on popular subjects, and aid in securing engagements. Address L. L. L., Box No. 150 *Times* Office.

MEETINGS.

THIRD ARMY CORPS UNION.

The members of this Union are invited to attend the regular anniversary meeting at DELMONICO'S, corner of 14th-st. and 5th-av., on WEDNESDAY, 5th of May, at 3 P. M.
Officers of the Third Corps, not members, desirous of joining, will address
Major ED. L. WELLING, M. D., Secretary,
Pennington, N. J.

ELECTION.—THE ANNUAL MEETING OF vault owners in the New-York City Marble Cemetery, (2d-st.,) for the election of five trustees for the ensuing year, will be held at No. 40 Broadway, Room No. 26, on MONDAY NEXT, May 3, from 1 to 2 o'clock P. M. ANSON BAKER, Secretary.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

FOR SALE—BY A GENTLEMAN HAVING no further use for them, a pair of bay carriage horses, 16 hands high, long tails, gentle in every respect. Would make a desirable team for timid person or family desiring thoroughly trustworthy horses. Private stable No. 140 East 32d-st.

VELOCIPEDES.—FIRST-CLASS FRENCH model machines, made of the best quality wrought iron and steel, with composition boxes; warranted; price $100. C. MERRILL & SONS, No. 556 Grand-st., N. Y., manufacturers of drop and forging hammers.

HORSES FOR SALE.—A PAIR OF DARK bay horses, good travelers, seven years old, sound and kind; sold for want of use. Also, light phaeton, nearly new. Apply to L. H. HOLMES, No. 77 Cedar-st., from 12 to 3.

ARMY WAGONS, CARTS, AMBUlances, farmers, contractors, mule collars, harness, plowing, McClellan saddles, tents, canvas covers, Government blankets. W. A. CARTER, No. 52 Courtlandt-st., near Greenwich-st.

FOR SALE—A BEAUTIFUL PAIR OF mares at a bargain; kind and gentle in single or double harness, or under the saddle; 6 and 7 years old; fine travelers, and sound. Apply to A. R. MATHER, Madison-square Hotel, corner 21st-st. and Broadway.

FOR SALE—THREE BAY MATCH CARriage horses, suitable for carriage or coupe; owner going to Europe. Apply at No. 200 West 18th-st., owner's stable.

A SMALL TEAM BAY HORSES, good match, young, sound and kind; single or double harness; sold for want of use. Inquire at No. 545 6th-av.

FOR SALE—AN ELEGANT CLARENCE, made by Wood Brothers, in good order. Can be seen at stable No. 9 Sniffen's-court, East 36th-st., between Lexington and 3d avs.

FOR SALE—ONE PAIR OF CARRIAGE horses; will be sold separately, if desired. Apply at stable, No. 140 West 18th-st., from 1 to 6 P. M.

FOR SALE—A SPAN OF WELL-MATCHED bay horses, young and perfectly gentle. Apply at LAING'S livery stable, [illegible]

THE RYE NECK MURDER.

Burial of the Victim—The Assassin Not yet Detected—The Theories of the Case, and Action of the Authorities and Citizens.

The funeral services over the remains of GILBERT ROBINSON were held in the Methodist Church of Rye Neck on Thursday, and were conducted by Rev. HORACE COOK and Rev. L. S. WEED, of the Methodist Church, and Rev. Mr. GRAY, the Episcopalian minister of the town. The edifice was packed to its utmost capacity, and many even stood without the doors during the entire time notwithstanding the chilling rain which was falling continuously. The services were solemn and impressive, and there was a visible emotion when the minister, in a few terse words, pictured the enormity of the crime that had been committed, and in fitting terms described the horror it had occasioned. After the conclusion of the services the funeral *cortége*, which was very large, slowly proceeded to Union Cemetery, where Rye Neck buried its mangled dead.

Yesterday the villagers gathered in little groups, discussing the crime with more earnestness than before. As was entirely natural, all sorts of rumors and fancies became so current as to almost assume the consistency of facts. But all these being resolved and considered, it was apparent that no valuable clew has yet been found as to the assassin. Popular suspicion has, indeed, settled upon one person, but it is based more upon general character and conjecture than upon any facts connecting the person with the murder. He may indeed be guilty and circumstances may transpire that will satisfy popular opinion that he is, but so long as he chooses to keep his secret it is hardly possible that sufficient evidence can be obtained to even warrant his arrest. The man who killed ROBINSON had no confederate, no human being saw him enter the jeweler's shop, as none saw him leave it, and he did not leave the slightest trace of his personality behind him. Not a shred of his clothing, not the indentation of his foot, nor the mark of his hand did he leave as evidence. A finger-mark upon a door has thrown a noose around an assassin's neck, as a footprint has often led directly to the gallows, and a button, a hat, a piece of wadding, a slight shred of a coat, has often served to unmask the murderer. But in this Rye Neck case there is absolutely nothing to commence upon; there is no starting point in the pursuit of the assassin. This country gossoon, committing murder undoubtedly for the first time, has more by accident than design done his work so deftly that he springs at once into the first rank among undetected murderers.

The facts of the case have made it almost certain that the murder was the work of some villager, who was consequently a tyro in the art of assassination. These facts, as then developed, were fully stated in the TIMES of Thursday, and further investigation has found little that is valuable or important. It now is certain that the murderer took nothing from the scene of slaughter except a long pocket-book, which ROBINSON carried in the breast pocket of his coat, and in which he always placed the key of his safe, but rarely put any money in it. This book is gone and the safe key is gone, and hence the inference that the murderer fled with them, supposing he had the treasure he had so bloodily earned. It is not known that there was any money whatever in this pocket-book, but the presumption is that there was not, and besides this book, together with a heavy silver ladle belonging to a gentleman in the neighborhood, there is nothing missing from the shop, but the ladle, it is supposed, had been sent to New-York to be engraved, and that it will be found in the hands of some person to whom ROBINSON had delivered it for that purpose.

The more the facts are studied the more certain it appears that ROBINSON was the victim of his own hospitality; that he was murdered by some person whom he had himself admitted to the shop. That he was killed while asleep there can be no doubt, and it is equally sure that the murderer had not been lying beside him before the deed was committed, for the bed was soft and would undoubtedly have shown the marks of a human form, which it did not. There are numerous theories as to exact steps taken by the assassin immediately preceding the fatal blow; but they can never be anything more than theories until that assassin shall himself detail his proceedings. A new element has been thrown into the case by the fact, which is now first known, that it was the custom of ROBINSON, when pressed with orders, to close his front door, but leaving it unlocked; to sit down on his bed, and, drawing up a small table, to work at cleaning watches until as late as 2 o'clock in the morning. There was no evidence in the position of things that he did this on the night of his death, but in cases of this kind the minutest details of the habits of the victim are of value, and this new revelation is accordingly treasured. Had ROBINSON when found been wholly dressed or undressed, the case would have been greatly simplified; but having still his pants and shirt on, and lying on the outside of the bedclothing, it was evident that from some cause which can never be known, he had fallen asleep before he had fully prepared himself for bed, and hence the basis for the theory that he might have left his door unlocked, and thus afforded access to the assassin.

Yesterday morning District-Attorney DYCKMAN and Sheriff BUSSING visited Rye Neck and made a careful diagram of the scene of the murder as an aid to the judicial examination, and the District-Attorney announced that he would immediately offer a suitable reward for the apprehension of the murderer. The citizens are determined to aid the officials to the fullest extent, and last evening a large meeting was held in the Town Hall, Mamaroneck, in which many leading citizens took an active part in devising measures to secure the assassin. It was resolved that a large reward should be offered in addition to that of the District-Attorney, and money was unstintingly promised for the detection of the criminal. Among those who have been most zealous in the work of grappling with the horrible mystery are William D. Palmer, E. S. Halstead, J. W. Gedney, Gilbert Haight, Jonathan Purdy and George J. Haines.

The universal belief is that the murderer is a resident of the village; that daily and hourly he walks the streets and lounges into the stores, bearing his dreadful secret about with an unblushing front. They may be mistaken in the conjecture, but if they are not, then the deduction is a horrible reality, for it is certain that, up to last night no one had made confession of his guilt by flight from Rye Neck. If the pocket-book or the safe key could be found, or even if somebody would suddenly disappear from accustomed haunts, there would be something tangible to work from. As it is, never did detectives have a more unpromising task than the Robinson murder.

The Hoboken Malpractice Case—Attempted Suicide of Dr. Blank.

Dr. GEORGE BLANK, who together with Dr. VOELKER, of New-York, was committed to the Hudson County Jail by Coroner WHITE, late on Thursday night, to await the action of the Grand Jury on a charge of having caused the death of ELLEN CARLOCK, of Hoboken, through malpractice, made a most extraordinary and determined attempt to destroy his life early yesterday morning. Dr. BLANK is upward of 60 years of age, and a very fleshy man. Upon the rendition of the verdict by the Coroner's Jury on Thursday evening he was greatly surprised and affected, and his nerves were completely unstrung. Soon after, the prisoners were removed to the County Jail, it then being too late to effect their release on bail. Dr. BLANK was placed in cell No. 8, on the first floor, and about 12 o'clock undressed and lay down upon his cot, and nothing further was known of him until nearly 6 o'clock yesterday morning. At this time one of the prisoners named FARRELL in passing along the corridor happened to glance into the doctor's cell, and was struck with horror at the sight there presented. Dr. BLANK was lying apparently dead upon the cot, bathed in blood and upon the floor was a razor. An alarm was raised, and in a few minutes the jailor, Mr. JONES, came in, and ascertaining the cause of the alarm released Dr. VOELKER and sent him to the suffering man's aid. Soon after Drs. BURDETT and HORNBLOWER were summoned, and at once made an autopsy. They found six wounds, or gashes, viz.: One on the neck, four on the arms—two at the elbows and two on the wrists—and the last across the stomach; but none of them are considered dangerous. Dr. VOELKER attributes Dr. BLANK's failure to accomplish his purpose to the fact that he was very much prostrated by excitement and the want of nourishment, he not having partaken of any food since his arrest on Wednesday evening; also that in drawing the razor across his throat from the left to the right jugular vein his elbow struck against the prison wall, thus guiding the blade upward so as to inflict a wound under the jaw, and that when subsequent attempts were made, he was too weak to inflict fatal injuries. The unfortunate man received all necessary medical care, and at last accounts he was very low from "wound fever." It appears that Dr. BLANK inflicted the wounds sometime between 2 and 3 o'clock A. M., and when discovered, over two hours subsequently, hemorrhage had nearly ceased.

Dr. VOELKER states that Dr. BLANK never saw the young woman CARLOCK but once, and then prescribed some colored water, which was harmless. He, Dr. VOELKER, visited the young woman at her home, and treated her for lung disease; that they have no instruments, and never used any. In reference to the bath, Dr. VOELKER said that in cases where there is an unpleasant smell arising from perspiration he recommends a bath of lukewarm water, which was the case with the young woman CARLOCK.

Twentieth Assembly District Republican Association.

The Republican Association of the Twentieth Assembly District held an adjourned meeting, last evening, at No. 932 Third-avenue. The acting President being absent, Mr. ABRAHAM KENNEDY was called to the chair. It will be recollected that at the last meeting of this Association, the President, JAMES JACKSON, and the Secretary, ALEX. HILL, were ousted from their positions by a unanimous vote, for alleged official misconduct. Mr. P. F. CONNOLLY, last evening, moved a reconsideration of the vote deposing those gentlemen, and the appointment of a committee to prefer charges of official misconduct against them—(attempting to use the organization in furtherance of their own political ends and the desires of the clique who acted with them)—and that they be cited to appear before the Executive Committee for trial. Mr. CONNOLLY thought the action of the Association at its last meeting was hasty. He saw no power in the constitution of the organization authorizing the body to expel any one from office without a trial, though he approved of the suspension of the officers above named, and favored their speedy trial.

Dr. F. A. THOMAS opposed the motion. The action of the expelled officers had been tyrannical toward the Association. He was in favor of meeting revolution by revolution. It was sometimes the only means by which the usurpers of authority could be taught that their usurpations would not be tolerated. In this case such a lesson was greatly needed. He knew of nothing in the constitution of the Association that would justify a suspension any more than an expulsion of officers. At any rate, it was an undeniable fact, that all constitutions and laws could be suspended by unanimous consent, and, as the vote on expelling the officers was unanimous, he saw no necessity for the course suggested by Mr. CONNOLLY.

After some further remarks, Mr. CONNOLLY withdrew his motion.

R. G. BROWN and ALBERT BOGERT were elected Secretaries, and SCHUYLER A. WHITE Sergeant-at-Arms of the Association, after which the meeting adjourned till the third Friday in May.

THE BILLIARD TOURNAMENT.

Fifth Day's Proceedings.

RHINES lost another game yesterday afternoon that he should have won. From the first to the last innings he led his opponent, SNYDER, and many of the spectators left the hall before the game was finished, satisfied that he would be the winner. When SNYDER had 391 to go, RHINES required but 80. The latter now displayed his proverbial weakness, slipping up as he had done with FOSTER and RUDOLPHE, and affording his opponent every opportunity to come up with him. In eleven innings he scored a total of 39 points only, while SNYDER ran 27, 108, 66, 57, and 115, the latter terminating the contest. The plucky manner in which the winner pulled up, coupled with the fact that he had beaten FOSTER, at once raised him in the estimation of the spectators, and his chances of conquering RUDOLPHE, whom he encounters to-night, are considered fair. The Chicago delegation are confident that he will press Monsieur to the wall, and are hopeful of his ultimately winning. The best runs in the game, of which the score is appended, were 171 by RHINES and 201 by SNYDER:

RHINES—12, 75, 0, 0, 57, 10, 0, 0, 42, 60, 3, 0, 0, 69, 15, 6, 9, 9, 3, 21, 3, 3, 3, 0, 69, 0, 6, 15, 6, 33, 15, 0, 0, 0, 78, 1, 0, 0, 0, 12, 0, 3, 6, 6, 171, 0, 3, 0, 3, 48, 0, 45, 39, 6, 10, 48, 6, 9, 24, 9, 9, 1, 30, 3, 12, 6, 0, 0, 6, 6, 0, 6, 0. Total, 1,159. Average, 15½.

SNYDER—0, 3, 12, 3, 0, 6, 1, 15, 9, 6, 3, 3, 0, 19, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 21, 19, 0, 1, 48, 3, 60, 9, 0, 0, 6, 12, 1, 3, 201, 3, 12, 0, 0, 36, 6, 1, 3, 33, 72, 3, 75, 0, 0, 3, 3, 16, 12, 12, 1, 0, 3, 0, 15, 3, 6, 3, 22, 27, 3, 0, 3, 108, 66, 0, 3, 57, 0, 9, 115. Total, 1,200. Average, 16.

Safety plays—Rhines, 20; Snyder, 13.
Pocket off count—Rhines, 6; Snyder, 4.
Kissed out of count—Rhines, 1; Snyder, 0.
Strung all the balls—Rhines, 7; Snyder 7.
Banks—Rhines, 5; Snyder, 6.
Time, 3 hours 30 minutes.
Referee—M. H. Hewins.

Decidedly one of the best games of the tourney was that played at night by DANIELS and FOSTER. The latter, although not executing fully up to his best mark, yet made amends for the inferiority of his play when contending with RHINES and SNYDER. At the outset he showed his heels to DANIELS, and counting pretty steadily, though without making any large runs, he secured a lead varying from 200 to 300 points, up to the eighth hundred. Determined not to be choked off so summarily, DANIELS here put forth his best efforts, and was rewarded by a run of 204. He soon after added 82, and the game was—DANIELS, 806; FOSTER, 895. Except for a run of 144 by the latter, the remainder of the game was not particularly noticeable. In the sixty-ninth inning FOSTER made game, winning by 215, as per score:

DANIELS—0, 0, 3, 3, 0, 0, 3, 6, 33, 0, 24, 9, 6, 6, 0, 0, 4, 12, 3, 21, 69, 18, 3, 6, 60, 3, 72, 30, 30, 7, 6, 9, 21, 9, 0, 204, 7, 6, 1, 0, 0, 0, 3, 0, 0, 3, 6, 12, 6, 82, 3, 6, 0, 45, 0, 1, 9, 0, 0, 57, 18, 24, 9, 0, 3, 0, 1, 0. Total, 985. Average, 14½.

FOSTER—3, 0, 0, 9, 66, 12, 0, 9, 3, 6, 24, 21, 0, 81, 49, 0, 0, 9, 94, 3, 6, 9, 0, 87, 9, 6, 18, 48, 132, 0, 21, 6, 0, 0, 69, 1, 3, 0, 1, 0, 3, 4, 24, 7, 15, 24, 12, 1, 0, 9, 144, 0, 27, 39, 3, 3, 12, 6, 7, 3, 1, 15, 1, 9, 6, 6, 0, 13. Total, 1,200. Average, 17½.

Safety plays—Foster, 21; Daniels, 23.
Pockets off count—Foster 6; Daniels, 0.
Kissed out of count—Foster, 1; Daniels, 0.
Strung all the balls—Foster, 6; Daniels, 6.
Banks—Foster, 5; Daniels, 4.
Time, 3 hours and 40 minutes.
Referee, Cyrille Dion.

This afternoon DEERY and DANIELS will play, and, in addition, RUDOLPHE will execute a variety of his indescribable trick shots.

The following table shows the games won and lost thus far, and the best runs and averages:

RECAPITULATION.

Players.	Games won.	Games lost.	Best runs.	Best Av'gs.
Foster	2	1	159	17½
Rhines	0	3	150	17½
Deery	2	0	358	24
Snyder	2	1	207	17½
Goldthwait	0	2	121	15¼
Daniels	2	1	219	16⅔
Rudolphe	2	0	159	25

Jerome Thompson's Paintings.

The auction sale of Mr. JEROME THOMPSON's four well-known oil-paintings which have recently been on exhibition in this City, took place at the Fifth-avenue Art Gallery, corner of Fourteenth-street, last evening. The paintings, embracing the "Old Oaken Bucket," "Home! Sweet Home!" "The Captive Child," and "Paddle your own Canoe," were sold without reserve, Mr. JOHN H. DRAPER being the auctioneer. There was an extremely large attendance of art collectors and others, but the bidding was not unusually animated, considering the extended notoriety which has been given the paintings. The prices which obtained were regarded as being very cheap by several connoisseurs. The "Old Oaken Bucket" and "Home! Sweet Home" were sold to Mr. HODGES, the former fetching $4,000 and the latter $2,500. "The Captive Child" was purchased by Mr. STANFORD for $1,700, and "Paddle Your Own Canoe" by a Mr. SMITH for $1,000.

Cricket.

To-day the Willow Club will play their first regular match of the season, on which occasion the Benedicts of the Club will meet the Bachelors on their grounds at Bedford. A collation will close the day's play.

The same afternoon the St. George Club will take the field for the first time this season on their grounds at Hudson City, and they too will finish up with a club dinner at 6 P. M.

On Monday next the New-York Club will open at Hoboken.

LOCAL NEWS IN BRIEF.

New-York.

Hereafter, applications for office at the Custom-house will be received on Wednesdays only, between 12 and 2 P. M.

The Fullerton case is to be tried on the 7th of June, instead of the 14th.

The Free-Trade League requests us to make the announcement that Mr. ALEXANDER DELMAR is no longer in the employment of the League.

FRANK ELY, aged 14 years, was seriously injured yesterday about the head by a fall in the yard of the school-house in Thirteenth-street, near Sixth-avenue. He was taken to his home, No. 213 Henry-street.

ELLEN HAYS died suddenly yesterday afternoon at her residence, No. 541 West Twenty-seventh-street. The Coroner was notified.

WM. B. ACKWOOD, last evening, entered the Seventeenth Precinct Station-house with his arm broken in two places, and stated he had received the injuries by a fall from a ladder while painting a house in Westchester County. He was sent to Bellevue Hospital.

Brooklyn.

The American Christian Commission will hold a public meeting in the Presbyterian Church, Classon-avenue, Rev. Dr. DURYEA's, on Sunday evening. Revs. GEO. J. MINGINS and ALFRED C. ROE, Secretary, will address the meeting. Subject—"The Power of the Church Now to Reach and Evangelize the Masses."

New-Jersey.

Yesterday morning an unknown man, while walking on the New-Jersey Railroad track, about two miles south of New-Brunswick, was knocked down and instantly killed by the Trenton train. He had just stepped out of the way of the New-York train, and had not noticed the approach of the Trenton train. The remains of the deceased were taken to New-Brunswick for identification.

A warrant was issued yesterday by Justice ALLEN, of Jersey City, at the instance of a Mrs. O'KEEFE, for the arrest of a man whom she avers administered chloroform to her for improper purposes and of which he took advantage. The full particulars will doubtless be divulged on the examination of the accused.

The strike among the Newark silver platers still continues. The men demand an advance from $2 to $3 a day. Three of the employers have acceded to the request.

A man named JOHN B. HOLMES, residing in Greenville, Somerset County, appeared before Recorder ALDRIDGE yesterday, and made an affidavit against his wife, charging her with having stolen from him a sum of $350 and their infant child, fourteen months of age. He stated he did not care for the woman or the money, but he merely wanted to get possession of the infant. Armed with a warrant, Officer GALLAGHER went to the residence of the accused's mother in Hudson City, and finding the child there alone took it in his arms and delivered it to the father. Shortly afterward Mrs. HOLMES' mother appeared before the Justice and said that her son-in-law had served a term in Sing Sing for shooting a policeman in New-York, and that recently he drove his wife and infant from the house and threatened to shoot them. HOLMES having got all he sought, the matter dropped.

JOHN O'HARA, a disappointed Jersey City politician, died yesterday in Hudson County jail of *delirium tremens*. He ran recently for Alderman, but failed. Immediately after the election his goods were seized for debt, and since then he had been in a despondent condition.

The Citizens' Mutual Fire and Marine and Steam Boiler Insurance Company, Newark, was organized on Thursday by the election of the following officers: President, HENRY H. JAQUES; Vice-President, LEWIS J. LYONS; Secretary, MERRITT H. C. VAIL; Treasurer, HIRAM M. RHODES.

Recently the dry-goods store of Mr. HENRY KEMP, of Madison, was robbed of $580 worth of property. Mr. JOSEPH REEVES, of Chatham, had a horse and wagon, value $460, stolen from him, and Mr. W. VALENTINE, of Elizabeth, lost $260 worth of dry goods. Detective SMITH, of Newark, was directed to work up the case, and by his direction two persons were arrested in New-York yesterday for the robberies. A large portion of the goods was found in their possession, and it was discovered they had sold the horse and wagon to a man in Union Hill.

An English machinist named CHARLES TAYLOR, aged about 40, was found drowned on Thursday evening in the Mile Run Brook, at New-Brunswick. For some weeks past he had been in an intoxicated condition, and it is supposed that while in this state he fell into the brook and was drowned. He leaves two children.

The work on the Paterson and Newark Road is pushed forward with great energy, and it is supposed that trains will be running on it by the 15th of May.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

LONDON, Friday, April 30—11 A. M.

Consols open at 93⅛ for money and the account. United States Five-twenty Bonds quiet at 80⅝. Stocks firm; Erie, 21; Illinois, 98⅛.

FRANKFORT, Friday, April 30.

United States Five-twenty Bonds, 87⅛@87¼ for the old issue.

LIVERPOOL, Friday, April 30—11 A. M.

COTTON—The market opens firmer. Middling Uplands, 11¾d.; Middling Orleans, 12⅛d. The sales of the day are estimated at 10,000 bales.

The sales of the week have been 54,000 bales, of which 9,000 were taken for export, and 6,000 on speculation. The stock in port and on shipboard is estimated at 351,000 bales, of which 168,000 are from the United States.

BREADSTUFFS—Wheat, 9s. 1d. ℘ cental for California White, and 8s. 4d. for No. 2 Red Western. Flour, 21s. ℘ bbl. for Western Canal. Corn, 26s. 3d. ℘ quarter for New Mixed Western. Oats, 3s. 5d. ℘ bushel. Barley, 5s. ℘ bushel. Peas, 38s. 6d. ℘ quarter for Canadian.

PROVISIONS—Pork, 104s. ℘ bbl. for Eastern Prime Mess. Beef, 90s. ℘ tierce for Extra Prime Mess. Lard, 70s. 6d. ℘ cwt. Cheese, 81s. ℘ cwt. for the best grade of American Fine. Bacon, 61s. ℘ cwt. for Cumberland Cut.

PRODUCE—Resin, 5s. ℘ cwt. for Common North Carolina, and 16s. for Fine.

PETROLEUM—9d. ℘ gallon for Spirits, and 1s. 9½d. ℘ gallon for Refined.

TALLOW—45s. ℘ cwt. Turpentine, 29s. 6d. ℘ cwt. Linseed Oil, £31 10s. ℘ ton.

LONDON, Friday, April 30—11 A. M.

Linseed Cakes, £9 15s.@£10 ℘ ton for Thin Oblong for feeding. Tallow, 44s. ℘ cwt. Whale Oil, £37 ℘ ton. Sperm Oil, £103 ℘ ton. Sugar 38s. 6d. for No. 12 Dutch Standard, on the spot. Calcutta Linseed, 59s.

ANTWERP, Friday, April 30.

Petroleum, 52½f. for Standard White.

HAVRE, Friday, April 30.

Cotton closed last night at 144f. ℘ cwt. for *Tres Ordinaire*, on the spot.

LONDON, Friday, April 30—1 P. M.

To-morrow, the 1st of May, will be a holiday in the Stock Board.

Consols 93⅛ for both money and the account. Stocks quiet; Atlantic and Great Western, 24.

LIVERPOOL, Friday, April 30—1 P. M.

COTTON—The stock at sea bound to this port is estimated at 487,000 bales, of which 182,000 are from America.

TRADE REPORT—The market for yarns and fabrics at Manchester is dull.

BREADSTUFFS—The market is quiet. Oats, 3s. 4d. ℘ bushel. Peas, 38s. ℘ quarter for Canadian.

PROVISIONS—Bacon, 60s. 6d. ℘ cwt. for Cumberland cut.

PRODUCE—Tallow, 44s. 6d. ℘ cwt.

HAVRE, Friday, April 30.

COTTON—The market opens dull both on the spot and afloat; Tres Ordinaire, on the spot, 144f. ℘ cwt.; Low Middlings, afloat, 141f. ℘ cwt.

LONDON, Friday, April 30—4:30 P. M.

Consols close at 93⅛ for both money and the account. United States Five-twenty Bonds are dull at 80⅝. Stocks steady; Erie, 20¾; Illinois, 98⅛.

PARIS, Friday, April 30.

The Bourse is firm; Rentes, 71f. 70c.

LIVERPOOL, Friday, April 30—4:30 P. M.

COTTON—The market closed quiet. Middling Uplands, 11¾d.; Middling Orleans, 12⅛d. The sales of the day have been 10,000 bales.

PRODUCE—Petroleum easier.

LONDON, Friday, April 30.

Tallow, 43s. 9d. ℘ cwt. Refined Petroleum, 1s. 8¼d. ℘ gallon.

ANTWERP, Friday, April 30.

Petroleum declining.

FRANKFORT, Friday, April 30—Evening.

United States Five-twenties closed at 87⅛.

LONDON, Friday, April 30—Evening.

Atlantic and Great Western Consolidated Shares, 25¼.

Since closing of market Refined Petroleum is quoted on street at 1s. 9d.

HAVRE, Friday, April 30—Evening.

Cotton closed quiet on the spot and afloat.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

CHICAGO, Friday, April 30.

EXCHANGE on New-York firm at 1-10 premium. FLOUR unchanged. WHEAT declined 1c.@1½c.; No. 1, $1 15@$1 18; No. 2, $1 09½. CORN active, steady and firm; No. 1, 58½c.@59c.; New, 50c. OATS firm at 58c. RYE more active and declined ½c.; sales at $1 16½. BARLEY quiet; No. 2, $1 60@$1 65. WHISKY quiet; 85c.@86c. bid; 87c.@87½c. asked. PORK quiet; late Winter packed, $30 25@$30 50; Choice, $31. LARD steady at 17½c. Sugar-pickled HAMS, 15½c. Bulk MEATS quiet and unchanged. Live HOGS quiet; Low Grades, $8 50@$8 75; Best, $8 80@$9 37. CATTLE steady; Cows and Light Steers, $4 75@$5 50; Light to Extra Choice Shipping, $6@$7 40. RECEIPTS—8,000 bbls. Flour, 15,000 bushels Wheat, 57,000 bushels Corn, 48,000 bushels Oats, 57,000 bushels Rye. SHIPMENTS—7,800 bbls. Flour, 10,000 bushels Wheat, 65,000 bushels Corn, 5,000 bushels Oats, 1,800 bushels Rye, 2,000 bushels Barley; 4,800 Live Hogs. LAKE FREIGHTS on Corn to Buffalo dull at 5c.@6c.

NEW-ORLEANS, Friday, April 30.

COTTON.—Receipts to-day, 1,432 bales; of the week, gross, 8,296 bales; net, 6,955 bales; exports to-day none; for the week, to Great Britain, 6,379 bales; to the Continent, 4,306 bales; coastwise, 1,351 bales; stock on hand, 87,677 bales; sales to-day, 2,400 bales; of the week, 10,200 bales; demand better; Middlings, 28c.@28½c. GOLD, 134⅞. EXCHANGE—Sterling, 146½; New-York sight drafts, ¼ premium. FLOUR dull; Superfine $5 55; Double Extra, $5 75@$5 80; Treble Extra, $6 47½. CORN quiet; White, 75c.@76c. OATS firm at 70c. BRAN scarce at $1 50. HAY—Prime, $30@$31. PORK dull at $32. BACON retailing at 13¼c.@17¼c.@17⅝c. LARD dull; tierces, 18¼c.@19c.; kegs, 19¼c.@21c. SUGAR dull; Common, 10c.@11c.; Prime, 13¼c. MOLASSES nominal; Fermenting, 50c.@55c. WHISKY—Western Rectified, 87½c.@95c. COFFEE—Fair, 15c.@15½c.; Prime, 17c.@17½c.

ST. LOUIS, Friday, April 30.

TOBACCO unchanged. COTTON, 26½c. for Middlings. FLOUR dull; Superfine, $5@$5 25; Double Extra, $6@$6 50. WHEAT quiet; Fall, $1 40@$1 55; Good to strictly Fine Red, $1 70@$1 85. CORN dull at 55c.@56c. for choice White and Yellow in bulk, 60c. for Yellow in sacks; 65c. for Fancy White. OATS dull at 61c.@64c. RYE steady at $1 23@1 26. WHISKY heavy at 87c. PROVISIONS—Large settlements of April contracts were adjusted to-day, but little else doing. PORK very dull at $31@$31 50. BACON—Jobbing sales of Shoulders at 13¼c.; Sides, 15½c.@17c. LARD heavy; Choice held at 17½c.@18c. CATTLE unchanged. HOGS easier. RECEIPTS—3,000 bbls. Flour, 5,000 bushels Wheat, 11,000 bushels Corn, 11,000 bushels Oats, 1,000 bushels Barley.

PHILADELPHIA, Friday, April 30.

COTTON firmer at 28¾c.@29¼c. for Middlings. Quercitron BARK—No. 1 steady at $52. FLOUR—Demand limited to higher grades for home trade; sales 800 bbls.; Northwestern Extra Family, $6 50@$7 25; Pennsylvania do., $6 75@$7 50; Ohio do., $6@$8; Fancy, $10@$12. WHEAT in better demand; sales, 3,500 bushels Amber at $1 75@$1 80; White, $2@$2 10. RYE is selling at $1 43@$1 45. CORN held firmly; sales 5,000 bushels Yellow at unchanged prices. OATS steady; Western at 76c.@78c.; Delaware and Pennsylvania at 65c.@70c. PETROLEUM and GROCERIES unchanged. PROVISIONS quiet. Mess PORK, $32. LARD, 19c. WHISKY, 93c.@$1.

OSWEGO, Friday, April 30.

FLOUR in fair demand; sales 1,000 bbls. at $6 50 for No. 1 Spring; $7@$7 25 for Amber Winter; $8 for White; $9 for Double Extra. WHEAT dull; sales 3,380 bushels No. 1 Milwaukee Club at $1 40, and 3,000 bushels on private terms. CORN scarce; sales 1,000 bushels Old No. 1, in car lots, at 90c. OATS, 70c. for Western. BARLEY, RYE and PEAS nominal. MILLFEED unchanged; Shorts, $23@$25; Shipstuffs, $25@$27; Middlings, $28@$32 ℘ ton. Railroad FREIGHTS on Flour—To Boston, 68c.; to New-York, 58c.; to Albany, 50c. LAKE IMPORTS—461,000 feet of Lumber.

BUFFALO, Friday, April 30.

FLOUR dull; Nos. 1 and 2 City Ground Spring is quoted at $6@$6 75. WHEAT inactive; sales three car loads No. 1 Milwaukee Club at $1 35, in store. CORN very dull; sales six car loads of new at 75c., on track. OATS dull; sales 900 bushels at 69c., in store. RYE and BARLEY nominal. PEAS—No demand, except for seed purposes. SEEDS quiet; sales 150 bags of Timothy at $4 25; 50 bags of Medium Clover at $9 25. PORK steady at $31@$31 50. LARD steady at 19c. HIGHWINES entirely nominal.

CINCINNATI, Friday, April 30.

FLOUR dull, local demand only; Family, $6@$6 25; Extra, $6 50@$8. WHEAT nominally unchanged; No. 2, $1 35. CORN dull at 65c. OATS firm at 68c.@72c. RYE dull at $1 39. BARLEY nominally unchanged. COTTON quiet; sales 350 bales; Middling, 27½c. TOBACCO firm and unchanged. WHISKY quiet at 90c. Mess PORK offered at $30 75. Bulk MEATS, 12c.@14½c. BACON, 13c.@16½c.@16½c. for Shoulders, Clear Rib and Clear Sides. LARD offered at 18c.; no inquiry. GOLD, 134.

LOUISVILLE, Friday, April 30.

TOBACCO—Sales 109 hhds.; Common Lugs, $4 30@$5; Manufacturing Leaf, $14 50. Mess PORK, $31 25. BACON—Shoulders, 13⅝c.; Clear Rib Sides, 16¾c.@17c.; Clear Sides, 17¼c.@17½c. Bulk MEATS—Shoulders, 12¼c.; Clear Sides, 16½c.@16¾c. Superfine FLOUR, $5 25@$5 50. WHEAT, $1 40@$1 45. CORN, 66c.@68c. OATS, 68c.@70c. COTTON, 26c.@26½c. WHISKY, 91c.

BALTIMORE, Friday, April 30.

COTTON quiet and steady; Middlings nominally at 28c. FLOUR quiet and steady. WHEAT dull; Prime Valley Red, $2 15. CORN firm; White, $1 80@$1 81; Yellow, $1 82@$1 84. OATS dull at 78c. for heavy, 70c.@72c. for light. RYE—Western at $1 45. Mess PORK quiet at $31 75@$32. BACON quiet; Rib Sides, 16¾c.; Clear Sides, 17½c.; Shoulders, 14¼c. HAMS, 20c.@21c. LARD firm at 19½c. WHISKY quiet and firm at 92c.@93c.

MEMPHIS, Friday, April 30.

COTTON firmer; Low Middlings, 26⅛c.@26½c.; receipts, 250 bales; exports, 100 bales; receipts of the week, 2,000 bales; exports, 3,800 bales; stock, 17,000 bales. FLOUR dull and unchanged. CORN, 75c. OATS, 70c.@71c. Mess PORK, $32. LARD, 18½c.@20c. BACON firm at 14c.@17½c. Bulk MEATS dull at 12¾c.@16½c.

TOLEDO, Friday, April 30.

FLOUR dull and unchanged. WHEAT active at a decline; Amber, $1 42½@$1 43; No. 1 Red, $1 43; White Michigan, $1 43. CORN easier and active; No. 1, 65c.; No. 2, 62½c. OATS firmer at 69½c. for Michigan. RYE quiet. BARLEY dull. RECEIPTS—2,600 bbls. Flour, 6,550 bushels Wheat, 5,500 bushels Corn, 2,600 bushels Oats. SHIPMENTS—2,000 bbls. Flour, 4,500 bushels Wheat, 15,000 bushels Corn, 5,000 bushels Oats.

MILWAUKEE, Friday, April 30.

FLOUR quiet and unchanged. WHEAT unsettled; No. 1, $1 15; No. 2, $1 09. CORN quiet and steady; rejected New, 55c. RYE steady; No. 1, $1 14@$1 15. BARLEY nominal. RECEIPTS—3,000 bbls. Flour, 30,000 bushels Wheat, 4,000 bushels Oats. SHIPMENTS—2,000 bbls. Flour, 100,000 bushels Wheat.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Friday, April 30.

COTTON—Net receipts of the week, 1,954 bales; coastwise, 2 bales; total, 1,956 bales; exports to Great Britain, 476 bales; to other foreign ports, none; coastwise, 1,198 bales; stock on hand, 10,925 bales; demand good; Middlings, 27¼c.; Sea Island, 60c.@$1; sales of the week, 1,660 bales; to-day, 650 bales; receipts, 317 bales.

MOBILE, Ala., Friday, April 30.

COTTON—Receipts of the week, 2,665 bales; exports, to Great Britain, none; to other foreign ports, 253 bales; coastwise, 1,273 bales. Stock on hand, 38,-636 bales. Sales of the week, 3,250 bales; to-day, 800 bales. Low Middlings, 26¼c.@26½c. The market is firm; receipts, 247 bales; exports, 253 bales.

NORFOLK, Va., Friday, April 30.

COTTON—Net receipts of the week, 1,826 bales; exports, coastwise, 1,522 bales; stock on hand and on shipboard, not cleared, 1,926 bales. The market is quiet; Low Middlings, 26½c. Sales of the week, 272 bales.

OSWEGO, Friday, April 30.

FLOUR is in fair demand; sales 1,000 bbls. at $6 50 for No. 1 Spring; $7@$7 25 for Amber Winter; $8 for White, and $9 for Double Extra. WHEAT dull; sales 3,000 bushels No. 1 Milwaukee Club, $1 40. CORN scarce, and selling in car lots at 90c. OATS, 70c. for Western.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Friday, April 30.

COTTON—Receipts of the week, 53 bales; exports, coastwise, 212 bales; stock on hand, in store and on shipboard, 125 bales. The market is quiet; no sales to-day; sales of the week, 25 bales. Spirits TURPENTINE firm at 41½c. RESIN steady at $1 85@$1 92½. Crude TURPENTINE steady; prices unchanged. TAR, $2 40.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Friday, April 30.

COTTON—Net receipts of the week, 3,963 bales; coastwise, 27 bales; total, 3,990 bales. Exports to Great Britain, 9,750 bales; coastwise, 2,797 bales; to other foreign ports, none. Stock on hand—1,226 bales Sea Island, 17,700 bales Uplands. The market is firm; Middlings, 27⅛c.; sales of the week, 276 bales; sales to-day, 500 bales; receipts, 646 bales.

BOSTON, Friday, April 30.

COTTON—Net receipts of the week, (none coastwise,) 1,990 bales; exports to Great Britain, 40 bales; coastwise none; stock on hand, 16,000 bales.

BALTIMORE, Friday, April 30.

COTTON—Net receipts of the week, 1,490 bales; coastwise, 570 bales; total, 2,060 bales; stock on hand, 6,272 bales.

DETROIT, Friday, April 30.

FLOUR dull and firm; White Wheat, $6 50@$7; Fancy, $8. WHEAT firm; Extra Winter White, $1 75; No. 1, $1 60; No. 2, $1 37. OATS active at 65c.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Friday, April 30.

The COTTON market is firmer; sales, 260 bales; receipts, 170 bales; Middlings, 26¼c.

Philadelphia Stock Board.

PHILADELPHIA, Friday, April 30.

Stocks strong; Pennsylvania State Fives, 106⅛; Philadelphia and Erie Railroad, 28⅝; Reading Railroad, 48⅛; Pennsylvania Railroad, 59⅝. Gold, 134⅛.

Weather Report.

NEW-YORK, Friday, April 30—9 A. M.

Place.	Wind.	Weather.	Ther.
Plaister Cove	N. W.	Cloudy	41
Halifax	E.	Clear	42
Portland	N. E.	Clear	43
Boston	E.	Clear	46
New-York	N. W.	Clear	52
Philadelphia	E.	Clear	48
Wilmington, Del.	N. W.	Clear	50
Washington	N. E.	Cloudy	60
Fortress Monroe	N. E.	Cloudy	52
Richmond	E.	Cloudy	50
Augusta, Ga.	N. E.	Raining	79
Charleston	S. S. W.	Raining	76
Savannah	S. W.	Cloudy	75
Oswego	W.	Clear	42
Buffalo	S.	Clear	42
Pittsburg	—	Clear	53
Chicago	S. E.	Cloudy	46
Louisville	N. W.	Cloudy	65
Mobile	S. W.	Raining	72
New-Orleans	S. E.	Showery	76
Key West	—	Clear	81
Havana	—	Clear	80

[Advertisement.]

Mr. GILBERT, of Rye Neck, murdered while sleeping in his store to protect it from burglars, had his premises been properly protected with the Burlar Alarm Telegraph, he would have been warned in time to defend himself and property from the murderer. E. HOLMES.

Office removed to No. 7 Murray-st., two doors from Broadway.

[Advertisement.]

Had we a King or an Emperor, as perhaps we may have at some future day, one would read over the door at No. 212 Broadway, "KNOX, Hatter to His Majesty." This is as certain as that "majesties" of both sexes like to wear the best and most stylish head gear. As it is, KNOX crowns Republican heads as no hatter can—they 'aven't the 'ats, you know.

[Advertisement.]

THE WORLD-RENOWNED CARPET STORE, No. 99 BOWERY.—Great bargains in English body and tapestry Brussels, three-ply and ingrain carpets, mattings, floor oil-cloths, &c. Don't fail to call on HIRAM ANDERSON, No. 99 Bowery.

Movements of Ocean Steamers.

FROM EUROPE.

Hermann..........April 17..Bremen......New-York.

FOR EUROPE.

City of Paris......May 1..New-York......Liverpool.
City of Limerick..May 1..New-York......Antwerp.
Gulding Star......May 1..New-York...Copenhagen.
Pereire...............May 1..New-York............Havre.

FOR HAVANA AND ASPINWALL.

Arizona..........May 1..New-York......Aspinwall.
Bienville..........May 1..New-York.........Havana.

Departure of Foreign Mails.

SATURDAY.

Mails For France, *via* Havre and Brest, by the *Pereire*, close at the General Post Office at 8 A. M.

Mails for Havana and the West Indies, by the *Bienville*, close at 2 P. M.

Mails for North Pacific, Central America, &c., by the *Arizona*, close at 10:30 A. M.

Mails for Europe, *via* Liverpool, by the *City of Paris*, close at 8 A. M. Supplementary mail for *paid* letters on Pier No. 45 North River to 9:30 A. M.

Closing of Domestic Mails.

North, Poughkeepsie Way	5 A. M.; 4 P. M.
North, through *via* H. R. R. R. and New-York Central	5 A. M.; 4, 9:15 P. M.
North Way, *via* Harlem R. R., Chatham Four Corners	5 A. M.
East, *via* New-Haven	5 A. M.; 1:30, 6 P. M.
East, *via* Newport	4 P. M.
East, New-Haven Way	5 A. M.; 2:20 P. M.
East, Fall River, rail	6 P. M.
South, Through	5 A. M.; 7:30 P. M.
Philadelphia Way	5 A. M.; 4:30 P. M.
West Mail, through to Harrisburg, Pittsburg, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Louisville, Indianapolis, Columbus, Chicago, St. Paul, St. Joseph, Salt Lake and Denver	7 A. M.; 6:30 P. M.
West Mail, through to Cleveland, Toledo, and by A. & G. Western R. R. to Franklin and Meadville, Penn., &c.	5 A. M.; 4 P. M.

Passengers Arrived.

APRIL 30.—*In steamship Siberia, from Liverpool*—James Corkill, Mr. Holroyde, William Gardner, Miss Kate Cullinane, Miss M. Cullinane, Miss Delia Lynch, Sister Mary Augustine Whelan, Sister Mary Patricia Waldron, Mrs. and Miss Penson, Mr. Fraser, Mr. Cayley, John Radcliffe, Mr. and Miss McMurray, L. D. Marcus, Miss Fanny Dyas, Miss Mary Dyas, Miss Elistra Dyas, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Luard, John Emery, H. A. Rice, Rev. Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Walbridge, Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Reeve, Miss Tierney, Miss O'Flaherty, Miss Grace, Miss Redmond, Mrs. Pelditch and infant, Mrs. Curner and child, Ambrose Sutton, John G. Bew, James A. Jaques, John W. Benzon.

April 30—In steamship Bremen, from Bremen—John Lange and wife, Adolphine Linder, Gebur Andressen, Philip Bonn and wife, L. U. Linder, Albert Frank, Rudolph Calmeyer, Michael Walter, G. Bode, Ernst Schneider, Theodore Shultz and family, Walther Zielke, Freidr Freise and family, Herm Weber, Marie Kayser.

APRIL 30.—*In steamship Denmark, from Liverpool*—Mr. and Mrs. Price, C. Price, J. Price, Mr. Lister, Mrs. Lister and 2 children, Mrs. Thomas, Miss M. Thomas, Mrs. A. Hern, Mrs. Dalischeld, Mr. Addell, Mrs. Abott, Wm. Carter, Wm. H. Thomson, W. Greenwood, R. Godly, L. Saurrisern, J. Witchurel, Mrs. Witchurel, A. H. Green, J. Livingston, F. D. Wylie, Mrs. Cauddell and son.

NEWS PACKAGES FOR THE PRESS.

Captains and pursers of vessels arriving at this port are requested to deliver packages addressed to the New-York Associated Press, only to parties exhibiting the written authority of J. W. Simonton, General Agent.

News packages for the *Journal of Commerce, Times, Tribune, World, Sun, Express, Evening Post, Commercial Advertiser, Staats Zeitung, New-Yorker Journal* and *New-Yorker Demokrat*, should also be delivered only to the same parties.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises..... 4 59 | Sun sets...... 6 56 | Moon rises.12 05

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook.11 36 | Gov. Island.12 25 | Hell Gate.. 1 47

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....FRIDAY, April 30.

Cleared.

Steamships Arago, Hilton, St. Thomas, N. R. Grace; Louisiana, (Br.,) Thompson, Liverpool, National Steamship Co.; Pereire, (Fr.,) Duchesne, Havre, G. Mackenzie; City of Paris, (Br.,) Kennedy, Liverpool, J. G. Dale.

Ships Pactolus, Tobey, San Francisco, G. D. Sutton; Bridgewater, Sisson, San Francisco, Sutton & Co.; Arlington, (Br.,) Newcomb, St. John, N. B., Boyd & Hincken; Antarctic, (Br.,) McStoker, Liverpool, Tapscott Bros.

Barks Thomas, (Br.,) Ayres, Sagua, J. Cummins; Brothers' Pride, (Br.,) Smith, St. John, N. B., Heney & Parker; Casilda, (N. G.,) Jolie, Trinidad, Cuba, Oelrichs & Co.

Brigs Saxon, (Br.,) Green, Harbor Grace, R. R. Currie; Josie, Pettigrew, Falmouth and Kingston, A. H. Solomon & Co.; A. Bradshaw, Leeds, Jacksonville; Bertha, (N. G.,) Wagners, Hamburg, Funch, Meincke & Co.; Emily, (Br.,) Densmore, Pictou, J. F. Whitney & Co.; Lucida, (Br.,) Bissett, Sackville, N. S., P. I. Nevins & Co.; Acrolite, (Br.,) McDonald, Pictou, Heney & Parker.

Schooners W. H. Mitchell, Cole, Philadelphia, Snow & Richardson; M. Nichols, Small, Philadelphia, Snow & Richardson; D. H. Bisbee, Gilkey, Harbor Island, H. W. Loud & Co.; Hartstene, Teller, St. John, N. B., Thomas Dunham's Nephew & Co.; H. E. Dodge, Freeman, Barbados, Hy. Trowbridge's Sons.

Arrived.

U. S. steamship Frolic, Commander D. B. Narmarry, from Lisbon March 22, touching at Porto Grande, Cape de Verdes, Barbadoes and St. Thomas, 6 ds. from latter port. Had beautiful weather.

Steamship Siberia, (Br.,) Martyn, Liverpool April 17, via Queenstown 18th, with mdse and 283 passengers to E. Cunard. April 18, at 11 P. M., 12 miles W. of Fastnet, exchanged signals with an Inman steamer bound E.; 23d, lat. 45, lon. 31 10, passed steamship Samaria, hence for Liverpool. 29th, at 5 P. M., passed steamship Manhattan, do. for do. 30th, at 2 A. M., exchanged signals with a North German Lloyds steamer and steamship Tripoli, bound E.

Steamship Denmark, (Br.,) Cato, Liverpool April 14, via Queenstown 15th, with mdse. and 1,108 passengers to National Steamship Co. Had westerly winds the entire passage. April 23, lat. 41 35, lon. 52 26, passed steamship France, hence for Liverpool.

Steamship Albemarle, Couch, Richmond, City Point and Norfolk, with mdse. and passengers to Old Dominion Steamship Co.

Steamship Louisa Moore, Wallace, Newbern, N. C., 50 hours, with naval stores, &c., to Murray, Ferris & Co.

Steamship Rebecca Clyde, Chichester, Wilmington, N. C., with naval stores and passengers to Jas. Hand.

Steamship Fanita, Freeman, Philadelphia, with mdse. and passengers to J. Lorillard.

Ship Jupiter, (Norw.,) Josephson, London 44 ds., with mdse. to Thomas Dunham's Nephew & Co. Experienced strong variable winds during the passage.

Bark Charlotte, (N. G.,) Petersen, Algoa Bay, Cape of Good Hope, 65 ds., with wool to Schepeler & Co. Passed St. Helena March 11, crossed the equator March 30, in lon. 38. Has had light variable winds.

Brig Rachel Coney, (of Bangor,) Coney, Cienfuegos 19 ds., with sugar to Miller & Houghton. Sld. in co. with bark Chasta, for Philadelphia, and parted with her April 25, off Cape Hatteras. April 25, at midnight, had a gale from N. E.; shipped a sea, and washed overboard Thomas Coney, chief mate, a native of Bangor, aged 29 years, who was drowned.

Brig Bertha, (N. G.,) Groninger, Rio Janeiro 42 ds., with coffee to Dymond & Lally. Crossed the equator April 4, in lon. 39.

Brig Oscar, (Swed.,) Alm, Rio Janeiro 38 ds., with coffee to Rodocanachi & Franghiadi. Crossed the equator April 6, in lon. 35, and has had fine weather.

Schr. Nor'wester, (of Gloucester,) Foster, Baracoa 9 ds., with fruit to J. & T. Pearsall—vessel to B. J. Wenberg.

Schr. A. G. Hazard, Samuels, Elizabethport, for New-London.

Schr. E. M. Wells, Kelsey, Port Johnson, for Hartford.

Schr. E. Flower, Russell, Port Johnson, for New-Haven.

Schr. Silas Wright, Mahan, Elizabethport, for Providence.

Schr. R. M. Huntley, Hutchinson, Rondout, for Norwich.

Schr. John Hicky, Hulse, Elizabethport, for Middletown.

Schr. Belle Seaman, Seaman, Port Johnson, for New-London.

Schr. Alice Oakes, Marston, Elizabethport, for Dighton.

Schr. Anna Gardiner, Noles, Elizabethport, for Newburyport.

Schr. Almon Bacon, Crosby, Rondout, for Providence.

Schr. Tryphenia, Nickerson, Rondout, for Providence.

Schr. Azelda & Laura, (of Georgetown,) McIndoe, Baracoa 9 ds., with fruit to James Douglass.

Schr. R. W. Brown, Orton, Wilmington, N. C., 6 ds., with naval stores to Jonas Smith & Co.

Schr. Ponvert, Pendleton, Machias, with lumber to Simpson & Clapp.

Schr. Julia & Martha, Dix, Calais, with lumber to G. Boardman.

Schr. Fred. Warren, Robinson, Bridgeport.
Schr. Chief, Smith, Rondout, for Norwich.
Schr. Marian, Baker, Troy, for Fall River.
Schr. J. S. Lane, Hand, Albany, for Fall River.
Schr. Belle, Elliott, Port Johnson, for New-Haven.
Schr. Pearl, Brown, Elizabethport, for Salem.
Schr. G. G. Huntington, Jones, Rondout, for Boston.
Schr. Spray, Scull, Virginia.
Schr. R. E. Steelman, Ingersoll, Virginia.
Schr. Mary Eliza, Handy, Rondout, for Providence.
Schr. Seneca, Dedridge, Rondout, for Providence.
Schr. Mary A. Ivins, Bodine, Virginia.
Schr. War Eagle, Crowell, New-Bedford.
Schr. M. Langdon, Pinkham, Providence.
Schr. Wave, Hubbard, Providence.
Schr. Golden Rule, Grover, Stonington.
Schr. Ida Hudson, Greeley, Rockland.
Schr. Ira Bliss, Hudson, Providence.
Schr. L. Jane, Conklin, Providence.
Schr. F. F. Randolph, Steelman, Bristol.
Schr. Ney, Chase, Somerset.
Schr. Phil Sheridan, Murphy, Fall River.
Schr. Algoma, Smith, Bristol.

SAILED—Ships Liverpool, for London; Asia, for Bremen via Philadelphia.

WIND—At sunset, S., hazy.

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, April 30—Arr. steamer Nereus, from New-York; ship Berkeley Castle, from Calcutta.

CHARLESTON, April 30—Arr. brigs Birchard and Torry, from Portsmouth, N. H.; schr. Argus Eye, from New-York.

FORTRESS MONROE, April 30—Arr. U. S. steamer Galena, Commander Breese, from Portsmouth, N. H.

Passed in for Baltimore—Brig Alpha, from Porto Rico; schr. Webster Barnard, from Ponce.

Passed in for Norfolk—Bark Provincetown, from New-York.

In the Roads—Bark John Boulton, from Baltimore for New-York.

SAVANNAH, Ga., April 30—Cld. schrs. Minnie, for New-York; Emma F. Hart, for Darien; bark Nellie May, for New-York.

Miscellaneous.

The steamship Bremen, (N. G.,) List, from Bremen April 14, and Havre 17th, at 1:20 P. M., which arrived off Sandy Hook 29th, at 10:40 P. M., reports experienced strong westerly winds and high seas during the whole passage. The Bremen went ashore while in charge of a pilot at 11 P. M. on the east edge of Romer Shoal, but got off again this morning, (30th,) at high water, with the aid of steamtugs.

EUROPEAN MARINE NEWS.

Arrivals Out.

QUEENSTOWN, April 30.—The Cunard steamship Java, Captain Macaulay, from New-York April 21, arrived at 1 o'clock P. M., and sailed this evening for Liverpool.

REMOVAL.

V. J. MAGNIN, GUEDIN & CO.

beg to announce that they have removed their place of business from No. 2 *Maiden-lane* to

652 BROADWAY

(between Bleecker and Bond sts., and offer, from their Spring importations, a complete and elegant assortment of their specialties in

WATCHES,
HORSE-TIMERS,
JEWELRY,
CLOCKS, BRONZES,
MUSICAL BOXES AND
FANCY GOODS.
SOLE AGENTS FOR THE
NARDIN WATCH.

STORAGE.

We are prepared to take for safe-keeping in our burglar and fire-proof vaults, for the Summer, or longer period, giving guarantee against loss in any way, articles of Silver, Jewelry, Furs, India Shawls, &c. Articles called for and delivered without extra charge.

BALL, BLACK & CO.,
NOS. 565 AND 567 BROADWAY.

SAPOLIO.

HOME
Insurance Company
OF NEW-YORK,
OFFICE, NO. 135 BROADWAY.

CASH CAPITAL............$2,000,000 00
ASSETS, 1ST JAN., 1869....3,966,282 30
LIABILITIES..............106,837 48

A deduction allowed on all City risks equal to the Brokerage usually paid, which will in all cases be deducted upon the face of the policy.

POLICIES ISSUED PAYABLE IN GOLD, IF DESIRED.

CHARLES J. MARTIN, President.
A. F. WILLMARTH, Vice-President.
D. A. HEALD, 2d Vice-President.
J. H. WASHBURN, Secretary.
GEO. M. LYON, Ass't Secretary.
T. B. GREENE, 2d Ass't Secretary.

GAS FIXTURES.

ELEGANT STYLES, SUPERIOR QUALITY, AND AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.
McLEWEE & PUTNAM,
NO. 561 BROADWAY.

THOS. R. AGNEW,
No. 260 GREENWICH-ST., NEW-YORK,
is offering daily, cheap for cash, in quantities to suit everybody, teas, coffees, sugars, spices, syrups, molasses, butter, cheese, lard, hams, mackerel, foreign fruits, flour, choicest brands in market. One price house.

REMOVAL!

FREEMAN & BURR

CLOTHING
WAREHOUSES

REMOVED TO 138 AND 140 FULTON-ST.

FREEMAN & BURR TAKE PLEASURE in informing their patrons and the public generally of their removal to the above large, commodious marble stores, a step absolutely necessary to the largely increased business. The warerooms here embrace more than 5,000 square feet, equaling, if not excelling, any others in this City.

FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED —Open with a large stock of fine clothing.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED to Nos. 138 and 140 Fulton-st.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED —Spring overcoats in great variety.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED to Nos. 138 and 140 Fulton-st.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED —Spring overcoats from $6 to $25.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED to Nos. 138 and 140 Fulton-st.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED —Spring overcoats in waterproof.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED to Nos. 138 and 140 Fulton-st.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED —Spring overcoats of Cassimer.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED to Nos. 138 and 140 Fulton-st.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED —Spring Overcoats of Tweeds.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED to Nos. 138 and 140 Fulton-st.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED —Spring Overcoats of Tweeds.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED to Nos. 138 and 140 Fulton-st.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED —Spring Overcoats of Melton.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED to Nos. 138 and 140 Fulton-st.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED —Spring Overcoats.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED to Nos. 138 and 140 Fulton-st.

FREEMAN & BURR DESIRE TO express their sincere thanks for the kind patronage and liberal support that they have received, and beg to assure all that no effort will be spared to give every satisfaction in future.

FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED to Nos. 138 and 140 Fulton-st.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED —Their Stock of Spring Goods is unparalleled.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED to Nos. 138 and 140 Fulton-st.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED —Spring Suits from $12 to $30.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED to Nos. 138 and 140 Fulton-st.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED —Spring Suits of Scotch Tweeds.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED to Nos. 138 and 140 Fulton-st.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED —Spring Suits of Thin Cassimer.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED to Nos. 138 and 140 Fulton-st.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED —Spring Suits of Silk Mixtures.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED to Nos. 138 and 140 Fulton-st.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED —Spring Suits of Melton.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED to Nos. 138 and 140 Fulton-st.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED —Spring Suits of Flannels.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED to Nos. 138 and 140 Fulton-st.

FREEMAN & BURR'S STOCK, MADE up for immediate use for both Men and Boys, is of such extent and variety that but little time is required to make a satisfactory selection; or, if preferred, any garment can be made to measure at a few hours' notice. The finest fabrics, Cloths, Cassimers, Coatings, Vestings, &c., always kept in stock in the piece.

FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED to Nos. 138 and 140 Fulton-st.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED —Gentlemen's Dress Suits.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED to Nos. 138 and 140 Fulton-st.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED —Gentlemen's Walking Suits.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED to Nos. 138 and 140 Fulton-st.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED —Gentlemen's Evening Suits.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED to Nos. 138 and 140 Fulton-st.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED —Gentlemen's Business Suits.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED to Nos. 138 and 140 Fulton-st.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED —Gentlemen's Hunting Suits.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED to Nos. 138 and 140 Fulton-st.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED —Velocipede Suits from $15 to $20.

FREEMAN & BURR HAVE GIVEN Boys' and Youths' Clothing especial attention. The most useful and becoming styles will always be found in the stock.

FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED to Nos. 138 and 140 Fulton-st.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED —Suits for Boys from 3 to 15 years.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED to Nos. 138 and 140 Fulton-st.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED —Boys' Suits for $6 to $12.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED to Nos. 138 and 140 Fulton-st.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED —Boys' Home and School Suits.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED to Nos. 138 and 140 Fulton-st.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED —Boys' Dress and Walking Suits.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED to Nos. 138 and 140 Fulton-st.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED —Boys' Braided and Embroidered Suits.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED to Nos. 138 and 140 Fulton-st.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED —Bismarck and Garibaldi Suits.

FREEMAN & BURR.—UNPARALLELED success is due to their thorough system of business. The Cash purchase is the basis. One Price to all. They act upon the strictest principle of equity in every transaction, and all dealing with them may rely upon receiving the utmost obtainable value for their money.

FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED to Nos. 138 and 140 Fulton-st.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED —Furnishing Goods, Shirts, Drawers, &c.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED to Nos. 138 and 140 Fulton-st.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED —Furnishing Goods, Underwear of all kinds.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED to Nos. 138 and 140 Fulton-st.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED —Furnishing Goods, Handkerchiefs, Ties.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED to Nos. 138 and 140 Fulton-st.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED —Furnishing Goods, Collars, Cuffs, of paper and linen

BY FREEMAN & BURR'S NEW RULES for Self-measurement gentlemen in all parts of the country are ordering Clothing direct from them with entire satisfaction. Perfect fitting guaranteed in all cases. Rules for Self-measurement, Prices and Samples of goods mailed free on application.

FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED to Nos. 138 and 140 Fulton-st.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED —Rules for Self-Measure mailed free.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED to Nos. 138 and 140 Fulton-st.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED —Price List mailed free.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED to Nos. 138 and 140 Fulton-st.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED —Samples of Goods mailed free.
FREEMAN & BURR HAVE REMOVED to Nos. 138 and 140 Fulton-st.

TIFFANY & CO.,
SILVERSMITHS,
NOS. 550 AND 552 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK,
Having their own factory, are prepared to manufacture
PRESENTATION, YACHTING, RACING AND SPECIAL ARTICLES IN SOLID SILVER,
FROM ORIGINAL AND FRESH DESIGNS.
TIFFANY & CO. are in daily receipt of new styles of household silver,
FORKS,
SPOONS,
FANCY ARTICLES,
WEDDING PRESENTS,
TEA SERVICES AND COMPLETE
DESSERT AND DINNER SETS.

SAPOLIO.

BROOKS BROS.,
SOUTH UNION-SQUARE.
Youths' and Boys' Clothing,
READY-MADE AND MADE TO ORDER.
A CHOICE SELECTION OF MATERIALS.
PRICES MODERATE.

Great Reduction in Prices.
CHICKERING & SONS'
GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT PIANOS.

We this day issue a NEW CATALOGUE, in which we print our VERY LOWEST PRICES, and from which we make no DISCOUNTS OR DEVIATION whatever.

Our object is to furnish to our Patrons THE VERY BEST PIANOS which can be manufactured, and at the VERY LOWEST PRICES which will yield us a fair remuneration.

Rosewood 7-octave Square Pianos,
Agraffe Bridge, Carved Legs,
and all Modern Improvements,
at Prices from $475 to $600.

It will be our aim, as it has been during the past FORTY-SEVEN YEARS, to make the VERY BEST POSSIBLE INSTRUMENTS in every respect. Our rules are: NEVER TO SACRIFICE QUALITY OF WORK DONE TO ECONOMY OF MANUFACTURE.

Rosewood 7 1-3-octave Grand Pianos:
from our latest and best scales,
from $1,050 to $1,300.

OUR PRICES are set as LOW as they possibly can be to insure the MOST PERFECT WORKMANSHIP, and the VERY BEST QUALITY OF MATERIALS used in every branch of the business.

EVERY PIANO MADE BY US IS FULLY WARRANTED, and satisfaction guaranteed to the purchaser.

CHICKERING & SONS,
11 East 14th-st., New-York. 246 Washington-st., Boston.

TOWNSEND & KING,
IMPORTERS,
Nos. 79 and 81 Worth-st.,
OFFER TO THE TRADE THE BEST MAKE OF
BLACK ALPACAS
IMPORTED TO THIS COUNTRY.

AITKEN & MILLER
Having removed to their new store,
Broadway, Cor. 18th-st.,
ARE NOW PREPARED TO SHOW A NEW AND COMPLETE STOCK OF
RIBBONS, FLOWERS,
STRAW HATS, LACES,
EMBROIDERIES,
DRESS TRIMMINGS, &c.

THE SUBSCRIBERS
Beg to inform their patrons and the public generally that they have removed their
CLOTHING HOUSE
TO SOUTH UNION-SQUARE,
where they will continue to keep a full assortment of goods for Gentlemen's Dress.
BROOKS BROTHERS,
(LATE OF BROADWAY.)

OLD CLUB-HOUSE WHISKEY.
WARRANTED PURE AND SOFTENED BY AGE ONLY. CONNOISSEURS AND INVALIDS SHOULD TEST THIS WHISKEY.
MACY & JENKINS,
NO. 67 LIBERTY-ST.

WHERE?
WHERE SHOULD YOU GO FOR YOUR
HOUSE FURNISHING,
China, Glass, Silver-plated Ware, Table Cutlery, Cooking Utensils, Refrigerators, &c.,
BUT TO
BASSFORD'S,
COOPER INSTITUTE?
THE BEST PLACE IN NEW-YORK TO GO.
EVERYBODY GOES THERE.

SAPOLIO.

TO HOUSEKEEPERS.
Examine the stock of
FRENCH CHINA
DINNER AND TEA SETS,
CROCKERY, CUT AND PRESSED GLASSWARE
offered at
POPULAR PRICES.
McLEWEE & PUTNAM,
No. 561 Broadway.

BEEBES RANGES
The best cooking apparatus for family use; durable, economical, and sure bakers. Made, put up and warranted by JANES, KIRTLAND & CO.,
Corner Reade, Centre and Elm sts.

OFFICIAL DRAWINGS.
KENTUCKY—EXTRA CLASS No. 303, April 30, 1869.
67, 23, 51, 48, 15, 70, 75, 65, 26, 41, 8, 47.
KENTUCKY—CLASS No. 304, April 30, 1869.
41, 11, 12, 60, 50, 8, 69, 46, 66, 44, 52, 51.
MISSOURI—EXTRA CLASS No. 227, April 30, 1869.
39, 65, 59, 56, 60, 8, 27, 28, 13, 16, 57, 68.
MISSOURI—CLASS No. 228, April 30, 1869.
59, 40, 3, 71, 7, 46, 74, 35, 14, 65, 41, 47.
Prizes cashed in Royal Havana and the above lotteries. Circulars sent free. Information furnished.
JOSEPH BATES, No. 78 Broadway.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY OF CUBA.—Prizes paid in gold, information furnished, highest rates paid for doubloons, and all kinds of gold and silver. TAYLOR & CO., bankers, No. 16 Wall-st., New-York.